

THE MONROE ENQUIRER.

PUBLISHED BY
William C. Wolfe,
Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
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Vance, Adams & Payne,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
MONROE, N. C.
Will practice in the State and Federal Courts.
Collections a specialty.
Office in the Court House.
Oct. 13, 1875-21-ly.

C. M. T. McCauley,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
And Solicitor in Bankruptcy,
MONROE, N. C.
Resides in the Superior and Supreme Courts of this State, and the Federal Courts.

D. A. Covington,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
MONROE, N. C.
Will practice in all the Courts of this and adjoining counties. Special attention given to the collection of claims, and all business entrusted to his care promptly executed. Office in the Court House.

R. M. Robinson,
FASHIONABLE TAILOR,
MONROE, N. C.
All work cut and made warranted to fit. Cleaning and repairing done at short notice. Latest Styles of Fashion Plates always on hand.
Cutting for the Country a Specialty.
Prides taken in Exchange for Work. Orders from a distance promptly filled.
Room in J. P. McGinnis' Boarding House.

W. M. Crowell,
Commission Merchant,
AND DEALER IN
Groceries, Tobacco, Cigars,
AND ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY
PRODUCE,
Charlotte, N. C.
Solicits consignments of Tobacco, Grain and Produce.
Feb. 7-36-ly.

THE BIG WATCH
SPECTACLES,
JEWELRY, &c.
HAS BEEN MOVED.
I take pleasure in announcing to my friends and customers, that I have moved, and now occupy a room next door to Smith's Drug Store, where I have an extensive stock of
Watches, Clocks and
JEWELRY.
Repairing faithfully done.
HORACE SMITH.
April 19th 1876. 45-ly.

MONROE HIGH SCHOOL,
MALE AND
FEMALE
Next Session begins January 10th, 1876. Building new, large and well adapted. Health provisions. Pupils prepared for any College or University. Board, \$10 per term of 20 weeks. Tuition \$15 to \$30.
For circular giving further particulars, address
J. D. HODGES, Principal.
Dec. 3, '75. 24-ly.

DENTISTRY.
B. S. TRAYWICK,
OPERATIVE & MECHANICAL DENTIST
MONROE, N. C.
Having located permanently in Monroe, he is prepared, at his office in that place, to perform all operations pertaining to the profession, whether upon natural or artificial teeth.
Office in rooms over People's Drug Store.
Jan. 17 33-ly.

SEND 25c. to Geo. P. Rowell & Co., New York, for Book (97th edition) containing lists of 2000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising.

The Monroe Enquirer.

VOL. III. MONROE, N. C., MONDAY, APRIL 24, 1876. NO. 47.

FOR RENT.
For the balance of the year, a desirable one-story Dwelling, situated in a pleasant neighborhood, near enough to business portion of town. A splendid well on the lot, with garden, out-house, &c. Will be rented at low rates. Apply to
W. W. BLAKENEY.
April 3-44-ly.

NOTICE.
The public are hereby warned against trading for a certain note given by me to Lee Parker, or Fifty Dollars, dated in the Spring of 1875, as the conditions for which the said note was given have not been fulfilled.
ZACHARIAH SMITH.
April 3-44-ly.

RAGS WANTED.
Cash paid for Rags along the line of C. C. Railway—Lincolnton or Charlotte.
TIDDY & BRO., Agts.
Charlotte, N. C.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.
A FULL STOCK ON HAND FOR SALE
Cheap for CASH.
TIDDY & BRO., Agts.
Charlotte, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED A FRESH SUPPLY OF
PRIME RIO COFFEE,
GREEN AND ROASTED.
New Orleans Molasses,
"A." SUGAR.

Pearl Hominy, Cream Cheese,
CANNED FRUITS,
PLAIN AND FRENCH CANDIES,
Jellies, Raisins,
FIGS, ORANGES,
Fine Northern Apples,
MOUNTAIN HONEY, &c., &c.
All of which we sell at lowest cash prices. Bread and Cakes and a well-selected Stock of Crackers always on hand.
C. E. WOLFE.
Feb. 4-36-ly.

Wanted—Business Men,
To engage in the sale of a Business Book.
PROF. PARSONS' NEW LAW BOOK.
THE PERSONAL AND PROPERTY RIGHTS
OF A CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES;
How to Exercise and How to Preserve them.
THE WORK IS ESSENTIAL TO
Every Voter in the Union; to every Tax Payer and Magistrate; to every Man who Buys, Sells, or Exchanges property; to every Justice of the Peace, Sheriff, Commissioner, or Selectman; to every Landlord and every Tenant; to every Notary, Clerk, or Book-keeper; to every Executor, Heir-at-Law, or Legatee; to every Man who Receives or Pays Interest; to every one who has Property to take care of, or business to transact, Civil Duties to perform, or Rights to maintain.
Send for Circulars, giving Terms, etc.
S. S. SCRANTON & CO.,
Hartford, Conn. 43-ly.

SOMETHING NEW
FOR THE LADIES
In a few days we will open at our store, one door north of J. D. Stewar's Dry Goods store, a full line of
MILLINERY GOODS,
especially selected for this market.
The ladies are respectfully invited to examine our stock before purchasing their spring Hats and Bonnets.
Miss Dickinson, a first class Milliner, will have charge of this department.
The day of opening will be announced hereafter.
TOWNSEND & CO.
March 27-43-21.

STEAM SAW MILL.
The undersigned has in full operation at Ames' Turn Out, on the C. C. Railway, six miles East of Monroe, a Steam Saw Mill and Sizing Machine, where he is prepared to furnish the public with first-class lumber of any size, Lathes for Plastering, and Shingles of any size, from 1 to 30 inches long. A Cotton Gin is also attached. For prices or other particulars, address
H. W. SIMPSON,
Ames' Turn Out, C. C. R'y.
Feb. 8, 76-37-6m.

The Southern Hotel,
ROCKINGHAM, N. C.
J. G. Smith & C. H. Carr,
PROPRIETORS.
Having taken charge of the Southern Hotel, we are prepared to accommodate the traveling public on good terms.
The table will be supplied with choice food. The rooms are large, comfortable and well furnished.
Porters will meet both night and day trains.
Stables in connection with the Hotel.
SMITH & CARR, Proprietors.
March 27 43-ly.

Miscellaneous.
A. T. STEWART.
BIOGRAPHY OF A SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS MAN.

Alexander T. Stewart was born near the city of Belfast, in Ireland, about the year 1803. He was of Scotch-Irish extraction. Before Mr. Stewart was eight years old both his parents died, and he was left without any near relatives except his maternal grandfather, a man of great piety, by whom a home was provided for the otherwise friendless youth, and the opportunity afforded him of receiving a liberal education. It was the earnest wish of his grandfather that he should become a minister of the Gospel, and with this purpose in view he was at once put upon a course of academic study to prepare him for the university. He always stood high in his class and took his degree at Trinity College, Dublin, before he had reached his twentieth year. While he was at college his grandfather died, and a Quaker friend was appointed his guardian, through whom he obtained letters of introduction from prominent members of the Society of Friends in Ireland to leading merchants of that society in New York City. He landed in New York in 1823, being then scarcely twenty years of age, and for a brief period after his arrival there was employed in teaching. His letters of introduction gave him access to the best society, in which his pleasing address and fine attainments soon made him a favorite. He determined to devote himself to a calling that would be likely to insure better returns than the underpaid occupation to which he first gave his attention, and in connection with an experienced business man he entered upon mercantile pursuits. Where he was to be merely a partner contributing a part of the capital, he soon found himself alone, charged with the responsibility of the whole business. He at once went back to Ireland, converted the fortune he had inherited into money, and invested the whole sum in goods, principally Belfast lace, with which he returned to New York and opened his store. On that opening day an incident occurred which serves to point out one of the secrets of his great success. A clerk, in making a sale to a customer, recommended the articles he was attempting to dispose of beyond their merits, but having been overheard, he was afterward severely reprimanded by Mr. Stewart for saying what was untrue. In after years he sometimes related the incident as illustrating his maxim that the true principle of success is founded upon the basis of truth. His business increased so rapidly that in a few years he had amassed a colossal fortune, and for every year of the nearly half a century that New York has been his home rumor credited him with the acquisition of a million of dollars. His business was very large, and included those of retailer, jobber, importer and manufacturer and it was done upon actual capital, the whole machinery being directed and controlled by the mind that created it. He first did business in Broadway, near Warren street, but he afterward purchased the old Washington Hall, on the site of his "down town" store, and erected in its place the noble building at Chamber street and Broadway. Mr. Stewart's success in business has been the subject of much comment. One of the pleasantest incidents in connection with that success is the story of his generosity in providing a home for his first customer, a lady, who had said to him on the day preceding his opening: "You must not sell anything until I come and make the first purchase that I may bring luck," but but whom he afterward found in a foreign city in indigent circumstances. In 1847, when the Irish people were suffering from famine, Mr. Stewart chartered an American ship, and filling it with American provisions, sent it to Belfast as an American gift to Ireland. But the gift had another meaning. He had carefully ascertained the amount of the fortune he brought with him, with the interest added to it, and considering this a debt to his native country, he resolved to pay it upon so favorable an opportunity. In 1862 he contributed \$10,000 to the relief of the Lancashire operatives. Mr. Stewart was one of the American Representatives at the Paris Exposition of 1867. Previous

to the war he was generally understood to be of Democratic proclivities, but during that struggle he was a strenuous Republican. He was one of the earliest supporters of Grant for the Presidency, was on the electoral ticket in New York State in the campaign in which Grant was first elected, and since the war has been thoroughly identified with the Republican party. Mr. Stewart was nominated as Secretary of the Treasury by President Grant just after the first inauguration of the latter, but the law imposed an insuperable obstacle to his confirmation. The vast fortune which he possesses (estimated by many at as high as fifty millions) is principally invested in real estate. His two marble palaces on Broadway, the Metropolitan and St. Nicholas hotels, New York Theatre, and his magnificent mansion on Fifth avenue, are well known to the public. In addition to these valuable properties, Mr. Stewart is the owner of nearly the whole of Bleeker street, from Broadway to Deane row, the Amity street Baptist church, Grand street Presbyterian church, his residence on Fifth avenue, together with a large number of less noted buildings. He was the largest city real estate owner in the United States, Mr. Astor possibly excepted. When we reflect that the owner of this fortune was a poor school teacher in 1822, it seems almost incredible that such a fortune could have been made by a man's personal exertions in the short space of forty-five years. Mr. Stewart was married many years ago to Miss Chinch, of New York. They have never had children. He lived very plainly and was very simple in his habits. Less is known about his private life than about the private lives of other and less prominent men. Mr. Stewart was a liberal patron of the fine arts. His picture gallery is one of the finest in New York. His latest acquisition was the famous new painting by Meissonier, called the "Charges des Cuirassiers," representing a boy of cavalry charging past Napoleon and his staff, who recognizes the involuntary burst of enthusiasm from the men. This cost Mr. Stewart \$75,000 in gold.

I Made Him What He Was.
A few weeks ago, a saloon-keeper in Dover, Delaware, who patronized his own bar very liberally, stepped into a back room where men were at work about a pump in a well. The covering had been removed, and he approached to look down but being very drunk, he pitched in, head foremost. He had become so much of a blotto, by the use of strong drink, that it was impossible to extricate him in time to save his life.

There was great excitement in the town. Men and women who had never been inside his saloon before, were the first to rush to the rescue, and offer sympathy to the bereaved family. As he was being dragged from the well, and stretched out dead on the saloon floor, a wholesale liquor-dealer from Philadelphia stepped in. After the first shock of thus finding one of his good customers dead, he turned to a prominent lady, a crusader, and said, pointing to the wretched victim "I made that man what he was. I lent him his first dollar, and set him up with his first stock of liquors, and he's now worth \$10,000, or \$15,000."

Looking him full in the face, she responded: "You made that man what he was—a drunkard, a blotto, a stench in the nostrils of society, and sent him headlong to eternity and a drunkard's hell! What is \$15,000 weighed against a lost soul, a wasted life, a wife a widow, and children orphans?"

He turned deadly pale, and without a word left the house.

And so we ask: "What is all the revenue to the millions whose homes are despoiled; whose children are beggared, and whose loved ones are sent headlong to a drunkard's grave and a drunkard's hell? Put yourself in the place of that mother whose son is pursued day and night by this demon till the hairs of his head become serpents, and live coals burn into his flesh to the very bone, and, fighting devils, he leaps out into eternity; and then ask: 'Are my hands clean? Am I doing all I can to stay the tide that is bearing so many down, and may yet bear me down?'"—Christian at Work.

Please don't read any more on this column.

A Mother-in-Law Outgeneraled.
Edward Bird is a nice young married man with splendid long whiskers and has nobody in the family but his young wife and her mother. But they are continually making suggestions to do this and to do that, and so Ed. resolved to carry out the new year by acting at once on every suggestion they made without saying a word. At breakfast the next morning, the mother-in-law complained that the cow didn't give her usual quantity of milk, and the young wife said yes, she might as well be turned out with the calf and driven off for all the good she did. Edward arose immediately and gave orders to the boy to drive off the cow and calf together and leave them ten miles from town if he had to be gone all day. The next idea of Mrs. Bird's was that Edward's whiskers were too long, and she wished to have them cut off that old suit of clothes and put on another—he had but one other suit, a summer white—and in the same breath she declared she could hardly eat breakfast for the smell of the cow-house, and as the mother-in-law chimes in that it did smell awful, the young wife grew more vehement and vowed she wished somebody would blow it up with a keg of powder. Edward Bird left immediately. He marched down town in his suit of summer white clothes, and had his face shaved up as clean as an infant's and in an hour afterwards there was an explosion in the Bird yard that shook the whole town and made the neighbors run from far and near to see what was the matter. There stood Edward dressed in summer white and looking like a ghost, calmly surveying the ruins of the cow-house, and Mrs. Bird and her mother had their heads out of the window screaming, "Bring him in," "Bring him in," "My poor Edward is crazy," and the neighbors surrounded him, but he passively submitted without opening his mouth, and they led him in the house amid the shrieks and lamentations of his wife and mother. He stood like a statue and never spoke a word. Dr. Burke Haywood looked at him and asked, "Well, what does this mean?" and he pointed at the two women and asked: "Doctor, I am simply obeying orders. I resolved this morning to carry out faithfully every suggestion the ladies would make. They wanted the cow and calf driven off. It's done. My whiskers are too long. They are cut. My winter clothes didn't suit. Here I am in summer ones. They wished the cow-house blown up. I did it, and now I am ready to move at a moment's warning on the next suggestion. 'Oh, Edward, here, take the keys,' cried his mother-in-law, and she ran to him and handed him the bunch. 'And here, Edward, take the breeches,' cried the wife with a blub, 'mother and I will never look like wearing them again.' There is not a better regulated family in Raleigh than Edward Bird's."—Raleigh News.

Economy.
This is the way Astors are made: A Munson street man being told that there were several pieces of tin which needed mending, conceived the idea of getting an iron and solder, and doing the mending himself. His wife, filled with vague forebodings perhaps, said that the expense was such a trifle that it would hardly pay to do it oneself, to which he responded: "I'll admit that in this instance it would not pay, but there is something being in want of repair every little while, and if I have the tools here for fixing it, we are saved just so much expense right along. It may not be much in the course of a year, but every little helps, and in time the total would amount to a nice little lump. We don't want the Astors lugging off all the money in the country, by gracious."

He got the iron—one dollar—and fifty cents worth of solder, and ten cents worth of rosin. He came home with these things and went into the kitchen, looking so proud and happy that his wife would have been glad to get them, were it not for an overpowering dread of an impending miasma. He called for the articles needing repair. His wife brought out a pan.

"Where's the rest. Bring 'em all out an' let me make one job of 'em while I'm about it."

He got them all, and seemed to be disappointed that there were not more.

of them. He pushed the iron into the fire, got a milk-pan inverted on his knee, and with the solder in his hand, waited for the right heat.

"That iron only cost a dollar, and it'll never wear out, and there is solder enough in this piece to do twenty five dollars worth of mending," he explained to his wife.

Pretty soon the iron was at the right heat, he judged. He rubbed the rosin about the hole which was to be repaired, held the stick of solder over it, and carefully applied the iron. It was an intensely interesting moment. His wife watched him with feverish interest. He said, speaking laboriously, as he applied the iron: "The-only-thing-I-regret-about-it-is that-I-didn't-think-of-getting-this-before-we—" Then ascended through that ceiling and up into the very vault of heaven the awfullest yell that woman ever heard, and the same instant the soldering iron flew over the stove, the pan went clattering across the floor, and the bar of solder struck the wall with such force as to smash right through both the plaster and lath. And before her horrified gaze danced her husband in an ecstasy of agony, sobbing, screaming and holding on to his left leg as desperately as if it was made of solid gold and studded with diamonds.

"Get the camphor, why don't you?" he yelled. "Send for a doctor! Oh-oh-I'm a dead man!" he shouted.

Just then his gaze rested on the soldering iron. In an instant he caught it up and harled it through the window without the preliminary of raising the sash.

It was some time before the thoroughly frightened and confused woman learned that some of the molten solder had run through the hole in the pan and onto his leg, although she knew from the first that something of an unusual nature had occurred. She didn't send for the doctor. She made and applied the poultices herself, to save money. She said:

"We don't want the Astors lugging off all the money in the country, by gracious."

"Come, Maria, don't you be too cunning," he sheepishly expostulated. —Danbury News.

Rather Deaf.
Old Mr. Collamore, who goes to our church, is very deaf. Last Sunday, in the midst of the service Mr. Hoff, who sits immediately behind Mr. Collamore, saw a spider walking up the latter's bald head. His first impulse was to nudge him and tell him about it, but he remembered that Collamore was deaf, so he lifted up his hand and brushed the spider off. Hoff didn't aim quite high enough, and consequently, in his nervousness, he hit Collamore quite a severe blow. The old man turned around in a rage to see who had dared take such a liberty with him, and Hoff began to explain with gestures the cause of the occurrence. But Collamore, in a loud voice, demanded what he meant. It was very painful for Hoff. The eyes of the whole congregation were upon him, and he grew red in the face, and in desperation exclaimed:

"There was a spider on your head," "A white place on my head, hey?" "Spose'n there is, what's that to you?" said Collamore; "you'll know what it is to be bald-headed yourself some day."

"It was spider," shrieked Hoff, while the congregation smiled and the perspiration began to roll off his face.

"Certainly its wider," said Collamore, "and its got more in it than yours. But you let it alone—lo you mind? You let my head alone in church."

"Mr. Collamore," shrieked Hoff, "there was a bug on your head, and I brushed it off, this way," and Hoff made another gesture at Collamore's head. The old man thought he was going to fight then and there, and hurling his hymn book at Hoff, he seized the kneeling stool on the floor of the pew and was about to bang Mr. Hoff, when the sexton interfered. An explanation was written on a fly-leaf of the hymn book, whereupon Mr. Collamore apologized in a boisterous voice and resumed his seat. Then the services proceeded. They think of asking Mr. Collamore to worship elsewhere. —Mass Advertiser.

Up jumped the devil in a rage, set up two lines to fill out this page.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One Square, of ten lines, first insertion, \$1.00
Each subsequent insertion, .50
Obituaries, Fifty Cents per square.
The privilege of yearly advertising is strictly limited to their own immediate and regular business; and the business of an advertising firm is not considered as including that of the individual members.
Advertisements of an abusive nature will not be inserted at any price.
No deviation from these terms under any circumstances.
Contract advertisements taken at low rates.

Pleasant Paragraphs.
A man always feels put out when he is taken in.

The warmest kind of a hat—one that's got stove in.

Pounded ice for dinner is not what it is cracked up to be.

There is economy in travelling on the fast mail trains. You make what you eat go a great deal farther in a given length of time.

The Boston Post wants to know what sort an animal the father of a mule is. Look in the mirror and see.

Professor (to Frenchman)—"What is a circle?" Frenchman (with some reflection)—"A round, straight line with a hole in the middle."

A bill to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors within four miles of the California University is called by a San Francisco paper "An act to promote pedestrianism among students."

Honolulu people say it rains nine days in the week at Hilo, and thirteen months in the year, and once in a great while it rains into the bungalow of a barrel faster than it can flow out at both ends.

They have a disagreeable way in Canon City, Colorado, when a man takes a broken chair to the cabinet-shop, of saying: "Hit you with a chair, did she?" This is very trying to the average citizen.

There was a very little boy wading up to his knees, almost, in the slush on Summit street, Friday afternoon, when a passing gentleman said to him: "Why ain't you to school, young man?" "Cos I've got the hoopin' cough!" he explained.

"What is editorial courtesy?" asks a Southern paper. Why, it is when a Southern editor is caught stealing chickens at midnight and his brother editors kindly allude to the matter as a "strange freak of a somnambulist."

Lady.—"Now, Mr. Snapper, as I saw you at church last Sunday, tell me what you think of our new preacher?" Snapper.—"I think he would be a first-class martyr at the stake."

Lady.—"Why so, Mr. Snapper?" Snapper.—"Because he is so very dry."

A Boston wag once wrote to President Grant, asking whether he would accept a carriage and horses as a token of esteem from the Young Men's Christian Association of that city. In due time an affirmative answer was received from Washington. The wag thereupon sat down and wrote back: "I thought so."

"Well, Pat," said an indulgent master to his coachman, who had just been describing the glories of a St. Patrick's Day dinner, "was your appetite sated?" "Sated, is it, yer honor? Shure, an' it wasn't. It had to stand up along wid meself most of the time."

"Miss Smith, does a cormorant eat strawberries?" "Law me! no, child. What put that into your head?" "Cause ma told Sarah not to bring out the strawberries and cream until that old cormorant, Miss Smith, had left." About ten minutes afterward that child and his mother went up into the attic and played "peas hot and peas cold" for nearly an hour.

A SAFE INVESTMENT.—A colored resident of Detroit who occasionally lends a few dollars on good security was the other day invited to lend a neighboring cobbler \$30 on a note of hand running thirty days.

"Suppose dat note comes due and you haven't de cash?" inquired the capitalist.

"But I will have."

"But suppose you haven't." The cobbler couldn't get over that, and he was looking very serious when the capitalist got a bright idea and said: "We kin fix dat. You make de note, you see. You may be good, or you may not be. I'm good, and we boof knows it, 'cause here's de cash right here. You make de note and I'll back it. I knows myself, you see, and de capitalist who won't lend money on his own 'dorsement hain't no business head on him!" And they fixed it that way.

THE MONROE ENQUIRER

PUBLISHED BY
W. C. WOLFE,
Editor and Proprietor.

MONROE, N. C., APRIL 24.

TO CORRESPONDENTS:

We want it distinctly understood that our correspondents "stand in their own shoes," and they alone are responsible for what they may say. No communication will be inserted in the columns of *The Enquirer* unless accompanied by the name of the writer or some responsible party.

THE ENQUIRER FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

In view of the many important matters that will be brought before the people for their careful consideration during the remainder of this year, we have concluded to offer the *Enquirer* at campaign rates, and have prepared the following terms:

To Clubs of five new subscribers, with the cash in advance, we will send the *Enquirer* from April 1st, 1876, to January 1st, '77—9 months—for \$1.25 each.

To Clubs of ten, for same time, \$1.00 each.

For shorter periods than 9 months we will take clubs of five or ten at 15 cents per month, with free copy in each case to get-up of club.

Single subscription, \$2 per year, as heretofore.

These low rates are given in order that all may be induced to subscribe and keep themselves posted on the important matters of the day, and will be in force only during the coming campaign. Remember, that in this year the Presidents election, Congressional election, Governor and other State officers election, county officers election, and the Centennial Exhibition all take place, and if you ever need a paper (and who does not?) now is the time.

We send out this week specimen copies to all who have ever taken our paper, in order that they may see that it is not only kept up to a standard of high grade, but is constantly improving, and we would be glad to have them to renew with us.

We have made arrangements to secure the services of an able writer to assist us during the campaign, who will assume his position about the first of May.

Other improvements are in view and we expect to be fully able to battle with the enemy.

Go to work and get up clubs, and thus lead your aid in this great National work that is before us.

What We Pay for Republican Rule.

The Nashville American says the imperative necessity for the removal of the Republican party from the control of the Government lies in its reckless extravagance and prodigal waste of the public moneys. Aside from the enormous strain upon the producing classes by reason of the financial policy which requires a gold interest upon a vast and alarmingly accumulating public debt, there is the burden upon tax-payers to provide for current governmental expenses a sum almost fabulous in comparison with the cost of the simpler and less extravagant and less corrupt system of government, that existed before the party now in power assumed control of our affairs. Leaving out the cost of the Government during the four years of the civil war, the Republicans in authority have expended within the past ten years, and inclusive of the estimates for this year, \$179,166,480.92 more than was required for ordinary governmental expenses for the entire seventy-two years preceding the late war! And thus far into the present Congress every measure of retrenchment instituted by the Democrats has met with stubborn Republican opposition.

The aggregate of ordinary expenditures of the Government, exclusive of the public debt, for 1860-'61, was \$62,616,054.78, and the aggregate of ordinary Government expenses for 1874-'75 was \$171,529,848.37—an increase of \$108,913,793.49. In the same ratio, the Republican party, if permitted to retain control of affairs another decade would increase the ordinary current expenses over one hundred millions dollars in excess of the stupendous sum now required. And yet they neither wish to relinquish control nor permit a reduction. These figures, together with the daily indictment and conviction of Republican officials and party leaders, of robbery and conspiracy to defraud the public, furnish the people food for reflection between now and the November election. There are innumerable leaks in the public treasury that cannot be discovered or stopped

until the party in power is removed. The very life of the country depends upon a change of rulers.—*W. J. Journal.*

The Salary Grab.

The following is the text of President Grant's message vetoing the bill reducing the salary of the President:

To the Senate of the United States: Herewith I return the Senate bill, No. 172, entitled "An act fixing the salary of the President of the United States," without my approval. I am constrained to this course from a sense of duty to my successors in office, to myself, and to what is due to the dignity of the position of Chief Magistrate of a nation of more than fifty million of people. When the salary of the President of the United States was fixed by the constitution at \$25,000 per annum we were a nation of but three millions, of people, poor from a long and exhaustive war, without commerce or manufactures, with but few wants, and those cheaply supplied. The salary must then have been deemed small for the responsibilities and dignity of the position, but justifiably so from the impoverished condition of the treasury and the simplicity it was decided to cultivate in the Republic. The salary of Congressmen under the constitution was first fixed at six dollars per day for the time actually in session, an average of about one hundred and twenty days to each session, or \$720 per year, or less than one-thirtieth of the salary of the President. Congressmen have legislated upon their salaries from time to time since then, until finally it reached \$5,000 per annum, or one-fifth that of the President, before the salary of the latter, was increased. No one having a knowledge of the cost of living at the National Capital will contend that the present salary of Congressmen is too high, unless it is intended to make the office one entirely of honor, when the salary should be abolished, a proposition repugnant to our Republican ideas and institutions. I do not believe citizens of this Republic desire their public servants to serve them without a fair compensation for their services. \$25,000 does not defray the expenses of the Executive for one year, or has not in my experience. It is now one-fifth in value what it was when fixed by the constitution in supplying demand and wants. Having no personal interest in the matter, I have felt myself free to return this bill to the House in which it originated with my objections: believing in doing so I meet the wishes and judgment of the great majority of those who indirectly pay all the salaries and other expenses of government.

U. S. GRANT.

The President's Salary.

The bill reducing the salary of the President to the old standard of \$25,000 a year which passed both houses of Congress, has been returned by the President with his objections. What they are does not yet appear, and the President himself is now no candidate for re-election the public have some curiosity on the subject. Grant himself is not affected by the reduction. The only solution apparent now, is that he calculates upon his ability to designate his successor, and in doing so, to secure him a good place. The salary, increased to \$50,000 was a concession to a man who had done good service to his country, rather than to the office he filled. The salary large as it is, only represents half the emoluments, for the liberality of Congress in assuming the charge of the Presidential household, of its furniture, its kitchen, its gardens, its grounds, its stables, relieves the President of all expenses except for personal indulgences, and therefore the salary is in the nature of a clear and free gift. The Democratic Congress aiming at retrenchment in all things and working to restore republican simplicity, struck at this royal stipend.—*Rail News.*

Outlines.

Kilbourne was refused bail. Arrangements have been made for passage of such bodies of organized militia to visit Philadelphia as may wish to. A wing of the Iowa Insane Asylum burned. Riplication in impeachment trial read yesterday. Strong points Case adjourned till 27th. Vote on bill counting Presidential vote was reconsidered in Senate. Democrats of Indiana nominated yesterday J. D. Williams for Governor. Haralson, of Alabama, won his seat by report of committee of House, but it was shown there was great perjury. In a card Harrison says he will testify to the facts regarding Blaine and the sixty-four thousand dollar transaction. Case of Finlay vs. Wall, contested sent from Florida, was up and discussed all yesterday without action. Committee gave seat to Walls. President has vetoed reduction of salary bill. Ex-Archbishop General Williams testified yesterday that Grant ordered the payment out of the secret service fund of \$30,000 for election purposes. Majority of Committee report in favor of seating Spencer, the contestant for a seat from Louisiana in Congress. Indiana Democratic endorses Hendricks for President, and favor substitution of National bank issues and repeal of resumption act with Greenbacks. Nettleship indicted yesterday for safe burglary. Cate, of Wisconsin, introduced a resolution in the House, yesterday, to investigate conduct of Secretary Bristow in a certain transaction; adopted. Bill allowing Mrs. Fitch's diamonds to pass free of customs duty passed unanimously in Congress. Sargent, of California, submitted a resolution in Senate, recommending to the President to treat with China respecting restrictions on immigration to this country of Chinese. Nebraska Democratic Convention, yesterday, largest and most influential ever held in the State. Delegates to National Convention unanimously favor Tilden. New York markets April 20th: Cotton, 13 1/2-13 7/16c; Gold \$113.

Washington.

A bill has been introduced in the United States Senate to put into circulation a coin called goldoids, which will be 40 per cent gold and 60 per cent silver.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17.—The President has signed the silver bill. Many letters, with money, have been received at the Treasury, to be exchanged for silver. It is not generally known that silver will be given only for fractional currency; not for legal tenders or National Bank notes.

In addition to the \$50,000 in silver coin received at the sub-treasury in Charleston about two weeks since, the assistant treasurer expects during the present week an installment of \$100,000 which will be used for the redemption of the fractional currency as soon as orders are received from New York.

The Senate as a Court of Impeachment to try Belknap convened Monday the 18th. Belknap appeared by his counsel, Mat. Carpenter, and pleaded that the Senate should not take cognizance of the charges or try the case in as much as Belknap was not an officer of the government, having resigned before the charges were preferred. This was the game in view when Belknap offered his resignation which Grant so promptly accepted "with deep regret."

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 20.—Ex-Archbishop General Williams was examined to-day by the House Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Justice, and testified to the statement of John J. Davenport, formerly United States Commissioner in New York, that out of the Secret Service fund he paid \$30,000 for election purposes. Upon being pressed, Judge Williams acknowledged that the money was paid by the direct order of the President.

The Naval and Post Office Appropriation bills were completed with a reduction of eight millions in the two.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21.—A World special says the President is not disposed to be as indifferent to the charges against him as some of his supporters. He was thoroughly aroused and excited to-day, and in general terms denounced the statement made by ex-Archbishop General Williams as untrue. He says he has no recollection of Williams calling on him to disburse the money for Davenport's use, to be a different matter and that he has been deceived. The President has further resolved on a full investigation of the charge, and has desired to take the advice of the Cabinet in the premises. For that purpose he has sent a personal request to each member to meet to-morrow at 11 o'clock for a special consultation on the subject.

General News.

Speaker Kerr has decided not to be a candidate for re-election to Congress on account of his poor health.

The health of Representative Lamar was not benefited so much by his trip to Mississippi as was supposed. He is still constantly threatened with paralysis.

"The History of the Late War" by Jefferson Davis, will probably be ready during the summer, from the press of Turnbull Bros. Baltimore.

A gentleman who has travelled over the State considerably of late, thinks that the nomination of Col. John A. Gilmer, of Greensboro, for Governor, in the event that Vance declines the honor, would be immensely popular at the west. Gilmer is a son of the old Congressman, and is about thirty-eight years of age.

Dom Pedro, Emperor of Brazil, wife and suite arrived in New York Saturday the 15th to make a tour of this country. He is a man of sense and travels as a private gentleman, declining any public attentions. One of the first places he visited was the Herald office where he got a good view of the *modus operandi* of preparing and printing a great paper.

State News.

The aged and excellent mother of Mr. Yeates, the editor of the *Charlotte Democrat*, died a few days since at her home in Fayetteville.

Mr. James Norwood, of Orange, on Saturday commenced shearing his sheep. He weighed the clip of the first two, which were Outswold. One fleece weighed 12 pounds, the other 10. Several others will do the same.

Charlotte Observer: Monday night, about 12 o'clock, the dwelling house of Mr. Geo. King, on the Chas. T. Alexander place, about three miles from the city, was burned to the ground, with every single article it contained.

The Concord Sun states that on Tuesday last, the body of Mr. Calvin McGraw, of Cabarrus county, was found suspended from a pine tree, in an old field, half a mile from his residence, he having hanged himself. He was in the 63d year of his age; had been sick all Spring, and it is supposed that his mind gave way. On the Sunday night following, the wife of the unfortunate man died at her residence. She was very old and the shock of the suicide of her husband was too great for her. They leave a number of children behind them.

Concord Sun: We are reliably informed by a party just from Stanley county, that during last week, a gentleman living near Flat Fork Church had a presentiment that if he would dig up the ground near a certain rock on his land, he would find something valuable. Upon digging a pit about four feet deep, he found a basket filled with gold and silver coin. A few strokes of the pick and a fortune! The basket seems to have been placed there years ago, by some one, name unknown.

Excursion to the Centennial.—Mr. W. H. H. Gregory, of this city, is engaged in getting up an excursion to the centennial. He proposes to furnish a party or several parties, with Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, which will be under their exclusive control, and by means of which they will run through to Philadelphia and return without change. He will carry them from here to Wilmington, and they will have privilege of selecting whatever route they choose and may agree upon from that city. The time of departure for the centennial will also be left to the gentlemen composing the parties. Rates have not yet been decided upon, but Mr. Gregory proposes to carry excursionists at as low figures and give them as many accommodations as will be afforded by any other line. We are sure that he will do these things. Tickets will be good for as long a time as any other route will allow—thirty days at least, and perhaps more. Persons who design visiting the centennial, should call on Mr. Gregory. Parties will be taken not only from Charlotte, but from all other points on the line of the Carolina Central.—*Observer.*

TOBACCO.

A large lot of Chewing Tobacco, at Wholesale or Retail, on as reasonable terms as can be bought at any other house. Agents for E. W. Brady's Celebrated Window Shades.

Give us a trial before buying elsewhere, and satisfy yourselves that we sell as cheap as any other house—FOR CASH.

Thankful for past patronage, we open by fair and honest dealing to merit a continuance of the same. Mch. 19, 1875—21-17.

NOTICE.

U. S. Internal Revenue, SPECIAL TAXES.

May 1 1876, to April 30 1877.

THE Revised Statutes of the United States, Sections 32, 3237, 3238 and 3239, require every person engaged in any business, avocation, or employment which renders him liable to the SPECIAL TAX TO 1876, to CURSE AND PLACE CONSPICUOUSLY IN HIS ESTABLISHMENT OR PLACE OF BUSINESS A STAMP denoting the payment of said SPECIAL TAX for the Special Tax Year beginning May 1, 1876, before commencing or continuing business after April 30, 1876.

THE TAX ENGRAVED WITHIN THE PROVISIONS OF THE ABOVE QUOTED ARE THE FOLLOWING VIZ:

Rectifiers, retail liquor.....\$200 00
Dealers, retail liquor.....100 00
Dealers, wholesale liquor.....100 00
Dealers in malt liquors, wholesale.....50 00
Dealers in malt liquors, retail.....20 00
Dealers in leaf tobacco.....25 00
Retail dealers in leaf tobacco.....50 00
And on sales of over \$1,000, fifty cents for every dollar excess.
\$10,000.
Dealers in manufactured tobacco.....5 00
Manufacturers of cigars.....50 00
And for each unit manufactured.....20 00
And for each unit manufactured.....30 00
Manufacturers of tobacco.....10 00
Manufacturers of cigars.....10 00
Peddlers of tobacco, third class (one horse or other animal).....15 00
Peddlers of tobacco, second class (two horses or other animals).....25 00
Peddlers of tobacco, third class (one horse or other animal).....15 00
Brewers of less than 500 barrels.....50 00
Brewers of 500 barrels or more.....100 00
Any person, so liable, who shall fail to comply with the foregoing requirements will be subject to severe penalties.

Persons or firms liable to pay any of the Special Taxes named above must apply to J. J. MOTT, Collector of Internal Revenue at Salisbury, and pay for and procure the Special Tax Stamp or Stamps they need, prior to May 1, 1876, and WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE.

D. D. PRATT, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Office of Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C., February 1, 1876. Mch. 20 42-4t.

THE CELEBRATED SOUTHERN WAGON.

MANUFACTURED BY W. C. OWEN & SONS, MONROE, N. C.

We are still engaged in the business of making the above Wagons, and will sell them very low. Will take good wagon timber, country produce, or even CASH in payment of work. New Wagons constantly on hand of our own make. Repairing done promptly and in good order. Thanking our customers for patronage, we hope, by honest work and fair dealing, to merit a continuance of the same. W. C. OWEN & SONS. Aug. 21, 1875—13-6a.

Townsend & Co.

Brick Store, one door north of J. D. Stewart's dry goods store.

DEALERS IN

Fancy Groceries, CONFECTIONERIES, Fruits, &c.

LADIES' HATS, BONNETS, LACES, RIBBONS, and all kinds of

MILLINERY GOODS, of the latest styles.

CHEAP FOR CASH. Highest price paid for Chickens, Eggs and Butter. Jan. 24-34-tt.

MONEY FOUND.

which the owner can obtain by calling and describing and paying for this advertisement. R. V. HOUSTON. April 15-46-tt.

FOR RENT!

A FOUR-HORSE COTTON FARM in Providence is offered for rent for the present year by E. M. HOUSTON. March 6-40-tt.

W. C. OGBURN & CO.

HAVE IN STORE

A Fine Stock of

FALL AND WINTER

GOODS,

To which we invite the attention of our customers and the public generally. Our Stock embraces:

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Notions and Fancy Articles, White Goods, Ladies' Dress Goods.

A large Stock of Ladies and Misses Trimmed Hats, at short profits.

Gents and Boys Fur and Wool Hats, Boots and Shoes, Ready-Made Clothing.

In the Hardware Line, we keep a Good Stock of Pocket and Table Cutlery, Trace Chains, Weeding Hoes, Grub Hoes, Dixie Steel Sweep, Shovels, Forks, Spades, &c.

Saddles and Bridles, Horse Collars, Sugar, Coffee, and Molasses.

TOBACCO.

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Manufacturers of cigars.....50 00
And for each unit manufactured.....20 00
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Peddlers of tobacco, third class (one horse or other animal).....15 00
Peddlers of tobacco, second class (two horses or other animals).....25 00
Peddlers of tobacco, third class (one horse or other animal).....15 00
Brewers of less than 500 barrels.....50 00
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READ THE ANNOUNCEMENT.

Murray Hill Publishing Co., John F. Jewett, Manager.

CHRONIC DISEASES CURED.

Newly discovered method of curing chronic diseases, such as Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Pains in the Back, Head, and Limbs, and all other chronic affections, which are clearing the sick, and infusing new life into the weary and suffering.

It is a new discovery, and is a most valuable remedy for all chronic diseases, and is a most valuable remedy for all chronic diseases, and is a most valuable remedy for all chronic diseases.

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The Peoples Drug Store.

CLOVER, TIMOTHY, AND

Orchard Grass Seeds

FOR SALE.

Best Soda 3 lbs. for 25 cts.

After presenting to all our customers the compliments of the season, with our sincere thanks for their liberal patronage, we desire to inform them all—together with the "scattering few" who are not yet our customers—that we will soon have in store the largest stock of Drugs, Medicines, and all articles in our line, ever offered to the people of this country.

We have no Old Stock!

All that we offer is NEW FRESH and PURE, and will be sold at lower rates than can be

THE MONROE ENQUIRER.

Local Matters.

Heavy frost last Tuesday. Thought to be not much harm done, however.

The N. C. Conference of Evangelical Lutheran (Tenn.) Synod will meet in this place on next Friday. The members of all the churches are invited to attend.

Newspaper advertising is a permanent addition to the reputation of goods advertised, because it is a permanent influence always at work in their interest.

Book Binding.—Should you have any books or papers you wish to have bound, bring them to the Enquirer office and they will be sent to the Bindery for you. Prices given on application.

Monroe High School.—The Exercises of this School will close 30th and 31st of May and 1st of June. Col. John D. Wylie, of South Carolina, will deliver an address before the Phi Sigma Literary Society on the last day.

Another Entertainment.—We understand that Prof. Kopf, with the assistance of his pupils and the Excelsior String Band, will very shortly give another musical entertainment. Programmes will be distributed stating further particulars, and the public generally will be invited free of any charge for admittance.

Stone House.—Mr. R. W. Schorn is having a stone house put up on his lot near the post office. The material is blue slate. The only objection is that the house is not large enough. That will be too good a business stand to spoil with small houses.

Public Meeting.—A meeting of the citizens is called to be held at the Court House this (Monday) evening at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of nominating a Ticket for Town Officers, consisting of a Mayor and three Commissioners. A full attendance is desired.

Grand Ball.—Mr. Thos. M. Brown Proprietor of the "Brown House" Wadesboro, N. C., writes us that he will give a grand ball in that place on the 2d of May, to which the citizens of the adjoining counties, are invited. The Italian String Band of Charlotte will be present, and a nice time may be expected.

Bring in Your Job Work.—Having just received a new lot of Fancy Type and other Job Material, we are now fully prepared to execute almost any order for Plain or Fancy Job Printing at prices that will satisfy all. Don't send off your work, when you can have it done at home as neatly as any where and at as low if not lower prices.

College Commencement.—Our thanks are due to Rev. A. L. Yount for an invitation to attend the approaching commencement at North Carolina College, Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus county. The Baccalaureate Sermon will be preached on Sunday morning, May 21st, by Rev. F. W. Conrad, of Philadelphia, Pa., and the Senior Address will be on the Wednesday morning succeeding, the 24th.

Church Dedication.—We are requested by Rev. W. H. Bobbitt, P. E., to state that the new Methodist Church at Lileville will be dedicated by him on the first Sunday in May. We have been informed that this church is a very neat and comfortable building, and that it reflects great credit on the congregation at that place. It has just been furnished with a new organ, lamps, etc., and is now complete.

Training Away.—The old corner store, occupied by W. W. Blakeney for the last two years, was moved away last week, to make room for a large two-story brick building to be put up this Spring by J. D. Stewart. The new building will be 42x60 feet, and will extend from the corner up to the old hotel building. The work of laying brick will be commenced soon.

W. W. Blakeney now occupies a store room in Stewart's brick building. This should have been noticed by us before, but the matter was overlooked.

Accidental Shooting.—Two sons of Mr. J. F. Haywood who lives near Stone's Turn out in this county while carelessly handling a pistol, on Saturday, the 15th accidentally discharged it, the younger boy receiving the ball in his hip. He was brought to this place and was examined by physicians. They probed the wound and found the ball embedded three inches in the flesh. It was thought that it would cause little or no suffering, and hence no efforts were made to extract it.

Notice.—A Convention of the Conservative Party of Union County is hereby called to assemble in the Court House in Monroe on Saturday, the 3d day of June next, to appoint delegates to the District and State Conventions. The Party in the several Townships are requested to hold meetings and appoint delegates to said County Convention.

A. A. LANEY, E. Com. C. AUSTIN, W. H. FITZGERALD, Jr. It is proposed that the different Townships meet on the last Saturday in May next (the 27th) and appoint their delegates.

There should be Executive Committees appointed in each Township, if there are none already, and let the names of those appointed be sent to the County Committee.

We had intended to give a full report of the Court proceedings in this issue, but as Court is still in session at this writing, Saturday evening, we will have to defer till next week.

WHAT THEY THINK OF MONROE.—The nine Editors who visited our town during the first week of Court all speak, through their respective journals, in the highest terms of Monroe and her citizens. We would copy some of their "good words," but have not room for all.

At a recent meeting of the Phi Sigma Literary Society, Monroe High School, the time for the election of officers having arrived, the following young men were duly elected: C. W. Laney, President; F. M. Winchester, Vice President; Secretary, G. E. May; Treasurer, John H. Benton; Librarian, Thomas J. Gill; Assistant Librarian, P. W. Horne; Marshal, S. W. Stewart; Assistant Marshal, W. G. Simpson; Corresponding Secretary, J. W. Kite; Reader, John R. Winchester; Executive Committee, Thos. Benton, C. A. Plyler and Robert McManis.

COUNTY CONVENTION.—The Executive Committee for this County have called a meeting of township delegates, to be held in this place on the first Saturday in May. This Convention will only appoint delegates to represent our County in the State and Congressional Conventions, and another County Convention will be held during the Summer to nominate County Officers. As the election does not come off until November, it is not deemed necessary to open the county canvass as early as usual. It is hoped that the people through the county will attend their Township meetings promptly, and have every Township properly represented in the County Convention. It probably would be better that delegates to represent each Township at the County Convention to nominate County Officers, be appointed at the same time that the others are elected, as it will save the trouble of holding Township meetings again.

"Leap Year!" said he as he threw himself idly into the lounge, "Oh, don't I wish I was a pretty, fascinating stunner of a girl! I'd have all my clothes cut after the 'Domestic Fashions' and just heap the style on. And wouldn't I pile on the duds and wear a big bustle! Oh no. HI! OUCH!" and just here his father, as he led him out by the ear, said, "Young man, if you don't climb out'n this and make a big bustle in the neighborhood of that wood pile I'll fix you so's you couldn't wear a bustle for a month."

DISTRICT PARSONAGE.—The Argus truthfully says: "The Parsonage at Monroe has undergone very important changes since Rev. Mr. Robbitt, the present Presiding Elder, has taken it in charge. The lower rooms have been ceiled and painted, and the outside of the house has also been painted. The yard has been laid off in flower-beds, and the appearance of things have undergone such changes and improvements as to very materially enhance the value of the property. The various charges in the District will be applied to pay the actual costs of these improvements, and it is money well invested, and they ought to pay it cheerfully."

THE PEOPLE WANT PROOF.—There is no medicine prescribed by physicians, or sold by Druggists, that carries such evidence of its success and superior virtue as Boschee's German Syrup for severe Coughs, Colds settled on the Breast, Consumption, or any disease of the Throat and Lungs. A proof of that fact is that any person afflicted, can get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents and try its superior effect before buying the regular size at 75 cents. It has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wonderful cures are astonishing everyone that use it. Three doses will relieve any case. Try it. Sold by Blair Walsh & Flow.

OFF FOR FLORIDA.—Mr. C. Austin, of this place, accompanied by Deputy Sheriff, Farrow, of Charlotte, left Saturday for Florida, with a requisition from Gov. Brogden on the Governor of Florida for W. H. H. Houston. They were expected back in Charlotte by the 22d or 23d. Houston is to be tried at the next term of Mecklenburg Court, which convenes in May.

P. S. Since the above was put in type, we learn that the above gentlemen arrived in Charlotte on Sunday with their prisoner, who is now in Charlotte jail.

The Caldwell Messenger says that Mr. Belk, a student at Rutherford College, died very suddenly, last Saturday. Mr. B. and a comrade had been fishing, and as they were returning he fell to the ground. He was immediately taken up and carried to the residence of his father, which was only a short distance, but expired before reaching the house.

Rev. J. A. Belk of this county lately moved to Rutherford College and the above may refer to a member of his family.

Croup may be cured in a minute, and the remedy is simply alum and sugar. The way to accomplish the act is to take a knife or grater and shave off in small particles about a teaspoonful of alum, then mix it with about twice its quantity of sugar, to make palatable and administer it as quick as possible. Almost instantaneous relief will follow.

[For the Enquirer.]

The Temperance Drama.

Our Temperance Drama, "Saved," was reproduced on Tuesday evening of last week. Considering all the surroundings, it was quite a success. The audience was not as large as we had anticipated up to within a day or two of the exhibition; we then heard that certain plans were concocted to counteract the temperance influence that was expected to go out from the Drama. We had, however, a good, respectable and very intelligent audience. Among others his Honor, Judge Buxton, graced us with his presence, and quite a number of editors of some of the most respectable papers of the State were also present.

I hope, Mr. Editor, you will allow me to say to those that patronized us—by way of apology for the actors—that the Drama would evidently have been more interesting had it not been for a certain respectable and very popular institution of our town, which proved to be rather a nuisance than otherwise on that occasion. It is composed of gentlemen, no doubt, of cultivated taste; but, unfortunately, some of them have cultivated an appetite also. It was organized for show, and show they will. If they cannot show to the elite of Monroe, such as attended the Drama, and in the interests of temperance and good morals generally, why they must show any way. And show they did, for while they led in the van there followed in their wake quite a host, and

Some were loose and some were tight; Some were black and some were white, And some a copperas yellow; Some wore good clothes, some were in tatters; From whence they came it never matters—Such was a loyal fellow.

I suppose they were well entertained, judging from the hubbub which, as a kind of interlude, rose above the ordinary clang, boom, w-h-o-n-g! of the (out-door) entertainment, and which broke in upon us with a deafening roar, not only confusing all the actors, but to the great annoyance and disgust of the spectators.

Rumor says it was a sort of conspiracy among those who bow at the shrine of Bacchus to prevent their sort from feeling the influence that would be brought to bear upon them, if they witnessed the Drama, "SAVED." One depot agent on the "Dead River Rail Road" gave free tickets for the excursion. I suppose he will lose no money by it; perhaps he has already regained it out of the scanty rations of some woman who is, alas! a "drunkard's wife."

I am not persuaded that the "Temperance party lost money by it," as was boasted by "certain lewd fellows of the baser sort." If our Treasurer failed to take in any money that they otherwise might have done, the managers are evidently to blame for it. As was announced that evening, "door-keeper and marshal had strict orders to admit no one that was too drunk to behave himself well." I suppose all sober people who wished to attend did so. But with the above orders, there were, no doubt, a great many men in town that evening.

"Who were right good looking, But they couldn't come in."

Courage, fellow Templars! their desperation is evidently the fruit of apprehended danger—the result of fading hopes.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.—SPECIAL CASH OFFERS.—For cash in hand we offer Pianos and Organs at positively the lowest prices ever known. Here are the figures:

A 7 Octave Rosewood Piano, Carved Legs, Largest Size, \$400. Our price \$315.

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ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having taken out letters of Administration on the estate of James H. Morrison, dec'd, at April Term of Superior Court for Union County, all persons having claims against said Estate are hereby notified to present their claims to either of the undersigned on or before the first day of May, 1877, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. Persons owing the Estate are notified to pay their indebtedness promptly, or suit will be brought at once.

B. S. TRAYWICK, W. W. GRIER, Admrs. of Jas. H. Morrison, Dec'd. Monroe, N. C. April 18 1876-Gt.

Attention, Farmers!

The attention of farmers is called to the following labor-saving implements—the best of their class.

GEISER'S PATENT SELF-REGULATING GRAIN SEPARATOR, BOTH THRESHER AND HORSE-POWER.

SMITH'S PATENT

Lever Straw Cutter,

Known Everywhere to be the

BEST

SMITH'S PATENT

WELL FIXTURE.

BETTER THAN PUMP, and the very thing for a family where children are otherwise in danger of being injured.

CALKIN'S WASHING MACHINES.

The best and cheapest in the market.

HOME SHUTTLE

SEWING MACHINES,

AND

COOKING STOVES,

SOLD VERY CHEAP.

Any of the above machines can be seen at our store.

ARMFIELD & LANEY, Agents, Monroe, N. C.

ALSO

3,000 PAIR BROGAN SHOES.

1,000 Pair of Ladies' and Children's Fine Sewed Shoes.

200 Pair Heavy Boots; and, in fact, a general assortment of all kinds of

which we offer to the public very cheap, for cash. Give us a call.

Armfield & Laney.

April 24-47-Gt.

MONROE MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY

TROTT, CROWELL & CO.

MONDAY, April 24,

Cotton, 10 lb. 11 1/2

Bacon, 12 1/2

Lard, 18 1/2

Butter, 18 1/2

Cheese, 18 1/2

Pork, 8 1/2

Beef, 5 1/2

Beeswax, 25 1/2

Tallow, 8 1/2

Rice, 10 1/2

Coffee, 25 1/2

Sugar, 10 1/2

S. Potatoes, 80 1/2

I. Potatoes, 80 1/2

Corn, 80 1/2

Meal, 80 1/2

Oats, 45 1/2

Flour, 32 1/2

Chickens, 20 1/2

Eggs, 10 1/2

10 1/2

10 1/2

10 1/2

10 1/2

10 1/2

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10 1/2

NOTICE.

All persons are hereby forbidden fishing, hunting, or lurking about on the plantations, with or without fire, guns or dogs, day or night time, or cutting wood or pine, on the lands of the undersigned, as the law will be enforced against all persons guilty of the same.

Washington Givens, Robert Givens, Alex. McIlwaine, James Givens, E. J. Simms, Jane Givens, Emeline Givens, Mary Cive, James W. Therrell, J. J. M. Heath, Calvin Broom, Wm. Cook, C. C. Crow, W. L. Rone, R. H. Parline, R. A. Davis, April, 17-46 Gt.

Just So.

If you have any ragged, dirty, torn, mutilated, almost worthless "scrip" notes, or bills which no one cares to take, don't burn it. We want it, and for it we will give you good, clean books, "notions," or even cash. Send it along and see what you want. Knowledge in a Nutshell, 350 pp, 50c; "The Fastest Girl in N. Y.," 30c; "Life of an Indian," 30c; "Life of a Washington Belle," 30c; "Pocket Album," 24 cards, 25c; 50 do., 50c; "Transparent Playing Cards only 75c; Photographs, 10c, 12 for 50c, 25 for \$1; Superb full gilt Photo Albums, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2, \$3, and up. Elegant Auto Albums, 30c, 50c, \$1, \$1.50. Best Steel Pens only 75c a gross, Faber's Pencils, 50c doz; London Playing Cards, 30c; Violin Strings, 50c; \$2.25 a doz; Superb \$2.11 French Chromo Crosses, perfect beauties, 1 Cross and Roses, 2 Cross and Leaves, 3 Cross and Lilly, 4 Cross and Flowers—worth 50c—our price 15c, 2 for 25c, 6 for 50c, 17 for \$1, 50 styles. Agents clear \$10 daily selling these. Also 1000 Elegant Cold-Engravings, size 13x18. Beautiful Girls—any name you wish—Comic, Religious, and other subjects, only 15c each, 10 for \$1.00. Send for our catalogue. Deal only with a reliable house. Send on your money (no counterfeits) and send for anything you want to HUNTER & CO., Hinesdale, N. H.

Why Will

Kou pay \$1.50 to \$3.50 for Jewelry, Cutlery, Silver and Glassware when \$1 will buy the very same articles. It is a fact that the N. E. Dollar Store of Boston, is doing, and has for years been selling an immense variety of goods well worth \$2 to \$3, at only one dollar. \$10 will go as far as \$15 if you only believe what we say and buy where you can buy cheapest. 5000 elegant new \$2 and \$3 books all for \$1. Dry and Fancy Goods, Groceries, Spices, &c., at half the usual prices. There is no "trickery," no lottery, no delays. All orders filled promptly. Goods sent C. O. D. You can see them before you pay. We need agents and want YOU to give us a trial article for \$1, or give splendid premiums for clubs. Try us and see. We cannot here give our list, it would fill the entire paper. Our house is endorsed by the best merchants and papers of Boston and by 75,000 patrons. 35,000 patrons bought of us in 1875. Send now for our great circular. Address H. ORMISTON & CO., N. E. DOLL & SALE, 33 Bromfield St., N.Y.

THE

BEST AND CHEAPEST

SEWING MACHINE,

IMPROVED HOME SHUTTLE.

AGENTS WANTED

in every county in North and South Carolina, Georgia



Pickling Beef.

To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.

In your issue of March 1, I notice a request, signed H. D., wishing to know how to pickle beef. I will tell him and all others one of the best and cheapest plans in the world. Cut up the beef in pieces about four inches thick, bone and all if desired, casting out the joints. Procure a good molasses barrel that will hold brine. Get a tub or box and put in it one gallon of salt, one pint of brown sugar, and one tablespoonful of saltpeter, well pulverized; stir the salt, sugar and saltpeter up thoroughly, sprinkle brine on the bottom of the barrel, then take each piece of beef and rub it well in the salt and sugar, as if salting down pork; then place it in the barrel. On each layer of meat sprinkle well the sugar, salt and saltpeter. Continue to do so until all of the meat is thoroughly treated. When the barrel becomes nearly full, put a large weight on the meat. Next morning it will be covered with brine made from the juice from the meat. Keep the meat under the brine, and let it remain for years if you wish. It will never spoil, and being preserved in its own juice, retains all its original sweetness and flavor. Never pour water into the barrel or moisten it in any way after you salt it down, only when you wish to use a piece.

I killed a beef last July that weighed 800 pounds, pickled it in this way, and never lost a pound. This being a very warm climate, of course beef will keep anywhere if it keeps here.

GRANGER.

Lexington, Texas, March 8, 1875.

Don't.

Don't burn the mouth of your horse for "Lammas"—it is nonsense, to say nothing of its cruelty. Read the following by one of our most distinguished veterinary surgeons:

The symptoms of this imaginary disease are, the horse quids his hay, or refuses his food. It is most common in young horses; the groin looks into the mouth of the animal, and perceiving the bars to be almost on a level with the incisor teeth, he pronounces his charge to have lammas, and takes the poor creature to be burnt within its mouth accordingly.

It is true, the animal has recovered its appetite by the time the effects of the burn have passed away. But so it would have done had no hot iron been crudely employed. The fact is the young animal is then cutting a molar tooth, and a day or two having elapsed all the fever and pain occasioned by the process would have been over. No man should allow his horse to be burnt for the lammas. It is a torturing, an idle and a wanton operation and tends rather to do him harm than good.

If an old horse be reported as having the lammas, examine his mouth and something may be found wrong with his grinders, or, to a certainty, the cause is to be sought in another part of the body than the roof of the mouth. It is some times indicative of a disordered stomach.

Two are Better Than One.

It is better to raise one hundred bushels of corn on one acre of ground than fifty bushels. The yield could be double on nearly every acre of ground in cultivation in the West. What is wanted is deeper ploughing, and better preparation of the soil, and more thorough after cultivation. This skinning over the ground is one of the great evils in Western farming. Plough deep and then cross plough deep, and you prepare food and moisture for the plants, and enable them to resist the drouths, and make them laugh and thrive and bear abundantly.

Many farmers plough but a few inches deep, and get small yields. They have so much ground to work that none of it is well worked. Better by far to cultivate only half as much and cultivate it better and get far more than by the slipshod system of farming too generally followed. It is better to thin out the plants, and keep down the weeds, and cultivate fifty acres, as they should be cultivated, than to give a "lick and a promise" to a hundred acres. It is better to harvest the same yield off of one acre than to be over two acres for it. Colman's Rural World.

Snakey.

The best thing in snakeology is not to get bit. The next best thing is to know how to get cured when you are bit. Here is the remedy. It is so pat-

ent medicine advertisement either: KEROSENE A CURE FOR SNAKE-BITES. The Aberdeen (Miss.) Examiner says that kerosene oil is an effective antidote for the bite of a snake when applied externally. It says that a little child of Mr. C. M. Jones was bitten by a highland moccasin, and perfect relief and cure was obtained by application of this oil. It further says that a valuable dog was bitten by a "cotton mouth," and was in a dying condition when the first external application of the oil was made, but obtained instant relief and was up and running about in two or three hours.

If you have a discharge from the nose, offensive or otherwise, partial loss of the sense of smell, taste, or hearing, eyes watery or weak, feel dull and stupid or debilitated, pain or pressure in the head, take cold easily, you may rest assured that you have the Catarrh. Thousands annually, without manifesting half of the above symptoms, terminate in consumption, and end in the grave. No disease is so common, more deceptive, or less understood by physicians, as R. V. Pierce, M. D., of Buffalo, N. Y., is the proprietor of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy—a perfect specific for Catarrh, "Cold in the Head," or Catarrhal Headache. Adv't.

Wife No. 19.

BY ANN ELIZA YOUNG.

A REMARKABLE BOOK BY BRIGHAM YOUNG'S APOSTATE WIFE.

We have just received a copy of a brilliantly written work bearing the above title, its author being Brigham Young's Rebellious Wife. It is certainly the most wonderful story of suffering and sorrow we have ever met with, and is justly attracting a large amount of attention. Already it has been eagerly read by thousands, and we heartily recommend it to the notice of all.

Other Mormon books have been written, but Mrs. Young, possessing peculiar advantages from her position as Brigham's wife, and from her lifelong connection with the Mormon System, has been able to open up more fully than any other could, its more private features, and to explain many things which others could not possibly be aware of. The book is a plain and straightforward exposure of the horrible system which has blighted her own life, and is disgracing the whole country in the eyes of the civilized world. It is truly a masterpiece of effort, and is worthy of the highest praise.

It is illustrated with nearly two hundred engravings; the binding is among the most handsome we have ever seen, and the general style and finish are all that could be desired, reflecting the highest credit upon Dutton, Gilman & Co., Hartford, Chicago, Cincinnati, and Richmond, Va., the well known publishers, from whose establishment it is issued, and who want agents for the same in all parts of the country.

ENCOURAGE HOME PEOPLE —AND— HOME ENTERPRISE! GEO. S. HACKER, CHARLESTON, S. C.

TERMS CASH.

The only Door, Sash and Blinds Factory owned and managed by a Carolina man in the City.

Always on hand a large stock of Doors, Sash, Blinds, Mouldings, Brackets, Scroll Work, Turned Work of every description. Glass, White Leads, and Builders' Hardware. Dressed Lumber and Flooring delivered in any portion of this State.

March 20 '75-42-ly.

Townsend & Co

Brick Store, one door north of J. D. Stewart's dry goods store.

DEALERS IN

Fancy Groceries, CONFECTIONERIES,

Fruits, &c. LADIES' HATS, BON-

NETS, LACES, RIBBONS, and all kinds of

MILLINERY GOODS, of the latest styles,

CHEAP FOR CASH. Highest price paid for Chickens, Eggs and Butter.

Jan. 24-34-tn.

MONEY FOUND, which the owner can obtain by calling and describing and paying for this advertisement.

R. V. HOUSTON. April 15-40-ly.

April 15-40-ly.

OGBURN & ARMFIELD, MONROE, N. C.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

The undersigned give notice that they are still in the above business, at Monroe, and have constantly on hand a fine lot of HORSES AND MULES.

Of all grades, from the humble to a steady pacer to the sturdy farm and draft horse. Our Mules are as intelligent, as faithful and intelligent, as can be found in any equine collection, and we feel warranted in assuring the public that we can give as good bargains in horse-drawn as can be obtained anywhere in the State.

EXCHANGING. Besides the business of selling horses, we also buy and swap. While we don't deny that we can be beaten in a swap, yet to keep things lively we are always ready for a trade. So give us a call, all you who wish to buy, sell or swap.

HORSE DROVERS. will, at all times, find ample accommodations at our Stables for their stock—attentive hostlers, clean, airy stables, plenty of provender and reasonable charges.

LIVERY DEPARTMENT. Horses and Vehicles hired, and careful drivers to convey travelers to any point. This branch of our business is never neglected, and we are prepared at all times to furnish easy saddle horses, or teams and carriage, at the most favorable prices.

Jan. 24th 36-ly

ATTENTION!

B. D. HEATH & CO.,

DEALERS in Merchandise generally, once more invite the attention of their many customers to the fact that they are now able to offer mutual inducements in their varied stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, in fact, almost everything kept in a first-class general store. We make a specialty of FLOUR, TO-BACCO, and FERTILIZERS. Have on hand and to arrive in the next few days,

400 BARRELS FLOUR, which was bought for cash, and will be sold lower than the lowest. We only ask a call and examination of same. To convince the closest buyer, we will sell you a good barrel of Flour at \$6.25; a common barrel at \$5.50. We also keep constantly on hand a large stock of Zephyr and Wm.

FERTILIZERS, which we sell at reasonable prices, payable in Moulding Cotton, at 15 cents per pound 1st November next. Our

TERMS ARE CASH for everything except Fertilizers. We find from experience that the pay-down system is the best for both buyer and seller, for the fact that every one who has used our system, otherwise, men that will pay have to pay a large per cent to make up losses on those who do not pay. All we ask is, when you come to Monroe, call and get our prices before you buy.

B. D. HEATH & CO., Monroe, N. C.

March 6-40-ly.

At Old Stand.

Having bought the interest of Mr. R. W. Schoru in the business lately conducted by Schoru & Braden, I take this method of informing the public that I can be found at the old stand, where I keep on hand at all times, a full supply of

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS.

Cigars.

Tobacco,

LAGER BEER, &c.

Be sure and give us a call, and you will be satisfied. Next door to Central Hotel, Monroe, N. C.

A. R. BRADEN

March 6-40-ly.

STEIFF

GRAND, SQUARE & UPRIGHT PIANOS

Have received the highest encomiums where ever they have been introduced.

Made of the very best material throughout, they are nevertheless offered at prices that will compare favorably with those of any first-class manufacture in this continent.

The best is always the cheapest, and hence purchasers of STEIFF Pianos will find a satisfactory equivalent for their money.

The lasting quality of their instruments is fully attested by the many Educational and other institutions, in the Southern States especially, where over 400 are in daily use and by the unanimous verdict of the best performers of this and other countries.

Terms as favorable as is consistent with the times, and every instrument fully warranted for five years.

We are also Sole Agents for the Southern States of the

"MATCHLESS BURDETT ORGANS,"

which speak for themselves. A full supply of every style constantly in store, and sold on the most reasonable terms.

Fifty Second-hand Pianos always on hand, at prices ranging from \$75 to \$300.

For Illustrated Catalogue, address, CHAS. M. STEIFF, N. 9 North Liberty Street, BALTIMORE, Md.

Jan. 21, '75-34-ly.

Old Eyes Made New!

From experience, we know that every person

enough to use Glasses, has found great difficulty in procuring such as will prove satisfactory. Elderly

GENTS and LADIES can get rid of this difficulty by going to H. SMITH'S JEWELRY STORE, where they will find a great quantity of Spectacles

MADE expressly to save the eyes from losing their sight, and any one procuring a pair of those fine poble glasses will see as when

YOUNG. A great quantity on hand from which to select a pair, and at prices ranging from 25 cents to \$3.00.

H. SMITH. Dec. 7-37-ly.

FOR RENT!

A FOUR-HORSE COTTON FARM in Providence is offered for rent for the present year by

H. M. HOUSTON. March 6-40-ly.

March 6-40-ly.

THE Big Coffee Pot.

HAVING MOVED MY TIN SHOP

to the new building in rear of J. D. Stewart's old stand, I announce to the public that I am now better prepared than ever to furnish any and all kinds of

TIN WARE,

either Wholesale or Retail, cheap for cash. Roofing, Gutters, and in fact anything in the TIN LINE done as well and cheaply as can be had in this market.

Has a full stock of Cooking and Heating Stoves on hand at all times, which are offered at low prices. Is prepared to do STEAM WORK, and can cut letters from half inch to six inches.

Tinware sold at wholesale at as low prices as can be had in any Northern market.

LOOK OUT FOR THE BIG COFFEE POT

J. W. RUDGE. Aug. 30, 1875-14-ly.

THE People's Bank of Monroe.

H. M. HOUSTON, PRESIDENT. E. A. ARMFIELD, CASHIER.

Board of Directors, J. M. AUSTIN, T. D. WINCHESTER, J. D. STEWART, J. C. HAMILTON, C. AUSTIN, JACKSON SIMPSON, A. F. STEVENS, A. H. CROWELL, H. M. HOUSTON.

This Bank is now open for the transaction of a regular Banking Business; will receive deposits of Coin and Currency, allowing interest on same; loans and discounts made on liberal terms; will deal in bonds, stocks, and other securities; Gold and Silver Coins bought and sold; loans made on real estate, cotton in store, &c., on liberal terms.

LUMBER AND BUILDING MATERIAL

I am now dealing in all kinds of Building Materials, and am prepared to sell Doors, Sash, Blinds, Pine, Walnut and Oak Lumber at a little lower prices than any other person in this market. A good stock of the above goods kept on hand at my Lumber Yard in Monroe, at all times.

My Saw Mill and Planing Machine is still in full operation, under the supervision of S. J. Willoughby and J. C. Young, and I am prepared to furnish dressed lumber at the following prices per 1000 feet:

Weather Boards and other Lumber, dressed on one side, but not jointed, \$14 50

Bastard Ceiling and Flooring, dried, dressed and matched, \$20 00

Quartered Ceiling & Flooring, dried, dressed and matched, \$22 50

Common Lumber in the rough, 20 feet in length, and under, \$12 50 per 1000 feet. Lumber from 20 to 30 feet long is worth \$2 50 per 1000 extra, and from 30 to 35 feet is worth \$7 50 per 1000 extra. Special Lumber for Sash, Doors, Window and Door Frames, \$5 00 per 1000 extra.

Post Oak, for Fence Posts, per 1000 feet, \$15 00

Oak Wagon Timber, per 1000 feet, 20 00

Picked Heart Lumber for Fencing, per 1000 feet, \$15 00

The above are the prices for Lumber at the Mills, and 20 cents per 100 will be added for hauling any Lumber delivered in Monroe.

I have some one and two-story Dwelling Houses in Monroe, just put up, which I offer for sale; or I have some unimproved lots on which I will build Houses to suit purchaser.

Two of the unimproved lots lie near the public square, and are suitable for business houses, with room on either one for a dwelling also. I will also take building contracts and furnish all the material and put up any kind of a house that might be wanted.

Thanking the public for past patronage, I would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, pledging myself to do all I can for their interests.

T. C. WILLOUGHBY. Monroe, Oct. 12, 1875-20-ly.

The Elephant HAS COME

Pure Wines, Liquors, etc.

AT THE Old Hotel, MONROE, N. C.

And you will find him at the Old Monroe Hotel, and if you want any Good Pure Whiskey for medicinal purposes, just send or bring your jug. I have just received a large lot of Pure Whiskey, Wines, and all kinds of Rum, Gin, Ginger Brandy, Blackberry and Cherry. All kinds of Fine Whiskey, from \$2.00 to \$10.00 per gallon.

Just call and see for yourself.

Yours Fraternally,

B. M. PRESSON, At the Sign of the Elephant Feb 21-38-3n.

FOR RENT!

A FOUR-HORSE COTTON FARM in Providence is offered for rent for the present year by

H. M. HOUSTON. March 6-40-ly.

March 6-40-ly.

March 6-40-ly.

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March 6-40-ly.

March 6-40-ly.

Stevens & Co.,

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CLOTHING,

HATS, BOOTS, and SHOES;

ALSO

A FULL LINE OF

GROCERIES.

OUR FALL STOCK IS

NOW COMPLETE,

INCLUDING A LARGE LOT OF

FURNITURE.

AND OFFERED ON OUR USUAL

FAVORABLE TERMS.

Monroe, N. C.

NEW FALL AND

WINTER GOODS.

AT

WINCHESTER, STITT & CO'S.

Our Mr. T. D. Winchester has just returned from the Northern markets where he has purchased a new and very select stock of Fall and Winter Goods, which are now being received in store, and which will be sold at low prices, for cash.

Our Stock comprises a full assortment of STAPLE and FANCY

NOTIONS, CLOTHING, HATS,

BOOTS and SHOES, GROCERIES

HARDWARE, BAGGING and TIES,

and in fact, we keep almost everything usually found in a General Stock.

We return our thanks for past encouragements, and respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Goods and hear our prices before buying elsewhere.

WINCHESTER, STITT & CO., Oct. 5-19.

BURGESS NICHOLS & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail dealers in FURNITURE, BEDDING, &c., &c.

Chamber and Parlor Sets, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Wash-

stands, Tables, Chairs, of every description.

A full assortment of everything pertaining to our business. We carry a Large Stock, and can offer inducements to the trade. We solicit a call.

No. 5 West Trade Street, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

BARNES' FOOT-POWER SCROLL

SAWS AND LATHES.

\$5 00 to \$11 50 averaged per day with these Machines. All wood work done in the same time. Boys can make \$5 per day with them, besides learning a profitable trade.

For a sample of sewing send 25 cents for The Domestic Puzzle, or Yankee's Dream. We send it by mail. Say where you read this, and address, for full description.

W. F. & JOHN BARNES, Rockford, Wisconsin Co., Illinois.

Box 2,044.

\$11.50 AVERAGED PER DAY.

Fulton, Mo., Dec. 14th, 1875.

Messrs. W. F. & JOHN BARNES, Rockford, Ill.—Gentlemen: I sawed 110 feet for balustrade for postice, and 15 brackets, in first two days running. Every one who has witnessed the working of the Saw has pronounced it the most useful machine ever invented. I have been working from twelve to sixteen men, and have done all my shop work (except sawing) on your machine, running it daily since I purchased it, and have paid nothing for repair, except for oil, which amount was comparatively small. Three weeks since I purchased some imported woods and some nice designs, and turned my attention to fret work. I have averaged per day, since that time, \$11.50. I know of no occupation as pleasant and profitable for a mechanic to spend his winter days as the above. Your machine runs so lightly and easily that it will not tire the most delicate man after a little practice; in fact, I consider your machine indispensable to any carpenter, however small his business is, as he can introduce the little machine to his scrap pile, and make enough brackets in one week to pay for his machine. I consider my machine just as essential in my shop as a set of bench planes.

Very truly,

M. FRET BELL, Architect and Builder.

Address, for full information, W. F. & JOHN BARNES, Rockford, Illinois.

Box 2,044.

March 6-40-6m.

\$5 to \$20 per day. Agents want-

ing people of both sexes, young and old, make more money at work for us in their own localities, during their spare moments, or all the time, than at any thing else.

We offer employment that will pay handsomely for every hour's work. Full particulars, clause in our prospectus. Send us your address at once. Don't delay. Now is the time. Don't look for work or business elsewhere, until you have learned what we offer.

C. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

6-ly.

6-ly.

6-ly.

6-ly.

6-ly.

6-ly.

D. A. SMITH, Wilmington, N. C.

T. C. CRAFT | Charlotte, N. C.

D. A. Smith & Co.,

Wholesale and Retail dealers in

Furniture

—AND—

BEDDING

Of every description.

East Trade Street,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

43 NORTH FRONT STREET.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

N. B.—A full stock of Metallic Cases, and