

The Monroe Enquirer.

VOL. III. MONROE, N. C., MONDAY, MARCH 13, 1876. NO. 41.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One Square, of ten lines, first insertion, \$1.00. Each subsequent insertion, .50. ...

VANCE, ADAMS & PAYNE. ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Will practice in the State and Federal Courts.

C. M. T. McCAULEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Add Solicitor in Bankruptcy.

D. A. Covington, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Will practice in all the Courts of this and adjoining counties.

Dr. W. C. RAMSAY. Practicing Physician. Having located in Monroe, offers his professional services.

HORACE SMITH. PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER. FINE JEWELRY, FINE WATCHES, STERLING SILVERWARE, SILVER PLATED WARE, SPEC. TABLES, &c.

R. M. ROBINSON, FASHIONABLE TAILOR. All work cut and made warranted to fit. Cleaning and repairing done at short notice.

W. M. CROWELL, Commission Merchant. Groceries, Tobacco, Cigars, AND ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE.

MONROE HIGH SCHOOL. MALE AND FEMALE. Next Session begins January 10th, 1876. Building new, large and well adapted. Health profuse.

DENTISTRY. B. S. TRAYWICK, OPERATIVE & MECHANICAL DENTIST. Having located permanently in Monroe, he is prepared, at his office in that place, to perform all operations pertaining to the profession.

FOR RENT! A very desirable STORE ROOM on Depot street, near bus ness part of town. Suitable for a millinery establishment or Confectionery.

Selected Poetry.

WE CAN MAKE HOME HAPPY. Though we may not change the cottage, For mansions tall and grand, Or exchange the little grass spot, For a boundless stretch of land...

We can make home very cheerful If the right course we begin; We can make its inmates happy And their truest blessings win; It will make a small room brighter If we let the sunshine in.

We can gather 'round the fireside When the evening hours are long; We can blend our hearts and voices In a happy social song; We can guide some erring brother, Lead him from the path of wrong.

There are treasures for the toly Which the grandest fail to find, There's a chain of sweet affection, Bringing friends of kindred mind; We may reap the choicest blessings From the poorest lot a-sing'ed.

Selected Story.

PARTED IN ANGER. "Agnes, you silly little wife, you are not really out of temper about such a trifle! Look up, and laugh, or I shall think you are putting in earnest."

"You may call it out of temper or putting, 'which ever you choose," said she; "but I am annoyed with you, and don't feel at all inclined to laugh. You promised to take me to the Morris' ball; and now, when I have been looking forward to it, and preparing my dress, and promised myself several dances, you say you cannot go because your father is ill. He is no worse than he has been, and will probably linger on in this state month after month. Do you suppose I am not to go out all through the winter?"

"I don't know, dear Agnes," replied her husband gravely. "I hope my father may get better soon, but at present he is in a very precarious state, and I could not with propriety go to this ball, or let you go. But can you not make yourself happy at home with me, so early after marriage, my darling? You used to say you preferred a quiet evening with me to any ball, and you see, nothing of me all day. Will you give me a kiss before I go?"

"Nonsense, Edmund! I never expected you to be so unkind," retorted Agnes angrily. "I had better have stayed with papa, who never refused me any pleasure, than have married to be tyrannized over like this. I wish I hadn't married."

Edmund Ray's pleasant, good-looking face darkened with pain and annoyance at his wife's fearful, angry words, and he struggled to regain his temper before he answered her. "You are saying what you do not mean, Agnes," he said, coldly, "and you will be very sorry for it afterward. I shall come home by the five o'clock express, and if you have recovered your temper you can order the horses, and we will go for a ride before dinner."

She loved her young husband very dearly, and knew his worth. But she was a spoiled child; and he, in his deep love, was fostering her willfulness and impatience by yielding and ministering to her every wish. Edmund Ray was a barrister, living some thirty miles from the city, in a pretty part of Westchester, and consequently Agnes passed many hours of the day alone; but never had she felt them so long and wearisome as they were that morning. She ordered the dinner, re-arranged the flowers in her vases, wrote her letter, and a note to Mrs. Morris, to say they would be unable to come to her ball, and long before it was necessary put on her riding habit; that she might be ready for Edmund when he came home; then, ordering the groom to bring the horses round at five o'clock precisely, she took a book, and sat down in her pretty little drawing-room, to while away the time till she heard the train approaching that was to bring her husband home. She had no fears as to their meeting after their quarrel. She knew well enough that she had only to give a smile to receive one in return from her loving young husband, and with a happy light in her eyes she took up her book, and was soon deep in its absorbing pages.

Ever and anon she would raise her head to listen for the roar of the approaching train; but it did not come, and she resumed her reading. The tramp of horses feet aroused her, and going to the door, she found the groom standing there with the two horses, ready saddled.

"You are too early, Baynes," she said. "It is not five yet, and your master is not come home."

"Beg pardon, ma'am," replied the man, touching his hat, "but it's ten minutes past five; and I didn't know whether you'd be you'd ride to the station for master. The 'press ain't in yet."

Agnes paused, and hesitated. She rather wished to meet her husband quietly at home, that she might tell him how sorry she was to have behaved ill to him; but her pretty chestnut mare was prancing and curvetting; and, gathering her skirt round her, she said: "Very well, Bayne. Bring Zuleika near, and you can mount Julius, and walk home from the station."

"Well, Agnes," he exclaimed, smiling, "are you come to meet your husband, like a dutiful wife? I am expecting Linton down to spend a few days with me, and am come to look after him. How late the express is! I'll run in and see how soon they expect it."

He dismounted from his horse and entered the station, while Agnes sat outside watching the people coming to meet their friends or depart themselves. Mr. Wyniard stayed several minutes in the station, and when he rejoined her, there was a look on his pale face that made his daughter's heart give a dull thump at her side, and made her feel sick and faint.

"Be brave, my girl, and make up your mind to be a little suspense," he said, laying his hand quietly on hers. "There has been an accident on the line. The 5 o'clock express has gone over the embankment, and several passengers are killed and wounded. I am going up the line now on an engine they are going to send, and I'll bring Edmund back with me, I hope. Trust in God, my child. He may be all safe and sound. Go home, and wait as patiently as you can."

The sun shone as brightly as ever, bird sang gaily in a neighboring tree, and her kitten was playing happily with a floating feather. But life was over for her. Edmund was dead—those kind dark eyes closed for ever—that loving heart cold and still! The clock—a wedding present from her father—ticked gaily on, and chimed the quarters three times as heeded by her before the garden gate cracked, and her father, with slow, reluctant step passed up the gravel path. She stood still, merely turning her pale, face and dreamy eyes on him as he entered the room. The tears stood in his eyes as he put his arm gently round her and his hand that took her cold one trembled violently.

"Agnes my poor child," he said, in broken tones, "I can give you no hope. The bodies are not all recovered yet, but he is not among the wounded or safe, and he was seen to enter the train some minutes before it started. Heaven help you, my child! It is a fearful, fearful blow!"

Agnes spoke not—a shudder ran through her whole frame, and she raised her head and shook it, as if trying to shake off some bewildering weight. Her eyes were dry, though the tears fell fast from her father's, and she turned her gaze once more on the gate, as if expecting somebody else to come. Alas, poor young wife! she was looking for that dreadful procession that was to come—the shunter, with its ghastly burden, so stiff and still beneath sheet or cloak that hid it from the public gaze?

It was long before her father could get her to quit her dreadful post of silent watching, but when she at length threw herself on the sofa with wild cries of agony, it was still more terrible to see that white, despairing face, as she raised it, tear-stained and convulsed, to her father's, saying, through the choking sobs: "And we parted in anger!"

Oh, careless words, so lightly spoken! Oh, careless words, so lightly spoken! what agonizing fruit were they bearing now! Poor Agnes! they could not induce her to go to bed through that long, weary night.

"Oh, no, no!" she sobbed. "I must still stay up till—oh, Edmund! Edmund!" and the shuddering sobs spoke more plainly than any words could speak.

But few such nights could come to any woman, and, thank God, in His mercy, such agony can last but one night in a life time. The arrow may remain in the wounded heart year after year, but the fearful thrill of its entrance can come but once.

The dull gray light broke at last. The rising sun tinged the soft gray clouds with rose and amber; the little birds twittered gaily and blithely once more among the new-spangled trees, and life proceeded on in its accustomed way, taking no heed of that widowed young heart—that future robbed of every hope!

The distant roar of an approaching train struck on her ears, and Agnes shivered at the terrible sound, and, cowering down on the stone step of the window-sill, buried her face in her hands to shut out sight and sound, and all that reminded her of the terrible grief that had come on her young life. She so far succeeded, that she heard nothing of the approaching step on the gravel, but sat on, buried in her bitter thoughts, till the sound of her name in a well-known voice made her spring to her feet with a wild cry, and in another moment she was in her husband's arms!

"My own Agnes—my darling! what does this mean?" he asked, in bewildered surprise, which was certainly not diminished by her excited answer: "Oh, Edmund! Edmund!" she cried "they said you were killed! Edmund my husband!"

"Who did?—when?" asked the astonished young man; but he could gain no answer, till Mr. Wyniard, roused from his sleep by his daughter's cry, came forward, and asked how he had escaped the smash up of yesterday's express.

"Because I never was in it," he replied. "Did not Agnes get my note?"

No, Agnes got no note," replied her father; "and one of the passengers told me he had seen you enter the train some minutes before it started. You were in one of the first carriages, he said, and they were smashed and nearly all the passengers killed."

"That is quite true," replied Edmund, with a grave face; "but before the train started I received a telegram to say my father was worse, and to beg me to come to him immediately. I wrote a line on the leaf of my pocketbook, to tell Agnes what had happened, and gave it to poor Souther who was sitting by my side, begging him to let Agnes have it at once; but I suppose the poor fellow was killed. I then went to my father, who died at two o'clock this morning, and as soon as I could get away I came home. So my poor little wife has passed a night of widowhood and misery! Agnes, have you no word for me now I have returned?"

Agnes raised her pale, tear-stained face to his with a look of tranquil joy, too deep for words, whispering: "Oh, Edmund! it made it so trebly dreadful to think we parted in anger!"

How Old Peter Bennet Won His Case. If Alexander H. Stephens should be at home and his mind not absorbed by public affairs, the visitor will find him one of the best and most prolific anecdotalists of the day. One story—alas that he cannot sit in the types to tell it!—is the Peter Bennet case.

"That ain't nothin', for no piece of paper ever made a doctor yet." "Ask my patients," shouted the now furious physician.

"This was the conventional straw that seemed to break the back of the orator's patience. "Ask your patients!" he said, in slow, mournful deliberation. "Ask your patients? Why they are all dead." Then in rapid declamation, he named case after case, well known, but mostly among the negro servants of his neighbors, where his opponent had treated them and their owners buried them, and continued: "Ask your patients! Why, I would have to seek them in the lonesome churchyard, and rap on the silent tomb to get answers from the dead. You know they can't say nothin' to this case, for you've killed them all!"

The applause closed the speech, and the defendant won his case.—C. W. Cleveland in Harper's Magazine for February.

The Education of the Presidents. The Syracuse University Herald has made up the following table of Presidents and their places of education, which is of interest: Washington—Good English education, but never studied the ancient language. Adams—Harvard. Jefferson—William and Mary. Madison—Princeton. Monroe—William and Mary. Adams, J. Q.—Harvard. Jackson—Limited education. Van Buren—Academic education. Harrison—Hamplien Sidney College. Tyler—William and Mary. Polk—University of North Carolina. Taylor—Slightest rudiments. Fillmore—Not liberally educated. Pierce—Bowdoin. Buchanan—Dickinson. Lincoln—Education very limited. Johnson—Self educated. Grant—West Point. Monroe and Harrison did not graduate, Monroe left college to join the Revolutionary army. Financial reverses deprived Harrison of a full course. Polk was the oldest when graduating, being 23; Tyler the youngest, 17. The majority graduated at 20, this being the average age. Jefferson probably had the most liberal education and broadest culture. It is said that his range of knowledge would compare favorably with that of Burke. The drill at West Point may be considered equal to a college course, and in many respects superior. In discipline and mathematical training it is not equaled by any American college. Counting Gen. Grant two-thirds of our Presidents have been college men. To be sure the two whose names have become household words, Washington, the Father, and Lincoln, the Martyr, were not liberally educated; but theirs were special missions. They live in the affections of the nation rather than in the intellect, as embodied in the Constitution and laws. Theirs was to execute, not to mould.

The Difference. A yankee never eats anything that he can sell, and a southern man never sells anything that he can eat. We see Irish potatoes in our market brought from the North and our farmers are buying them at one dollar and a half a bushel. The man who raised the potatoes in the North gathered one hundred dollars an acre. The man who buys them here gathers in cotton perhaps fifteen dollars an acre, with twice the labor.

The fact is, our people must begin new. A shilling is a bigger thing than they think it is. A spirit of more rigid economy must pervade all departments of our affairs. Do you save your raw hides? Do you patch your own shoes? Do you make your own baskets? What has become of looms and spinning wheels? Do you get your own shingles to cover your own houses? Where are the whip saws? Time was when forty cents would make an old ass as good as new. Now a new one a dollar and a half is the go. You can make your own tobacco if you will. Where is the wheat?

A shilling is a big thing. Stop your spending. Make more and spend less, or your places that now know you will soon know you no more. Alter your habits or prepare to take up your beds and walk. Get ready for your home-stalls or quit your folly. To the women we say, that a pretty woman with a checked homespun dress on is pretty. We always felt a liking for such. With these hints we stop.

Pleasant Paragraphs. The key to the penitentiary—whiskey. Laziness travels so slowly that poverty soon overtakes her. The day on which idle men work and fools reform is—to-morrow. Cheek wins in this world, especially if the cheek is dimpled and rosy. It is said that figures won't lie; but the figures of some women are very deceptive, to say the least. A milkman accounted for the weakness of his milk by saying that the cows got caught in the rain. The revival feeling is spreading, but it hasn't yet got down deep enough to affect arrears on country newspaper books. A Danbury man had a bag of oats last week, which he calls the Seal as, as they won't have to be sown. Some one stole them. Teacher—"What is the definition of flirtation?" Intelligent young pupil—"It is attention without intention." "This is too serious a matter to make light of," as the whale remarked to the man who was dipping oil out of his head. "Time softens all things," except the young man who thumps with a cane and whistles in the car. Nothing can make him softer than he is ready. "I understood," said a deacon to a neighbor, "that you are becoming a hard drinker." "That is a slander," replied the neighbor, "for no man can drink easier." "I stand upon the soil of freedom!" cried a stump orator. "No," exclaimed the shoemaker, "you stand in a pair of boots that have never been paid for." Detroit policemen don't seem to be very good marksmen. "I want you either to hit me or stop that blamed racket," said a thief in that city, at whom a policeman was shooting. "Teddy, my boy, just guess how many cheeses there is in this ere bag an' faith I'll give you the whole five." "Five," said Teddy. "Arrah, by my sowl, bad luck to the man who tould you!" "If you don't patch up those walls so that I can keep warm, I will go, too," exclaimed the only remaining prisoner in the Madisonville, Ky., jail the other day. His mokest request was granted. If there is anything in this world calculated to make a man forget that he's been to hear Moody and Sankey on the previous evening, it is to bounce cheerily out of bed in the morning and light on the business end of a tack. "Sure," cried an Irishman, "an' I'm heir to a splendid estate under my father's will. When he died, he ordered me brother to divide the house wid me; an', by St. Patrick, he did it—for he tuk the inside himself, and gave me the outside." A newspaper contains an announcement to this effect: "Wanted, at this office, a bull-dog of good size, sound teeth, and ferocious disposition, that will attend to his business, and take his pound of flesh from the man who soils our floor with tobacco juice and steals our newspapers." The time for a man to stand firmly by Job's example is when he washes his face with home-made soap and begins to paw around under the chairs with his eyes shut, inquiring for a towel, quick, and is told that the towel is in the drawer, but the keys are lost. A man in New Hampshire who wants to sell his farm, says it contains fifty acres, and that 300 tons of hay can be cut from it yearly; that the trunks of the trees on the place are as large as a horsehead, running up 200 feet to the lowest limbs; that there is a fine pond where the fish are so plenty that they draw tench other out upon the shore, where they remain and die. The man is anxious to sell, but for no reason except that he has another estate just like it.

THE MONROE ENQUIRER
PUBLISHED BY
W. C. WOLFE,
Editor and Proprietor.

MONROE, N. C. MARCH 13, 1876.

OUR TERMS FOR 1876.
The following terms of subscription have been adopted by us, and will be strictly adhered to:

SUBSCRIPTION:
One year in advance, \$2.00.
Six months, 1.25.
Three months, .75.

Parties subscribing for three or six months and if, at the expiration of the time paid for, they continue for one year from beginning will be given the benefit of the excess charged for shorter periods, and will thus get the paper one year for \$2.00.

SUBSCRIPTION:
If paid in advance, 1 year, \$2.00.
If not paid before 6 months, 2.25.
If not paid before close of year, 2.50.

Subscriptions for shorter periods than 12 months must be paid in advance.

A cross mark will always be put opposite the address when the subscription expires.

For Job Work, Cash on delivery.
For transient Advertising, cash in advance.
Contract Advertising, payable quarterly.

DEMOCRATIC ORGANIZATION.

THE MIGHTY INTERESTS AT STAKE.

Democrats of North Carolina! Hear us when we assure you that, upon you, your vigilance and prudence, energy and liberality, during the year just opening, in all probability, depend upon God the destinies of our republic, the weal or woe of forty millions of people. Mark it. Time will establish the truth of every word we utter. Four years more of Ulysses usurpation and debauchery, and this country will not be worth saving. The free spirit of our people will be broken forever, their pride and self-respect destroyed beyond all hope of restoration. Public and private virtue, national dignity, individual honor and common decency will be things of the past. Our boasted liberty will be but maggoty carrion on the world's highways, compelling each passer-by to hold his nose with a nut-cracker. Our once fiery-eyed, dauntless eagle will be a defunct dominion; or drag out the wretched remnant of his days, as a sick and filth-gorged buzzard. Tyranny, corruption, poverty and shame will reign supreme and undisputed, from ocean to ocean and from the great lakes to the gulf. We have already traveled far down the wreck-and-skeleton-strewn road from which no republic ever returned. There is no outrage, no indignity, no imposition or extortion, that somewhere and sometime we have not already borne. Nigger troopers have stood guard over scores of free-born American citizens languishing in our own Carolina bastilles. And in many regions of the south-to-day plantations as rich and beautiful as ever the sun looked down upon, go begging at a dollar an acre. Can ruin or Hayti be far ahead? The ingenuity of fiends and pirates combined can invent no refinement of insolent barbarity, malignant diabolism and ruthless oppression and spoliation, that some portion of our noble land has not already endured. Relief must come, and that speedily, or we look to Mexico for a continuation of our history—encroachments of power, popular apathy, official robbery and extravagance, military brigandage, anarchy, despotism, a'ject misery, decay, and final moral, social and political death. This year must witness our deliverance; or it will be eternally too late. The defeat of Grantism is the only hope. It can be achieved by a union of all opposing elements, of all true lovers of the government and country of our fathers, of all patriot upholders of right and haters of wrong. And it can be done in no other way under heaven. Shall we throw away, by our indifference, our stupidity, our blundering, folly and niggardliness, the last chance we shall probably ever have to free our country and our countrymen? Salvation on the one hand—Perdition on the other. Life, liberty, honor, peace, prosperity and happiness, here—Confusion, misrule, bankruptcy, enslavement, shame, death, rotteness and political damnation, there. Choose ye, this day, between them. The contest will be close. North Carolina's nine electoral votes will, in all human probability, be enough to decide it. Brethren! Awake to the fearful responsibility. In the estimates of northern statisticians, our state is set down as radical. All the power of the administration will be concentrated to make her so. Money will be poured out like water; the ablest

and most artful demagogues will perambulate our whole domain; every device and appliance of political strategy will be used against us. The handling of \$350,000,000 a year of national revenues, for four years, is worth a mighty and bitter struggle; and might and bitter will certainly be. But we can triumph, if we will. Organization, vigilance and work must be our watch-words. All wranglings must cease. Every man must stand to his post. Shoot deserters on the spot. The people must be aroused. Their apathy comes from ignorance of the vast issues at stake. Information must be disseminated. Papers must be distributed. Our ablest speakers must be enlisted, and appointments for them made and advertised for weeks or months before hand. *Raleigh Sentinel.*

A BELKNAP CASE IN NORTH CAROLINA.

A recent issue of the Raleigh News contained an editorial intimation that an astounding revelation of fraud in one of the departments of the State government was looked for speedily. The Raleigh correspondent (March 6) of the Petersburg Index & Appeal who signs himself as "N. S." gives the following explanation of the rumor referred to:

"Before the last Legislature the law required the Secretary of State to prepare a list of stationery, blank books, &c., wanted, and to publish the same in the newspapers, calling for bids; and requiring the Secretary to let the contract out to the lowest bidder, but it now turns out that by some means he succeeded in having the law changed by the last Legislature—giving the Secretary power to purchase, using his discretion in regard to quality and price. So last year there were no advertisements put for stationery, &c. So the Secretary takes a trip North early in the fall, and buys a large lot of stationery and blank books, amounting to between \$12,000 and \$15,000. * * * Well, every thing works on very well (for how long) until he returns and the goods are delivered. The bills were all made out as I understand (according to agreement with Howerton) certified to by the Secretary of State, Seal of the State, &c., all put on in style.

The bills were then passed over to the State Auditor, who, although a Radical, is as honest as the days are long, and can be justly called "Honest John." The Auditor, Mr. John Reilly, a keen and shrewd man examined the bills, thought every thing charged was exorbitant, and saw at once that the State was about to be swindled; so he refused to admit the accounts and to give warrants on the State Treasury for the money. He "smelt a mouse," so shortly after a gentleman happened to be in his office, who knew all about the wholesale and retail prices of papers, inks, pens, penholders, &c., &c., and Honest John asked him the price of lead pencils, ink erasers, rubber bands, &c., by the gross, which the gentleman gave, thinking he would sell a small bill to the auditor. Honest John put the prices all down, so when the gentleman left he compared prices to the New York bill and found there (the retail prices) much lower than the wholesale New York (Howerton) prices. Honest John informed the Governor that something was wrong about the bill, and he did not think the State ought to be robbed in that way. So the Governor called a meeting of his council, consulting of the Secretary of State, Treasurer, Auditor, and Superintendent of Public Instructions; they sent for a gentleman who knew about prices of paper, &c., showed him samples and asked prices. They were readily given, and to their astonishment, found to be 30 per cent. lower than the New York bills. So the council concluded to summon three disinterested parties to set the prices to all the articles named in the bills.

After working over the bills for three or four days, the blank book bill was reduced over \$600. The same books, of much better work and better paper, are furnished here at prices given by the parties. The stationery bill was cut down between \$1,200 and \$1,500. Many items in the bills were not touched by the committee for want of proper judgment as the prices, but were charged at stealing rates. Honest John, the Auditor, says he is very sorry that the Legislature did not meet here this winter, and if it had, he "would be G—d—n if he didn't have Howerton impeached." He says he ought to be kicked out of office. All the prominent Republicans here are down on Howerton, and denounce him in bitter terms.

A correspondent of the Robesonian recommends Hon. Z. B. Vance for Governor and J. C. Gorham, Esq., for Lieut. Governor.

PRESIDENTIAL BASENESS.

President Grant has shown in many of his personal affairs too much wisdom for him to find exemption now from arraignment for the follies and crimes of these latter days in the plea that he was imposed on by men whom he thought to be honest and true. He must have ascertained Babcock's complicity with the whiskey frauds, yet he retains Babcock in his personal service. He assisted Belknap in his attempt to escape punishment for his crimes. And when Belknap was allowed to resign, in flagrant violation of propriety, and the oath of office, he supplied his place instantly by a man against whom is brought the gravest charges, and who may be impeached like Belknap within the next two weeks for high crimes and misdemeanors. The committee appointed to investigate the expenses of the Navy Department are even now examining the records of that office. What a unfit person is Mr. Robeson to place in charge of the affairs of the War Department!

The country is tired of making excuses for the President. It is sickened of him, and now believes him to be as bad as the men he has around him—men for whom he has not scrupled to apologize, and whom he dismisses with reluctance, nearly always giving them a certificate of character. This he may not do any more, but it will be because he is more knave than fool.

1776 AND 1876.

Here is a plain and practical device for a grand national banner which should be hung out in front of the grand entrance of the Centennial Exhibition at Philadelphia, to mark the exact progress which we have made in one hundred years of existence as a united people.

The Spirit of 1776—"I am not a rich man, but poor as I a," is the King of Great Britain is not rich enough to buy me."—Joseph Reed of Pennsylvania, to the British Commissioners.

The Spirit of 1876—"My wife must have diamonds and lace enough to shine at Long Branch and Washington. Pay may, therefore, \$10,000 down and \$6,000 a year, and you shall have the exclusive right to sell supplies to the soldiers of the United States on the frontier at your own rates."—William W. Belknap, Secretary of War under Grant, to a "Secret-trader" at Fort Sill.—N. Y. World.

Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 8.

The position of Secretary of War has been tendered to Senator L. M. Morrill, of Maine. This places Blaine in the Senate for Mr. Morrill's unexpired term.

A prominent member of the House, and a member of the Investigating committee, thinks three of the seven members of the Cabinet will be impeached.

Evidence of Pierrepoint's interference in favor of Babcock, is in the hands of the Judiciary committee of the House, and almost conclusive impeachment is possible.

Gideon Wells will be before the Naval committee on Thursday to testify about the Secor claim.

Wm. Tomlinson, brother of Mrs. Belknap, was before the grand jury two hours to-day.

Belknap gave \$25,000 bail at 4 o'clock, and returned home. The Grand Jury still have the case under consideration.

SENATE—A resolution was offered to adjourn both houses on the first of May, and referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. Ferry, the President pro tem of the Senate, has caused the door keepers to be notified that Pinchback is no longer entitled to the privileges of the floor of the Senate. This action is thought harsh and hasty, especially as the poor fellow's case may come up to-day on a motion to reconsider.

To-day at noon, Major Richards, Chief of Police, made a formal arrest of Belknap, and brought him into the police court. Belknap was accompanied by his counsel, Mr. Carpenter, who said they waived an examination, and were disposed to give bail for Belknap's appearance in court. Judge Snell fixed the amount at \$25,000, when the parties retired to arrange the bail. Mr. Belknap shows by his movements the short time he was in the court room that he was much depressed in spirit, covering his face with his hands and sighing deeply.

The appointment of Judge Taft to the Secretaryship of War, shows that Grant has felt the cold waters of the tidal wave rising above his shoe tops. Taft is believed to be an honest man and he is a man of greater intellectual calibre certainly than his predecessor.

PRESIDENTIAL BASENESS.

President Grant has at last begun to realize the gravity of the situation in which he has placed himself, and now denies that, at the time he so hastily accepted Mr. Belknap's resignation, he knew of his guilt and asserts that he thought, from Mr. Belknap's statement, that the guilty criminals were members of his family, for whose sets he felt obliged to assume the responsibility. The President denies also that he knew when he accepted Mr. Belknap's resignation that any committee of Congress was investigating his conduct. Of this statement it is sufficient to say that few men in the country will believe it to be true. President Grant cannot escape the odium inseparable from his attempt to shield Mr. Belknap from punishment.

Says the Baltimore Gazette: "For the sake of the dignity of humanity we rejoice that there is one man who stands erect in Washington amid the wreck of the administration. That man is Bristow. From first to last he seemed to have done his duty as a capable and conscientious officer, and as an honest man. It is a sad thing for a man to be isolated by simple honesty, but it is a fact. Bristow stands like a sort of Robinson Crusoe in his loneliness, or like Marsus, sitting among the ruins of everything respectable in his party."

Pretty general information from Washington is that three of the seven members of the Cabinet will be impeached. These are Belknap, Robeson and Pierrepoint. There is strong evidence going to show that the two latter are as impeachable as the Secretary of War.

Ex-Secretary Delano and his son John will be before the House committee for selling trading stations on the Indian reservations.

OUTLINES.

Banks hoard fractional currency. — Wife of Senator Burnside, of Rhode Island, is dead. — Reason to believe England will demand reparation for losses sustained through Emma Mine swindle by her citizens. — Rev. Grant denies Durfee and Peck's allegations. — State and Territorial Democratic organizations are requested to report at once to the Resident National Committee at Washington, Meister, Clymer, Chairman, James Harvey, Secretary. — New York markets, March 10th: Cotton 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ @12 15-16; gold, 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ @14 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Quite a large number of old people were buried at an Asylum for the poor at Williamsburgh, N. Y. — The revolution in Mexico excites the people on the Texas border. — Impeachment of three Cabinet Ministers is possible. — Clymer Robbins and Blackburn, of Congress investigating committee, were before Criminal Court of the District of Columbia to make statement in Belknap case. — Marsh says he is preparing full statement. — Judge Alphonso Taft, of Ohio, appointed Secretary of War. — A rather interesting colloquy took place yesterday in the House on the appearance of the War Department investigating committee. — Judge Black declines to act as counsel for Belknap's defence, saying "there is nothing to defend."

Way freight and passenger train on Harper's Ferry Branch B. & O. R. R., in crossing a bridge was wrecked and eleven persons were killed and quite a number burned and otherwise injured, Monday night. — Resolution passed Congress providing for investigation as to whether any officer of Government tried to exert influence in Babcock trial and other key cases. — St. Louis Times contains exposure of Orville Grant's connection with the post trading business. — R. H. Dana nominated Minister to England, vice Schenck resigned. — Belknap's counsel (Black Blair and Carpenter) will demur before Senate as to jurisdiction. — Postmaster General up to answer for straw bids. — Marsh is in Montreal. — At Wilmington, Del. three persons killed by premature explosion at stone quarry. — Two little girls abducted by one-armed man from New York. — Ryder, Chairman of Board of Selectmen of Dunbarton, N. H., has demurred, leaving finances unsatisfactory. — The English pleased with Dana's appointment. — Formal arrest of Belknap yesterday. — Clean breast made of the safe burglary conspiracy. — Sensation gossip about intended arrest of Schenck by English vessel. — Destructive fire in Chicago. — Yesterday lower House of Congress passed act exempting witnesses in impeachment trial from arrest in criminal court. — Legislative and Executive Appropriation bill, reported yesterday; making reduction of eight millions. — Pinchback finally beaten in the Senate by a vote of 32 to 29. — Grave charges are made against Secretary of State Howerton concerning purchase of stationery in New York.

STEAM SAW MILL.

The undersigned has in full operation at Ames Turn Out, on the C. C. Railway, six miles East of Monroe, a Steam Saw Mill and Single Machine, where he is prepared to furnish the public with first-class lumber of any size, Lathes for Planing, and Shingles of any size, from 1 to 8 inches wide and from 18 to 30 inches long. A Cotton Gin is also attached. For prices or other particulars, address H. W. SIMPSON, Ames Turn Out, C. C. Ry. Feb. 8, 76-37-6m.

PIANOS!

Of almost any Make and Price.

CABINET ORGANS!

Of almost any Make and Price.

SEWING MACHINES!

Of almost any Make and Price.

INCLUDING THE

Light Running "Domestic," "Weed," "Victor," "Wilson," "Singer," — AND — "HOME SHUTTLE."

FOR SALE AT

THE ENQUIRER OFFICE,

FOR LESS THAN

Manufacturer's Prices.

Having made the necessary arrangements for procuring the above instruments on terms that will enable us to sell them at less than Manufacturer's or Agent's prices, we call the attention of our readers to the fact that they will work to their own interest by consulting with us when in want of such goods, before buying elsewhere. Catalogues and Price Lists describing any Instrument can be seen on application. Be sure and give us a trial.

W. C. WOLFE.

March 6, 1876.

B. D. HEATH & CO.,

ATTENTION!

DEALERS in Merchandise generally, once more invite the attention of their many customers to the fact that they are now selling at unusually low prices in their varied stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, in fact, almost everything kept in a first-class general store. We make a specialty of FLOUR, TONIC, and FEEDS, and will have on hand and to arrive in the next ten days,

400 BARRELS FLOUR,

which was bought for cash, and will be sold lower than the lowest. We only ask a call and examination of same. To convince the closest buyer, we will sell you a barrel of Flour at \$6.25, a common barrel at \$5.50. We also keep constantly on hand a large stock of Zeils and Wando

FERTILIZERS,

which we sell at reasonable prices, payable in Molding Cotton, at 15 cents per pound last November next. Our

TERMS ARE CASH

for everything except Fertilizers. We find from experience that the pay-down system is the best for both buyer and seller, from the fact that every tub then sets on its own bottom. Otherwise, one that will pay have to pay a large per cent to make up losses on those who do not pay. All we ask is, when you come to Monroe, call and get our price before you buy.

B. D. HEATH & CO.,
Monroe, N. C.
March 6-40-4f.

\$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Orth's Patent Fire and Burglar Alarm. Agents, Augusta, Maine.

A FARM OF YOUR OWN IS THE BEST

REMEDY FOR HARD TIMES!

FREE HOMESTEADS — AND THE —

BEST AND CHEAPEST RAILROAD LAND

IN THE STATE OF NEBRASKA.

Union Pacific Rail-Road, IN NEBRASKA.

Secure a Home now. Full information sent free to all parts of the world. Address O. P. DAVIS, Land Commissioner, U. P. R. R., Omaha, Neb.

MINI-READING, PSYCHOMANCY, FASCINATION, TRICKS, SOUL JARROUING, MEMORIZATION, and MAGIC CURES, showing how either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affection of any person they choose instantly. 400 pages. By mail 50 cts. Hunt & Co., 130 S. 7th St., Phila.

\$77 per week guaranteed to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and Full free. Address: P. O. VICKORY & CO., Augusta, Maine.

\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Sum. sent free. 1000 words worth \$1 free. S. M. H. & Co., Portland, Me.

FITS & EPILEPSY

POSITIVELY CURED.

The worst cases of the longest standing, by using

DR. HEBBARD'S CURE.

IT HAS CURED THOUSANDS,

and will give \$1,000 for a case it will not benefit. A bottle sent free to all addressing J. E. HEBBARD, Chemist, Office, 1305 Broadway, New York.

Ten years ago Messrs. Geo. P. Rowell & Co. established their advertising agency in New York City. Five years ago they absorbed the business conducted by Mr. John Hooper, who was the first to go into this kind of enterprise. Now they have the satisfaction of controlling the most extensive and complete advertising connection which has ever been secured, and one which would be hardly possible in any other country but this. They have succeeded in working down a complex business into so thoroughly systematic a method that no change in the newspaper system of America can escape notice, while the widest information upon all topics interesting to advertisers is placed readily at the disposal of the public.

NEW YORK TIMES, June 14, 1875.

STEAM SAW MILL.

The undersigned has in full operation at Ames Turn Out, on the C. C. Railway, six miles East of Monroe, a Steam Saw Mill and Single Machine, where he is prepared to furnish the public with first-class lumber of any size, Lathes for Planing, and Shingles of any size, from 1 to 8 inches wide and from 18 to 30 inches long. A Cotton Gin is also attached. For prices or other particulars, address H. W. SIMPSON, Ames Turn Out, C. C. Ry. Feb. 8, 76-37-6m.

PIANOS!

Of almost any Make and Price.

CABINET ORGANS!

Of almost any Make and Price.

SEWING MACHINES!

Of almost any Make and Price.

INCLUDING THE

Light Running "Domestic," "Weed," "Victor," "Wilson," "Singer," — AND — "HOME SHUTTLE."

FOR SALE AT

THE ENQUIRER OFFICE,

FOR LESS THAN

Manufacturer's Prices.

Having made the necessary arrangements for procuring the above instruments on terms that will enable us to sell them at less than Manufacturer's or Agent's prices, we call the attention of our readers to the fact that they will work to their own interest by consulting with us when in want of such goods, before buying elsewhere. Catalogues and Price Lists describing any Instrument can be seen on application. Be sure and give us a trial.

W. C. WOLFE.

March 6, 1876.

B. D. HEATH & CO.,

ATTENTION!

DEALERS in Merchandise generally, once more invite the attention of their many customers to the fact that they are now selling at unusually low prices in their varied stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, in fact, almost everything kept in a first-class general store. We make a specialty of FLOUR, TONIC, and FEEDS, and will have on hand and to arrive in the next ten days,

400 BARRELS FLOUR,

which was bought for cash, and will be sold lower than the lowest. We only ask a call and examination of same. To convince the closest buyer, we will sell you a barrel of Flour at \$6.25, a common barrel at \$5.50. We also keep constantly on hand a large stock of Zeils and Wando

FERTILIZERS,

which we sell at reasonable prices, payable in Molding Cotton, at 15 cents per pound last November next. Our

TERMS ARE CASH

for everything except Fertilizers. We find from experience that the pay-down system is the best for both buyer and seller, from the fact that every tub then sets on its own bottom. Otherwise, one that will pay have to pay a large per cent to make up losses on those who do not pay. All we ask is, when you come to Monroe, call and get our price before you buy.

B. D. HEATH & CO.,
Monroe, N. C.
March 6-40-4f.

\$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Orth's Patent Fire and Burglar Alarm. Agents, Augusta, Maine.

A FARM OF YOUR OWN IS THE BEST

REMEDY FOR HARD TIMES!

FREE HOMESTEADS — AND THE —

BEST AND CHEAPEST RAILROAD LAND

IN THE STATE OF NEBRASKA.

Union Pacific Rail-Road, IN NEBRASKA.

Secure a Home now. Full information sent free to all parts of the world. Address O. P. DAVIS, Land Commissioner, U. P. R. R., Omaha, Neb.

CAUDLE & LILES

DEALERS IN General Merchandise,
MONROE, N. C.

Have in Store for the Fall and Winter trade, a full Stock of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, NOTIONS, HARDWARE,

HATS, CAPS, SHOES, Crockery, &c.,

to which they invite the attention of their friends and customers. Having bought their stock at bottom prices, they are enabled to offer bargains, and persons wishing to buy well do well to call and see them before purchasing elsewhere. They sell for CASH altogether from this date, and will have no bad debts to make up on their cash customers. Cotton and other country produce bought and sold. Call and see them, at the corner N. W. of the Court House.

All persons indebted to the firm must come forward and settle up at once.

Nov. 30, 1875-27-4f.

CAROLINA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

WILMINGTON, N. C. Dec. 19, 1876.

SCHEDULE

PASSENGER AND EXPRESS FREIGHT.

Leave Wilmington.....7:00 a. m.
Arrive at Monroe.....6:30 p. m.
Arrive at Charlotte.....7:30 p. m.
Leave Charlotte.....6:30 a. m.
Arrive at Monroe.....8:10 a. m.
Arrive at Wilmington.....7:30 p. m.

LOCAL FREIGHT AND PASSENGER.

Leave Wilmington.....6:00 p. m.
Arrive at Monroe.....8:15 a. m.
Arrive at Charlotte.....10:45 p. m.
Leave Charlotte.....5:30 p. m.
Arrive at Monroe.....7:50 p. m.
Arrive at Wilmington.....10:40 a. m.

LOCAL FREIGHT.

From Wilmington, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
From Charlotte, Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

CONNECTIONS.

Connects at Wilmington with Wilmington & Weldon, and Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta Railroad, Semi-weekly New York and Tri-weekly Baltimore and weekly Philadelphia Steamers, and the River Boats to Fayetteville.

Connects at Charlotte with its Western Division, North Carolina Railroad, Charlotte & Statesville Railroad, Charlotte & Augusta Railroad, and Charlotte, Columbia & Augusta Railroad. Thus supplying the whole West, Northwest and Southwest with a prompt and cheap line to the Seaboard and Europe.

S. L. FREMONT,
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.

THE PEOPLES DRUG STORE

CLOVER, TIMOTHY, AND Orchard Grass Seeds FOR SALE.

Best Soda 3lbs. for 25 cts.

After presenting to all our customers the compliments of the season, with our sincere thanks for their liberal patronage, we desire to inform them all together with the "scattering few" who are not yet our customers that we will soon have in store the largest stock of Drugs, Medicines, and all articles in our line, ever offered to the people of this country.

We have no Old Stock!

All that we offer is **NEW FRESH and PURE,** and will be sold at lower rates than can be secured in North or South Carolina. We intend to sell Drugs like Monroe merchants sell calico—"low for cash." We are headquarters for all goods in our line, and fully intend to carry stock enough to enable us to sell goods cheaper than anybody else.

"Times are Hard," and everybody must buy goods at low rates "for cash." If you want Pure Drugs at low rates, this is the place to buy them. In a few days our large stock of Fresh Garden Seeds will be opened. We have bought enough to supply four counties, and we want everybody to have them. Continue to trade with us, for if we can't suit you in quality and prices it will be useless for you to go any where else.

Those who have not paid their accounts will find it their interest to do so at once.

WORD TO THE WISE IS SUFFICIENT.

BLAIR, WALSH & FLOW.

Read! Read!

In order to reduce our Stock, and to make some other arrangements, we offer, for thirty days,

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF WINTER GOODS.

AT Greatly Reduced Prices FOR CASH,

WE HAVE A NICE LOT OF Ladies Cloaks, Sacques, Ties, &c., &c.

Also Ribbons, Embroideries, and Trimmings at about half former prices.

Come and see them; we know you will buy.

H. M. HOUSTON & CO.
Monroe, N. C.
Dec. 3-1875.

Attention, Planters!

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY!

THE STONO GUANO COMPANY,

Of Charleston, S. C.

OFFER THEIR SUPERIOR Soluble Guano

thoroughly ammoniated, on reasonable terms. Also their

ACID PHOSPHATE,

FOR COMPOSTING, which is unequalled. Recognizing the advantages of cash transactions, we are prepared to make a liberal discount to Grangers and dealers on all orders accompanied by cash.

Any information can be had as to price, terms, analysis, &c., from Messrs. Stack & Moore, Agents at Monroe, N. C.

BINFORD, CROW & CO.,
State Agents for North Carolina, WILMINGTON, N. C.
Jan. 31. 35-2m.

At Old Stand.

Having bought the interest of Mr. R. W. Shelton in the business lately conducted by Sehora & Bradeen, I take this method of informing the public that I can be found at the old stand, where I keep on hand at all times, a full supply of

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

Cigars, Tobacco, **LAGER BEER, &c.**

Be sure and give me a call, and you will be satisfied. Next door to Central Hotel, Monroe, N. C.

A. R. BRADEEN.
March 6-40-15.

FOR RENT!

A very desirable STORE ROOM on Depot street, near business part of town. Suitable for a Millinery establishment or Confectionery.

Apply to

HORACE SMITH,
March 6-40-1f.

PHILADELPHIA LAGER BEER

BASS PALE ALE

and would be glad to have friends call and see me.

J. MILLEN STEWART.
Feb. 26, 39-1m.

JOB WORK

NEATLY EXECUTED AT THE OFFICE.

MONROE ENQUIRER.

Local Matters.

For the first time in about 18 months the Union county jail is without a prisoner.

PAINTFUL ACCIDENT.—We learn that Jimmie a little son of Dr. B. S. Traywick of this place fell from a piazza on last Thursday and broke his arm.

We notice a good deal of painting and brushing up around the town. Among others, the District Parsonage and Col. Walkup's residence have been painted and repaired.

THE CHANGE OF SCHEDULE, as published by us last week, by which one of the night trains on the C. C. R. Y was suspended, has been revoked, and these trains still run daily, Sundays excepted.

ECLIPSE OF THE MOON.—There was a partial eclipse of the moon on last Friday morning, beginning a few minutes after 12 o'clock and lasting about two hours.

GLASS FRONT.—We notice a glass front is being put in the room adjoining W. H. Smith & Co.'s Drug Store, Horace Smith will shortly occupy this room with a stock of Watches, Jewelry, Clocks &c.

SOME half-dozen tracts of land were sold for taxes on last Monday by the Sheriff. The most of those whose lands have been advertised in the Enquirer had settled the taxes due before the day of sale.

THE Stockton Mine which was sold at public sale in this place on last Monday was bid of by M. Osborn at \$1,500. The other tracts of land sold did not bring their value. It is not likely the sales will be confirmed.

AN INSANE MAN COMMITS SUICIDE.—On last Tuesday evening Mr. Stephen Hasty, who has been confined in the jail at this place on account of insanity until arrangements could be made for his removal to Raleigh, took off a portion of his clothing, and, making a rope of them, hung himself to a bar across the window of his cell. He was not discovered until entirely dead.

CHANGING HANDS.—A trade was made a few days ago between Messrs. J. J. Hasty and R. W. Schorn, whereby the residence lately occupied by J. J. Hasty, become the property of R. W. Schorn who has moved it back about seventy-five feet from the front, and will build a business house on the front corner. Hasty in return gets the residence now occupied by Schorn, and \$1000 dollars for boot.

TEMPERANCE LECTURES.—At the Good Templar's Hall in this place on last Monday night, a very respectable audience assembled to hear to uperance addresses from Rev. C. M. Pepper and Dr. W. C. Ramsey. The addresses were both very fine, and no doubt had a good effect. At the close of the meeting applications were taken for about twenty new members. The Lodge in this place is in a very prosperous condition, is growing rapidly, and is certainly accomplishing much good.

GOOD TEMPLAR'S ENTERTAINMENT.—On Thursday night last, the Good Templars presented to the people of our town the best Entertainment that has been given here lately. It was a Drama, entitled "Saved," and showed the career of a young man in high life, who, on his wedding day, tasted for the first time, intoxicating liquor presented to his lips by the hands of his bride; his downward course on the way to poverty, disgrace and ruin, both socially and physically. He is finally taken hold of by the Order of Good Templars and saved from a drunkard's grave and brought back to his right mind—restored to his lost manhood. The characters were well sustained throughout, and we think every one who was present will agree with us that it was a success. The hall was crowded, and we are glad to say, every body kept good order. Music was made by the Monroe Cornet and Excelsior String Bands. We hope the drama, "Saved," will have a good effect upon the young men of Monroe, and cause them to pause ere they quaff the sparkling cup that in the end "stingeth like a serpent and biteth like an adder." Beware, young man, of the wine cup; it may prove your everlasting destruction if you do not shun it.

A CARD.—As it has been currently reported that I have closed my Gallery, I take this method to state that the rumor is false. I am now prepared to make better pictures than ever, and I make picture frames of all descriptions at prices so low that everybody can have their pictures framed.

For the Enquirer.

Ma. Editor.—I see in the last issue of the Enquirer a notice stating that the N. C. Home Insurance Co. had paid me the amount of insurance I had in that Company, before the City Fire Insurance Co., of Richmond, paid. This is a mistake. The N. C. Company has not yet settled, but has only adjusted the losses and agreed to pay the same within 90 days from date of adjustment, according to the terms of the policy. The Richmond Co. agreed to pay within 60 days, but paid before the time expired, as I have no doubt the N. C. Company will do. The above statement is made in justice to both Companies.

N. C. STATE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.—We call attention to the article signed "Carolinian" which was published in the Charlotte Observer some weeks ago in relation to the above Company. This article is a true statement of plain facts, which shows that this company is worthy of the confidence of the public. Their Local Agent at this place, Col. S. H. Walkup, whose character is too well known to need any commendation at our hands, and who shows his confidence in the company by taking stock in it, will be pleased to furnish estimates or take application for Life Policies.

SOUTHERN LIFE INSURANCE Co.—The Directors at their late meeting assessed the stockholders 40 per cent, and appointed two agents, the late Secretaries of the Company at Memphis and at Atlanta, to go to work and ascertain if they could not effect some kind of compromise with the creditors. These can make nothing by forcing the property of the company to sale, since at the present time the property would go at an enormous sacrifice. If a compromise of any kind can be made, it is hoped that the company can be re-instated to its former position among the insurance companies of the country, and resume business. By this means the policy holders at least would be protected, and preferred stock could be issued to creditors.—Observer.

COUNTY MATTERS.—At a meeting of the County Commissioners held on Monday, the 6th inst., at which all the Commissioners were present, a petition was presented, signed by 180 voters of Sandy Ridge Township, requesting that an election be held in that Township on the first Monday in May to see whether or not spirituous liquors may be sold in that Township. The Commissioners ordered the election to be held on said date, and appointed T. J. Ezell and T. L. Cuthbertson Managers at Wolfesville, and J. R. Hudson and E. J. Krieger Managers at Davis Mine.

B. M. Presson and J. M. Shelby applied for license to retail liquors, but were refused. Other matters of minor importance were before the Board. The following is the list of Jurors drawn for the Spring Term of our Superior Court, which will convene on the 2d Monday in April, (the 10th inst):

- FIRST WEEK. J. W. Hamilton, Zackariah Parker, E. N. Cartaway, Clark Harkey, Chas. Broom, M. R. Griffin, Jno. E. Brooks, D. W. Reed, N. M. Beckham, B. D. Heath, John C. Austin, B. E. Austin, J. H. Walsh, A. R. Pritchard, Hiram Secrest, Jno. C. Sikas, Andrew Moore, S. H. Parker, Wm. McWhorter, H. T. Rosa, Josiah Austin, Coleman Lee, J. H. Winchester, Samuel Stevens, Adam Wolfe, H. T. Bancroft, T. J. Eason, Lemuel Presson, Jacob C. Mullis, Chapman Hill, W. M. Caudle, J. W. Godwin, Jacob Orten, N. W. Biven, A. G. Davis, M. A. Moore.

- SECOND WEEK. Robt. H. McCorkle, H. W. Simpson, W. E. Therrell, J. H. Presson, W. P. Ross, J. J. M. Heath, Jno. S. Lee, John Foard, W. H. Trotter, Adam Long, S. M. Blythe, J. S. Marsh, A. L. Osborn, E. L. Smith, H. B. Griffin, James Clontz, Caswell Helms, M. Austin.

No EXCUSE FOR BEING SICK.—No person can use Boschee's German Syrup without getting into ease and cure. We have the first case of Coughs, Colds or Consumption, or any disease of the Throat and Lungs, yet to hear from that has not been cured. We have distributed every year, for three years, over 250,000 Sample Bottles by Druggists in all parts of the United States. No other Manufacturer of Medicines ever gave their preparations such a test as this. Go to your Druggists, Blair Walsh and Flow, and get a bottle for 75 cents and try it.—Two doses will relieve you. Samples Bottles 10 cents each.

State News.

The cry goes up all over the State that Vance must be the next Governor. They say that the North Carolina delegation in Congress compares favorably with the best there.

The sewing machine factory at Shelby, N. C. turns out eight machines a day.

Several papers of the State have nominated Zeb. Vance for Governor and Gen. W. R. Cox for Lieut. Governor.

Rev. De Witt Talmage will deliver Literary address and preach the annual sermon at the coming Commencement at Trinity College, in June.

SPRINT JUSTICE.—Wm. Bryce cold of Lancaster County, S. C. went to Charlotte last Tuesday and stole a pair of shears from Bram Brown & Co. He was immediately arrested, and court being in session was tried next day, and sentenced to the penitentiary for two years. All within less than twenty-four hours.

FATAL FIGHT.—Two negroes, Peter Medley and Jo Pratt, working on Mr. John Spencer's plantation—both drunk—engaged in a fight on Monday night, which resulted in Medley's being knocked down with a club and Pratt being so severely cut that he cannot recover. Dr. Battle, who was called to see him, found his bowels and left lung protruding from the wound.—P. D. Herald.

Another saw mill gets the best of it. Up in Morganton last week Mr. R. B. Gudger, who has charge of Mr. Presswell's saw mill, undertook to stop the saw after the water had been shut off, by placing his foot on the side of the saw, and now he hasn't got but eight toes to "stamp." This from the Blade.

The Blade says that one of the colored convicts at work on the Western Insane Asylum at Morganton, met with a horrible death last week. They were hauling some very heavy logs up a steep hill when the wagon overset as he walked beside it and one of the logs fell with its full force across his body, killing him instantly. He never spoke but once.

SUDDEN DEATH.—We learn that while William Davis, aged 70 years, was being examined in a case on trial before Robeson Court, at Lumberton, yesterday, he suddenly complained of a pain in the back of his neck, and almost instantly fell dead to the floor. It is believed that death was caused by the rupture of a blood vessel or by an embolism in or about the medulla oblongata or base of the brain, and that it was probably superinduced by the unusual excitement incident to his examination. The sad occurrence caused much commotion in the Courtroom and throughout the community.

Our Snow Hill correspondent informs us that on last Thursday morning, the 2d inst., at 3 o'clock, the courthouse in that town was discovered to be in flames, and in less than two hours it was a smouldering ruin. Every record in the office of the Register of Deeds was destroyed, as was also every article in the sheriff's office. More than half the records and documents in the office of the Superior Court Clerk were also consumed by the fire. The jail caught fire twice, but by well applied efforts the flames were subdued, and the courthouse is the only building whose loss is to be recorded. The fire was evidently the work of incendiaries. It seems that the funds fired the passage, the courtroom and the Register's office simultaneously. About a year since the county jail was destroyed by fire.

Married. At the residence of the bride's father, near White's Store, on the 7th inst., by H. T. Knotts, Esq., Mr. Wm. C. McCALL, of this place, to Miss WATIE E., daughter of W. E. Horne, Esq. The happy couple have our hearty congratulations, and will please accept our thanks for the plate of nice cake sent us.

Died. In Charlotte, N. C., on the 4th inst., of Consumption, Miss ELLA McLAUGHLIN, daughter of Joseph McLaughlin, Esq.

MONROE MARKET. CORRECTED WEEKLY BY TROTT, CROWELL & CO. MONDAY, March 13. Cotton, 6 a 11; Bacon, 12 a 15; Lard, 18 a 20; Butter, 18 a 20; Cheese, 18 a 20; Pork, 8 a 10; Beef, 5 a 6; Beanswax, 25 a 30; Tallow, 10 a 13; Rice, 10 a 13; Coffee, 25 a 35; Sugar, 10 a 15; S. Potatoes, 80 a 85; I. Potatoes, 85 a 90; Corn, 85 a 90; Meal, 45 a 50; Oats, 45 a 50; Flour, 45 a 50; Flour, sack, 45 a 50; Chickens, 15 a 20; Eggs, doz, 10 a 15.

State News.

The cry goes up all over the State that Vance must be the next Governor. They say that the North Carolina delegation in Congress compares favorably with the best there.

The sewing machine factory at Shelby, N. C. turns out eight machines a day.

Several papers of the State have nominated Zeb. Vance for Governor and Gen. W. R. Cox for Lieut. Governor.

Rev. De Witt Talmage will deliver Literary address and preach the annual sermon at the coming Commencement at Trinity College, in June.

SPRINT JUSTICE.—Wm. Bryce cold of Lancaster County, S. C. went to Charlotte last Tuesday and stole a pair of shears from Bram Brown & Co. He was immediately arrested, and court being in session was tried next day, and sentenced to the penitentiary for two years. All within less than twenty-four hours.

FATAL FIGHT.—Two negroes, Peter Medley and Jo Pratt, working on Mr. John Spencer's plantation—both drunk—engaged in a fight on Monday night, which resulted in Medley's being knocked down with a club and Pratt being so severely cut that he cannot recover. Dr. Battle, who was called to see him, found his bowels and left lung protruding from the wound.—P. D. Herald.

Another saw mill gets the best of it. Up in Morganton last week Mr. R. B. Gudger, who has charge of Mr. Presswell's saw mill, undertook to stop the saw after the water had been shut off, by placing his foot on the side of the saw, and now he hasn't got but eight toes to "stamp." This from the Blade.

The Blade says that one of the colored convicts at work on the Western Insane Asylum at Morganton, met with a horrible death last week. They were hauling some very heavy logs up a steep hill when the wagon overset as he walked beside it and one of the logs fell with its full force across his body, killing him instantly. He never spoke but once.

SUDDEN DEATH.—We learn that while William Davis, aged 70 years, was being examined in a case on trial before Robeson Court, at Lumberton, yesterday, he suddenly complained of a pain in the back of his neck, and almost instantly fell dead to the floor. It is believed that death was caused by the rupture of a blood vessel or by an embolism in or about the medulla oblongata or base of the brain, and that it was probably superinduced by the unusual excitement incident to his examination. The sad occurrence caused much commotion in the Courtroom and throughout the community.

Our Snow Hill correspondent informs us that on last Thursday morning, the 2d inst., at 3 o'clock, the courthouse in that town was discovered to be in flames, and in less than two hours it was a smouldering ruin. Every record in the office of the Register of Deeds was destroyed, as was also every article in the sheriff's office. More than half the records and documents in the office of the Superior Court Clerk were also consumed by the fire. The jail caught fire twice, but by well applied efforts the flames were subdued, and the courthouse is the only building whose loss is to be recorded. The fire was evidently the work of incendiaries. It seems that the funds fired the passage, the courtroom and the Register's office simultaneously. About a year since the county jail was destroyed by fire.

Married. At the residence of the bride's father, near White's Store, on the 7th inst., by H. T. Knotts, Esq., Mr. Wm. C. McCALL, of this place, to Miss WATIE E., daughter of W. E. Horne, Esq. The happy couple have our hearty congratulations, and will please accept our thanks for the plate of nice cake sent us.

Died. In Charlotte, N. C., on the 4th inst., of Consumption, Miss ELLA McLAUGHLIN, daughter of Joseph McLaughlin, Esq.

MONROE MARKET. CORRECTED WEEKLY BY TROTT, CROWELL & CO. MONDAY, March 13. Cotton, 6 a 11; Bacon, 12 a 15; Lard, 18 a 20; Butter, 18 a 20; Cheese, 18 a 20; Pork, 8 a 10; Beef, 5 a 6; Beanswax, 25 a 30; Tallow, 10 a 13; Rice, 10 a 13; Coffee, 25 a 35; Sugar, 10 a 15; S. Potatoes, 80 a 85; I. Potatoes, 85 a 90; Corn, 85 a 90; Meal, 45 a 50; Oats, 45 a 50; Flour, 45 a 50; Flour, sack, 45 a 50; Chickens, 15 a 20; Eggs, doz, 10 a 15.

Passengers of the Pass.—The New York Herald, after giving the names of different papers throughout the country, which have expressed preferences for the prominent aspirants for the Presidency, makes the following exhibit:

- Blaine, republican 20; Conkling, republican 19; Bristol, republican 16; Hayes, republican 10; Grant, third term 3; Scattering 7; Total expressions of preference 98; Hendricks, democrat 17; Bayard, democrat 9; Tilden, democrat 6; Thurman, democrat 8; Hancock, democrat 4; Scattering 7; Total expressions of preference 51.

An Arkansas newspaper says that after two farmers in that State had spent \$1120 on the lawyers in trying to find out who owned an old cart, they commenced shooting and five cents worth of ammunition brought a satisfactory decision. "It's your cart," were the last words of the plaintiff.

Gen. Grant has appointed his son, U. S. Grant, Jr., his private Secretary.

The Kellogg impeachment case in New Orleans has been dismissed, without a hearing.

Levi P. Luckey, formerly private Secretary to the President, and one of the Babcock swindlers, has been appointed to a Secretaryship in the Interior Department.

New Advertisements.

FOR RENT! A FOUR-HORSE COTTON FARM in Providence is offered for rent for the present year by H. M. HOUSTON. March 6-40-4f.

Why Will You pay \$1.50 to \$3.50 for Glassware when \$1 will buy the very same articles. It is a fact that the N. C. Bottle & Glass Co., of Boston, is doing, and has for years been selling an immense variety of goods well worth \$2 to \$3, at only one dollar. \$10 will go as far as \$15 if you only believe what we say and buy where you can buy cheapest. \$600 elegant new \$2 and \$3 bottles all for \$1. Dry and Fancy Goods, Groceries, Spices, &c., at half the usual price. There is no "ticket" trickery, no lottery, no shams. All orders filled promptly, nothing sent C. O. D. You can see them before paying. We need agents and want YOU to give us a trial. Ladies and others can raise clubs for us and make large pay. We deal with 9700 people in Dec. 1875. Give us your name and like thousands of others we know we shall secure your continued patronage. We sell one article for \$1, or give splendid premiums for clubs. Try us and see. We cannot here give our list, it would fill 100 pages of paper. Our house is endorsed by the best merchants and papers of Boston and by 75,000 patrons. 39,000 patrons bought of us in 1875. Send now for our great catalogue. Address: H. OLMSTEAD, 22 N. E. DOZZAN ST., 33 BROAD ST., BOSTON, MASS.

BARNES' FOOT-POWER SCROLL SAWS AND LATHE. \$5.00 to \$11.50 averaged per day with these Machines. All wood workers should use these. Boys can be employed, working per day with them, besides learning a profitable trade. For a sample of sawing send 25 cents for The Mystic Puzzle or Yankee's Dream. We send it by mail. Say where you read this, and address, for full description.

W. F. & JOHN BARNES, Rockford, Winnebago Co., Illinois. Box 2,044. \$11.50 AVERAGED PER DAY. FULTON, Mo., Dec. 14th, 1875. Messrs. W. F. & JOHN BARNES, Rockford, Ill.—Gentlemen: I have used 140 feet of ball-bearing for portico, and 15 brackets, in 12 days' running. Every one who has witnessed the working of the saw has pronounced it the most useful machine ever invented. I have been working from twelve to sixteen days, and have done all my shop work (scroll sawing) on your machine, running it daily since I purchased it, and have paid nothing for repair, except for saws, which amount to comparatively small. Three weeks since I purchased some imported woods and some nice designs, and turned my attention to fret work. I have averaged per day since that time, \$11.50. I know of no occupation as pleasant and profitable for a mechanic to spend his winter days as the above. Your machine runs so lightly and easily that it will not tire the most delicate man after a little practice; in fact, I consider your machine indispensable to any carpenter, however small his business is, as he can introduce the little machine into his scrap pile, and make enough brackets in one week to pay for his machine. I consider my machine just as essential in my shop as a set of bench planes.

Very truly, M. FRED BELL, Architect and Builder. Address, for full information, W. F. & JOHN BARNES, Rockford, Illinois. Box 2,044. March 6-40-6m.

D. A. SMITH, Wilmington, N. C. T. C. CRAFT, Charlotte, N. C. D. A. Smith & Co. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Furniture and BEDDING of every description. East Trade Street, CHARLOTTE, N. C. 43 NORTH FRONT STREET, WILMINGTON, N. C. N. B.—A full stock of Metallic Cases, and Wood Coffins always on hand. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to. D. A. S. & Co. Wilmington, N. C., May 4th, 1875.49-1v.

CAROLINA FERTILIZER. Has been thoroughly tested every season and found EQUAL TO ANY AND SUPERIOR TO MANY. ARMFIELD & LANEY, Agents, Monroe, N. C.

The high standard of quality has been maintained, and it is considered by those who have given it a fair trial THE BEST AND CHEAPEST FERTILIZER MANUFACTURED. DeROSSETT & CO., General Agents, WILMINGTON, N. C. Feb 28-32-2 To whom apply for Local Agency at other points.

COTTON FOR GUANO! A FAIR EXCHANGE. THE CELEBRATED FERTILIZER, WILCOX, GIBBS & CO.'S MANIPULATED GUANO! Is offered on the following liberal terms:—On Credit to 1st November, 1875, with option of paying in Cotton on the basis of 17 cents for Middling, delivered at Plant's nearest depot (plantar paying expenses on Guano to destination)..... \$70.00 PER TON THE ADVANTAGE to the Farmer in buying on these terms is plain, as he will know when he buys the Guano, that 412 pounds Cotton (Middling) will pay for it, no matter how low the price may be, and can make his calculations accordingly. The quality of THIS GUANO IS UNEQUALLED, as has been thoroughly established by the use of the MANY THOUSAND TONS we have sold. Our Agents sell on the same terms. WILCOX, GIBBS & CO., Importers and Dealers in Guano, Charleston, S. C., and Savannah, Ga. For sale by JAS. T. PETTEWAY, Agent, at WILMINGTON, N. C. T. C. LINGLE, Agent, Monroe, N. C.

THE OLD PACIFIC GUANO AND ACID PHOSPHATE, For Composting with Cotton Seed. STANDARD ADVANCED AND PRICE REDUCED. These Fertilizers have been used in this section for years and are known to be FIRST CLASS in every respect, and we can safely recommend them to the farming public. EVERY BAG WARRANTED GENUINE. Call on us for circulars and prices before buying. BURROUGHS & SPRINGS, Agents, CHARLOTTE, N. C. Feb. 28. \$9-2m.

OLD EYES MADE NEW! From experience, we know that every person enough to use Glasses, has found great difficulty in procuring such a will prove satisfactory. Elderly GENTS and LADIES can get rid of this difficulty by going to H. SMITH'S JEWELRY STORE, where they will find a great quantity of Spectacles MADE expressly to save the eyes from loosening their sight, and any one procuring a pair of those fine pebble glasses will see as when YOUNG. A great quantity on hand from which to select a pair, and at prices ranging from 25 cents to \$3.00. H. SMITH. Dec. 7 27-4f.

TO FARMERS! Make Your Own FERTILIZERS. USE HARRIS' EMPIRE COMPOST, OR, HOME-MADE Fertilizer. UNION COUNTY, N. C., Dec. 1875. I used this year two tons of Harris' Empire Compost, and am so well pleased with it that I consider the formula alone worth \$100 to me, and I shall use a double quantity the next season. The cheapness of it, and the general utility, making it indispensable to farmers. I never expect to use any other kind. A. HEMBY. BEAVER DAM, N. C. Nov. 1874. I certify that I have used Harris' Empire Compost, and find it as good as the Narragansett under Cotton, as about the 18th day of March, A Circular Saw Mill, and necessary fixtures, Carriage, Bells, &c. It has a 50 inch Saw, is in good order, used only about six months, made by the Erie City Iron Works. Is now cutting about 6000 feet of lumber per day. Terms made known on day of sale. WAGER & ASBURY. Mar h 6-2t.

