

Subscription Rates. One Year, \$2 00; Six Months, 1 00; Three Months, 50

The Monroe Enquirer.

VOL. V. MONROE, N. C., MONDAY, JULY 16, 1877. NO. 6.

Advertising Rates.

One Square, of ten lines, first insertion, \$1 00. Each subsequent insertion, 50 cents.

RUFUS P. DAVIS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, MONROE, N. C.

Office in the Court House. July 4-5-ly.

ADAMS & PAYNE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, MONROE, N. C.

Will practice in the State and Federal Courts. Collections a specialty.

C. M. T. McCAULEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, And Solicitor in Bankruptcy, MONROE, N. C.

Practices in the Superior and Supreme Courts of this State, and the Federal Courts.

Wilson & Covington, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, MONROE, N. C.

All business entrusted to their care promptly executed. 20-ly. Office up Stairs in Court House.

JOHNSTON & BERRYHILL, CHARLOTTE MARBLE WORKS.

WE OFFER YOU EVERYTHING IN OUR LINE 25 PER CENT CHEAPER Than it can be purchased elsewhere.

ADVANTAGES Which cannot be obtained from SMALL DEALERS.

THE People's Bank of Monroe.

H. M. HOUSTON, PRESIDENT. W. H. FITZGERALD, CASHIER. Board of Directors: J. D. STEWART, E. A. AMFIELD, JACOB S. SIMPSON, B. F. HOUSTON, A. F. STEVENS, A. H. CROWELL, H. M. HOUSTON.

HORACE SMITH, Watchmaker & Jeweller, MONROE, N. C.

Repairing fine Watches a specialty. All work warranted. Spectacles of all ages and prices constantly kept.

JOHN W. RUDGE, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in TIN and STOVE WARE, "Cotton King" Stoves, Stencil Plates Cut and Farmers Stoves Repaired, Rufing and Gutting at the Lowest Prices.

SIGN OF BIG COFFEE POT, Stewart's Brick Building, next to Old Hotel. Oct. 23-1876-21-ly.

REMEMBER THE DEAD! A GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF MARBLE MONUMENTS, TOMBS, Headstones, &c.

As I am now receiving a large lot of Marble, I will sell, for the next three months, five per cent cheaper than anywhere else in the South.

J. S. HUGHESON, Marble Worker, Tryon St., opposite Open House, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Selected Poetry.

LOVE, DRINK AND DEBT.

Son of mine! the world before you Spreads a thousand secret snares; Round the feet of every mortal Who through life's long highway fears Three especial, let me warn you, Are by every traveler met; Three, to try your might of virtue— They are love, and drink and debt.

Love, my boy, there's no escaping, 'Tis the common fate of men; Father had it, I have had it; Take your chances, but be cautious; Know a squab is not a dove; Be the upright man of honor; All deceit doth murder love.

As for drink, avoid it wholly; Like an adder it will sting; Crush the earliest temptation; Handle not the dangerous thing; See the wrecks of men around us— Once as fair and pure as you— Mark the warning! shun the pathway, And the hell they're tottering through.

Yet, though love be pure and gentle, And from drink you may be free, With a yearning heart I warn you 'Gainst the worst of all the three. Many a demon in his journey Bunyan's Christian pilgrim met; They are lambs, e'en old Apollyon, To the awful demon det.

With quaking heart, and face abashed, The wretched debtor goes; He starts at shadows, lest they be The shades of men he owes. Down silent streets he furtive steals, The face of man to slum, And slivers at the postman's ring, And fears the dreadful din.

Beware of debt! once in, you'll be A slave for evermore; If credit tempt you, thunder "No!" And show it to the door. Cold water and a crust of bread May be the best you'll get; Accept them like a man, and swear "I'll never run in debt!"

Selected Story.

PISTOLS FOR TWO.

While the old frigate Brandywine lay at Gibraltar, the American Consul, Mr. Sprague, came on board with a man who wished to join the ship, and after some consideration, the said man was received by the captain as a sort of steward, he having agreed to work for his passage and board, and some slight consideration besides. His name was Joe Lattit, and he was a regular specimen of the strolling Yankee; but he dressed well and was remarkably good-looking, though there was in his face a peculiar look which indicated that he preferred fun to sound sense, allowing, however, that the fun had some sense in it.

The moment I placed my eyes upon the man I knew I had seen him before, and when I had an opportunity to speak with him I found that he had been a performer of ledger-demon and ventriloquism in the United States, and there I had seen him. He had traveled through England, France and Spain with his implements of deception, and had just brought up at Gibraltar when our ship came in. He brought his whole kit on board, in a large chest which he got permission to stow away in the bread-room where it would keep perfectly dry. He had quite a sum of money which he placed in the purser's hands for safe keeping, but he would tell none of us how much. But he was liberal and open-hearted, and it was not long before the crew blessed the hour that brought him on board, for he was the very soul of wit and humor. At length our ship went to Port Mahon, and here our Yankee tars were at home. One pleasant morning a party of us went on shore, and Joe Lattit was among our number. Joe was dressed in a perfect shore-going rig and appeared a gentleman of consequence. Near the middle of the forenoon a few of us entered a cafe, and the only occupant besides the keeper was a Spanish officer, evidently an infantry captain from his dress. We called for wine, and had it served upon a table next to the one at which the officer sat, Joe seating himself so that his back came against the back of the officer; but he did not notice how close they would be together.

Our laugh and jest ran high, and just as Joe said something more than usually funny, he threw himself back, and thereby hit the Spaniard with such force as to cause him to spill a glass of wine upon his bosom. The fellow leaped to his feet and before Joe could

beg pardon for his unintentional mistake, he commenced a torrent of oaths and invective, partly in Spanish and partly in broken English. His language was so abusive that Joe's temper was up in a moment, and instead of asking pardon, as he had intended, he surveyed the raving man from head to foot, and then said: "Go on, sir, your language is beautiful, very beautiful for a gentleman."

"Ah! you call me no gentleman, eh?" uttered the officer in a towering passion. "If I were going to call you anything, I should call you a juck-ass!" calmly and contemptuously responded Joe.

"Aha-a-h!" half growled the Spaniard, rolling his black eyes wildly and furiously. "Now, by Santa Marie, you shall answer for that. I am a gentleman! But you, you little cursed puppy! Aha-a-h! Now you shall fight!"

Joe would have laughed the matter off, but he saw that the captain was determined to fight, and at length he resolved to accommodate him. The keeper of the cafe called me on one side, and informed me that the officer was Captain Antonia Bizar, one of the most notorious duellists of the place, but he was always quarrelsome when under the influence of liquor, and that his companions always left him alone rather than have a fuss.

"Not five minutes before you came in, added the keeper, 'four of his fellow officers left him because they saw he was ripe for a fuss. So you had better get your friend out.'"

"I pulled Joe away, and told him all that had just been told me, but he only smiled and assured me there was nothing to fear, I felt sure at once from his very manner that he had some fun in his head, and I let him go.

"My name is Joseph Lattit, sir, a citizen of the United States, and General of the Order of Sublime Darkness," said Joe pompously. "Your name, sir?"

"Antonia Bizar, Captain in her Most Catholic Majesty's seventh regiment of infantry. But your office, sir? I don't comprehend."

"Oh, you wouldn't know if I should tell you. I am simply general of a body of men who have sold themselves to the gentleman who burns sinners and heretics down here." And Joe pointed mysteriously down towards the floor as he spoke.

The Spaniard smiled very bitterly and sarcastically, and thereupon Joe took two large knives that lay upon the bar, and tossed them one after another down his throat, making several wry faces as they took their passage downward. The fellow had evidently never seen anything of the kind before, for he was astounded.

"Now, sir," said Joe, making two or three more grimaces, as if he still felt the knives somewhere in the region of the diaphragm, "you shall wait here until I go and bring my pistols and you shall have satisfaction. Will you not wait?"

"I can procure pistols," said the officer, forgetting his astonishment and coming back to his anger. "I shall fight with my own! If you are a gentleman you will wait here."

Joe turned to us and bade us wait for him. "Here! here! O cries! cried the keeper, 'where be mine knives?'"

"I'll pay you for 'em when I come back, said Joe, and then he beckoned me to come out. I did so, and he took the knives one from his bosom and one from his sleeve, and gave them to me, telling me to keep them until he returned.

It seems that Joe found a boat ready to take him off to the ship at once, for he was not gone over three-quarters of an hour, and when he came back he had two superbly mounted pistols with him. He loaded them with powder in the presence of the Spaniard, and then handing him a ball, he asked him to mark it so that he would know it again. The fellow hesitated at first, but at length he took it with a mad gesture and bit it between his teeth.

"I shall know that," he said, "unless it is battered against your bones."

"Now, select your pistol," said Joe. The man took them both and examined them, but he was satisfied that they were both alike and both good, and he told Joe he had no choice, so our steward put the balls in and rammed them carefully down. The whole party now adjourned to

a wide court back of the cafe, where twelve paces were marked off, and the combatants took their stations. I trembled for poor Joe, for I saw not yet how he would make fun out of this.

"Count!" cried the Spaniard impatiently. "One—two—three!"

The captain fired first and with most deliberate aim Joe; fired into the air. Then the latter walked deliberately up to his antagonist, and tumbled the ball from between his teeth he handed it to him!

"You can use this next time," cried Joe. The officer looked first at Joe's teeth and then at the ball. It was surely the same one he had seen his forman put in the pistol, and now he had seen him take it from his mouth. He was unmistakably astounded.

"Come," cried Joe, "let's load up again."

"San Pablo!" exclaimed Bizar, "you use some—what you call him—some trick, ha! By San Jago, I shall load the pistol myself."

"Do so," said Joe, calmly, and as he spoke he handed over his powder flask.

The Spaniard poured out an extra quantity of powder, and having poured it into the pistol, he called for the rammer. He then put in the same ball he had used before. Meanwhile Joe had been loading his own pistol.

"One moment," said Joe, "the caps are in the butt of your pistol; let me get them."

The fellow passed over his pistol, but he kept his eyes upon it. Joe opened a little silver spring at the end of the butt, and true there were some percussion caps there. He took out two, and having capped his own pistol he gave it a toss into the air, and then caught it as it came down; and then handed back the other to the Spaniard. I had watched Joe most carefully, but I saw nothing out of the way. And yet he had changed pistols with his foe.

"Now," said he, "I'll put a ball into my pistol, and then we'll be ready for business."

He slipped something in which looked to be like a cartridge, but no one else saw it.

"Now," cried the Spaniard, "let's see you hold this in your mouth."

Again they took their stations, and again they were ready. "One—two—three!"

And the Spaniard fired first by aim, Joe firing into the air as before. And again Joe stepped forward and took the self same bullet from his mouth and handed it to his antagonist. The fellow was completely dumbfounded, and so were the rest.

"You no fire at me!" gasped the captain. "I'll fire at you next time!" said Joe in a tone of thunder. Thus far I have only shown you that powder and ball can have no effect upon me. Twice have you fired at me with as true a pistol as ever was made, and both times have I caught your ball between my teeth, while I have fired in the air. I meant that you should live long enough to know that for once in your life you had seen, if not the old fellow himself (pointing meaningly downward) at least one who is in his employ. The old gentleman will like the company of a captain of Spanish infantry, and I'll send you right along. Come, load up again, now.

But the astonished Spaniard did not seem inclined to do so. A man who swallowed carving knives as he would sardines, and who caught pistol balls between his teeth, was not exactly the man for him to deal with. While he was pondering upon what he had seen, Joe took a handful of bullets from his pocket and began to toss them rapidly down his throat, and when these were gone he picked up half a dozen good-sized stones and sent them after the bullets.

"Holy Santa Marie!" exclaimed the Spaniard, while his eyes seemed starting from their sockets. "What a man. By my soul 'tis the devil."

And as he thus spoke, he turned on his heel and hurried away from the place. After he was gone Joe beckoned for me to give him the knives. I did so, and saw him slip them up his sleeves. When he returned to the cafe he approached the keeper.

"You want your knives?" he said. But the poor fellow dared not speak. Joe put his hand to his right ear and pulled out one of his knives; then

from his left ear he drew the other one. The keeper crossed himself in terror and shrank trembling away. But we finished our wine and having paid for it turned to go.

"Here," said Joe, "I haven't paid for the use of the yard yet. And as he spoke he threw down a piece of silver upon the counter.

"No! no! no!" shrieked the poor fellow. "O, don't leave your money here, don't!"

Joe picked it up and we went away laughing. When we were alone he explained to me the secret of the pistols. They were a pair he had need in his ledger-demon performances, and such as all wizards use to perform tricks of catching balls, etc. The main barrel of the pistol had no connection whatever with the nipple for the cap; but what appeared to be a socket for the rammer was in fact a second barrel, to be sure, smaller than the other, but as large as the bore of any rifle pistol, and with this secret barrel the priming tube connected.

So the apparent barrel of the weapon might be filled with powder and ball and no harm done.

When Joe returned with his pistols, of course he had both these secret bores loaded with powder and blank cartridges, and then the other load was nothing but effect in appearance. At the second loading Joe had charged the secret barrel of his own pistol, while the Spaniard had been filling up the main barrel of his. Then of course it became necessary to make an exchange, else Bizar would never have got his weapon off. As soon as Joe got the other pistol in his possession, and made the exchange which we spoke of at the time, he had only to press smartly upon a secret spring on the side of the stock, and he had the whole charge which the other had put in emptied into his hand. So he had the marked ball to dispose of as he chose.

Ever after that while he remained in Mahon, Joe Lattit was an object of both dread and curiosity on shore, for an account, all colored to suit the exaggerated conception of the cafe-keeper, had been spread all over the city, and the pious Catholics wanted nothing to do with such a man, only to keep on his good humored side.

Miscellaneous.

Heroism in the Ranks.

[Rev. Dr. Jones in Philadelphia Times.] I could fill a volume with incidents of individual heroism on the part of private soldiers in that army. I have space for only a few. At first Frederickburg, just after Lawton's Georgia Brigade (under the command of Col. Atkinson) had driven the enemy out of the woods on Early's front and made their gallant dash across the plain, a Georgia boy, who seemed to be not over sixteen, rushed up to me with his two middle fingers shattered, and exclaimed (mistaking me for a surgeon), "Doctor, I want you, please, to cut off these fingers, and tie them up as soon as you can. The boys are going into another charge directly, and I want to go with them."

I procured him a surgeon, the wound was dressed, and the brave boy hurried to the front again. At Cedar Creek, on the 19th of October, 1864, Sergeant Trainum, the color bearer of the Thirteenth Virginia Infantry, was surrounded by a number of Sheridan's troopers, but, exclaiming, "You may kill me, but I will never give up my colors," he fought until he fell insensible, and the flag was stripped from his body, around which he had wrapped it.

Looking through a port hole in the trenches below Petersburg one day, a sudden gust of wind lifted my hat off and landed it between two lines. Private George Hauer, of company D, Thirteenth Virginia Regiment, at once stepped up and offered to get my hat for me. I peremptorily forbade his doing so, as I knew the great risk he would run; but the fearless fellow soon disappeared, and before long returned with the hat. "How did you manage to get it?" I asked. "Oh! I crawled down the trench leading to our picket line and fished it in with a pole."

"Did not the Yankees see you?" "Oh, yes! they shot at me eight or ten times; but that made no difference, so they did not hit me. Poor fellow, he was afterward killed doing his duty. I frequently saw men in the trenches at Petersburg watch-

ing the shell from the enemy's mortars as they came over, claiming some particular one as "my shell," and scarcely waiting for the smoke from the explosion to clear away before eagerly rushing forward to gather up the scattered pieces, which were sold to the ordnance officer for a few cents (Confederate money) per pound. They called shells which went far to the rear, "quartermaster hunters," and one day a gallant fellow (utterly reckless of personal danger in his eagerness for a joke) mounted the parapet, the target of many sharpshooters, and pointing to a shell that was flying over, exclaimed: "A little further to the right, Captain B— (the name of a worthy quartermaster) is down yonder under the hill."

Upon another occasion I saw a good natured fellow frying some meat on the side of the trench while the minnie balls of the sharpshooters whistled all around him. At last one struck in his fire and threw ashes in his frying-pan, when he quietly moved to the other side of the fire, as if to avoid the smoke, and went on with his culinary operations, coolly remarking: "Plague on those fellows; I expect they will spoil all my grease yet before they quit their foolishness."

A Reminiscence of the War.

One morning a party was sitting at the White Sulphur, and their conversation had fallen upon the late war. Personal reminiscences were in order. Each was the hero of his own hairbreadth escape, and the sequels were blood and thunder.

Within ear-shot was an old gray-coated Virginian, attentively listening and turning his quid reflectively between his teeth. At length he spoke: "Gentlemen, you have all been through a heap, but they haint none of you had a wuss time nor I, I'll bet."

"Which side was you on?" asked one. "Nary a side, gentlemen, but I had a very hard time," and the old fellow drawing out his quid of reflection, proceeded:

"Wall, when the war first broke out I didn't know much about it, nohow. I was studyin' it out, but hadn't come to no judgement. One night my darter Mary Ann was took powerful sick. The doctor he wrote a script, and told me to go right off and get it. So I bridled the old mar and started. Well, gentlemen, when I got I reckon 'bout three miles from home—it was monstrous dark—some one called out the halt, and I halted. Fust I knowed I was a prisoner, and the boys was run thicker nor June bugs. Sez they: 'Who are you fur?' Sez I: 'Jertlemen, darter Mary Ann, she—' Sez they: 'Darn Mary Ann! Who are you fur? Speak out! Hurrah for somebody.' I studied a minute, and sez I, on a venture like: 'Hurrah fur Jeff Davis!' They sez, mad as hornets: 'I told you he was a d—d rebel. Git off the mar!'

"Gentlemen, I haint tollin no lie when I sez they took me off my mar, and bucked me over a log, and gin me five hundred. It hurt me powerful bad; I was monstrous sore. I mounted my mar and started on. I hadn't got more'n three miles, when I heard another voice call out 'halt,' and I halted; and agin the boys had me. 'Who are you fur?' sez they. Sez I: 'Gentlemen, my darter Mary Ann is powerful sick, and the doctor—' 'Darn the doctor! Who are you fur? Hurrah for somebody!' I wasn't goin to be kotched agin, so I just took off my hat, and sez I, as loud as I could; 'Hurra for Lincoln!' 'There says they, madder nor blazes, 'I told you he was a d—d traitor. Git down off dat mar.' Gentlemen, I haint tollin you no lie. They took me off that mar and bucked me over a log, and jest where I was sore they gin me five hundred more. It was monstrous bad, but I got on and went along. Jest as I was a comin in town, another man called out 'halt!' and I halted. 'Who are you fur?' sez he; 'hurrah for somebody!' Gentlemen, I wasn't never a goin to be ketchad agin. I jet sez; 'Mister, will you be so kind as to hurra fust, jest this once?'

One of the triumphs of the country paragraphist is achieved when he succeeds, by means of a few amusing items at the head of his column, in luring us on to reading an advertisement of somebody's best family soap.

Pleasant Paragraphs.

Which of all the Presidents wore the largest hat? The one with the largest head of course.

A child being asked what were the great feasts, promptly replied, "breakfast dinner and supper."

A boy having been told "that a reptile was an animal that creeps," on being asked to name one on examination day, promptly replied "a baby."

"That's our family tree," said an Arkansas youth as he pointed to a vigorous hemlock, and added, "A good many of our folks have been hung on that tree, for borcerin' hosses after dark."

Peace has her victories no less than war, and no one realizes this more fully than the fond husband who, from a safe retreat in the burn loft, watches his wife bringing in water for Monday's washing.

A Dick street man suddenly broke up a beautiful oratorical address from his wife the other evening simply by remarking that Benj. Franklin once said that "the worst wheel in the cart makes the most noise."

There are plenty of items commencing, "Why is it?" and here is one: Why is it that when a woman falls downstairs she screams at every bump, while a man holds his breath till he reaches the last stair?

A suffering wife complained to a brute of a husband, her own, that it was only with the greatest difficulty she could breathe, and the effort distressed her greatly. "I wouldn't try, dear," was the soothing reply.

"Why didn't you send in your bill?" said a subscriber to an editor. "Oh, we never ask gentlemen to pay us." "How do you get money to live on, then?" "After a time, if a man does not pay us, we conclude he is no gentleman, and ask him for the money."

A judge, joking a young lawyer, said: "If you and I were turned into a horse and an ass, which would you rather be?" The ass, to be sure, replied the lawyer. "I've heard of an ass being made a judge, but a horse never."

A Norwich man has invented a plan in three parts by which no one need lose his life in a burning hotel. The first part states that a man should never stop at a hotel. Omitting the other two parts, the plan is generally considered a success.

When the orier of Russian court takes a hundred Russian names out of a jury-box and calls them it takes himtwo weeks to get them off, and then he goes home and has himself kicked in the jaw by a mule, as a counter-irritant.

The first thing a young man does on seeing a friend with a new hat on is to take it off and serenely try it on his own head. When a young lady sees an acquaintance with her new bonnet on, she just lifts her nose and wonders "where the thing got that fright."

"Sam," said a young mother to her darling boy, "do you know what the difference is between the body and the soul? The soul, my child, is what you love with; the body carries you about. This is your body, (touching the boys shoulders and arms) but there is something deeper in. You can feel it now. What is it?" "Oh, I know," said he, with a flash of intelligence in his eyes, "that is my flannel shirt."

A GOOD ANSWER.—A poor man who fell into bad habits, on being rescued, reformed, and converted, often spoke of himself as a "brand plucked from the burning." "What do you mean by that?" asked one of his former associates. "Come, go with us, and have one more drink."

"Look here!" answered the man. "You know there is a difference between a brand and a green stick. If a spark falls on a brand that has been partly burned, it will soon catch fire again. Not so with a green stick. I tell you I am that brand plucked out of the fire; and I dare not venture into the way of temptation for fear of being set on fire again."

The Monroe Enquirer

W. C. WOLFE, Editor and Prop'r. MONROE, N. C. JULY 14, 1877.

The Indicted Returning Board.

WELLS THREATENING AND BITTER-PERSONS IN HIGH PLACES TO BE FILLED DOWN—THE PROOF OF GUILTY READY AT HAND—IMPORTANT REVELATIONS FROM THE INDICEMENTS.

[By telegraph to the New York Herald.]

NEW ORLEANS, July 7, 1877.—The indictment filed against the members of the Returning Board has caused the greatest excitement here. The members publicly state that they have no cause for fear, but that Wells, naval officer, and the man that did the work, is reported as being very bitter in his statements of what he would do if convicted, and how he would pull certain in high places down with him who counseled and abetted the fraud.

THE INDICEMENTS. The indictments were found by the grand jury on general information, that is, no particular witnesses were examined, and the district attorney filed the same in court. Gov. Nicholls is opposed to the whole matter, and declines to say anything relative to it. It is denied, however, that he would pardon them if convicted.

CAUSE OF THE GRAND JURY'S ACTION. It is believed the Grand Jury were induced to take action as a possible ground work for opening the whole matter, and is urged that if a jury should convict the Returning Board of fraud in their returns relative to the Presidential electors that Congress would be compelled to take action of some sort.

The proof to convict the members is at hand, certain clerks, registrars, &c., being ready to swear that the returns were changed and others substituted. The counts against the Returning Board will include one for perjury.

POSITION OF MATTHEWS AND SHERMAN. It having been stated among republican circles that indictments would also be filed against Stanley Matthews and John Sherman for subordination of perjury and aiding and abetting fraud, your correspondent called on District Attorney Finney and asked him relative to it. He said no such action had been taken yet, but positively declined to give any information as to what would be done. The plan to be pursued, as stated, is that in case the Returning Board members are found guilty they file information against the gentlemen mentioned and ask the Governor for requisitions, it being averred that one of the Returning Board will turn State's evidence.

MADISON WELLS EXCITED. When this statement was made to Madison Wells he became somewhat excited and stated that he would not decide what course he would pursue until General Anderson arrived Tuesday. One or the other would then probably go to Washington on business specially connected with the criminal information relating to the matters of the late Returning Board, about which the public knew nothing, but upon which they rely to bring certain influences to their aid and the present trouble.

HOW THE BOARD WAS INFLUENCED.

If there were any criminal acts done it was not likely they would have acted alone, but far more likely they were urged and abetted by influential parties outside of the State and at present closely connected with the national administration.

It is difficult to suppose that they would have attempted to change the electoral vote of the State, if such was done, if they did not have an assurance of protection from the "visiting state men" who witnessed the count. If they performed their bargain, if there was a bargain, they now demand that the parties in whose interest the bargain was made should perform their part. If they hesitate or fail it may be stated as certain that no part of the transaction, which gave Louisiana to Hayes, will sleep longer in mystery. The names of the actors and the part they played will be given to the world.

WELLS'S LETTER TO WASHINGTON.

The letter which he wrote, though refusing to divulge its contents, it is certain speaks to snob parties in Washington in terms which cannot be misconstrued, and that in it he said that if there is to be punishment for deeds which made Hayes President, that punishment will not be borne by the Returning Board members alone. This naturally increases the excitement existing in political circles here, and, if matters should be pushed, may lead to some important and grave results.

Deputy Marshal Franks has been held in \$5,000 for his appearance before the November term of the United States District Court of North Carolina at Asheville.

The Indian War in Idaho Territory

Dispatches give details of encounters with the Indians on the 3d, 4th and 5th July, near Cottonwood. Col. Whipple sent out Foster and Baird, scouting for Indians in the direction of Gen. Howard's camp on the Salmon river. They had not gone far when they met three or four Indians, who ran them back towards camp. Baird was unhorsed but escaped; Foster reached camp. Whipple ordered his command in readiness to move, and in the meantime Lieut. Rains, with Foster and eleven men were sent in advance to reconnoitre. Rains and his men rode over the first rise this side of Cottonwood and down into a side ravine where the road crosses before ascent of Craig's mountain, and were attacked before Whipple could get to him. Rains and his whole party were killed, including Foster. Whipple's command came forward and formed in line of battle on the East side of the ravine, and the Indians on the west, all in open ground, about one thousand yards apart, and with only a ravine between them. Here they remained, menacing each other about two hours, until darkness came. Next morning Whipple, with his men, started this way to meet Col. Perry, who was expected with a supply train from Lapwai. They met Col. Perry with his train near the Board House and escorted him to the camp on Cottonwood Creek. Baird and two men arrived from Mount Idaho, says after about 5 P. M. rifle pits were manned and two Gatling guns were placed in position. The Indians made several attempts to storm the rifle pits, but were kept at a distance. On the morning of the 5th two couriers arrived from Gen. Howard, chased into camp by Indians. Soon after the Indians moved their camp with about 1,600 head of stock across the prairie in direction of Cottonwood. Soon after Capt. Randall and 16 volunteers from Mount Idaho appeared, about 150 Indians intercepted them at the junction of the Elk City trail with the stage road. At this crisis, they being seen from Perry's position on the hill at the rifle pits, the Colonel was urged to go with the troops to their rescue, to which he replied that it was no use, they were gone, and he would not order his men to the rescue. The volunteers say that their Captain seeing his position, ordered them to charge and break the lines of the Indians, dash over toward the creek bottom, dismount and return the Indian fire and hold their position partly under cover of a small hill until the force at the Cottonwood could reach them. The command was no sooner given than Capt. Randall and his sixteen men made the charge broke through the Indian line, reached the position, named dismounted and returned fire. In the charge Capt. Randall was mortally wounded, Benj. Evans killed and three of the others wounded. They fought there for nearly an hour and kept the Indians at bay. In about half an hour after it was known that the Indians had the volunteers in a tight place, Col. Perry gave orders for 50 men to go to their relief. It was quickly obeyed and they were relieved in about one hour.

Interesting from Washington.

[Special to the Baltimore Sun.] WASHINGTON, July 9. The interest among all classes here in regard to the initiatory proceedings against the Louisiana Returning Board at New Orleans is on the increase, as it is admitted on all sides that the most momentous consequences may be the result. As is always the case in periods of public excitement sensational rumors are hourly circulated, and find ready believers. Last night and to-day it has been gravely stated on the streets and in public places that the President is in such a tremor of alarm over the matter that he is scarcely able to attend to public business.

It can be stated that for some of these rumors there is no foundation, while the facts on which others are based are grossly exaggerated. At the same time there is an undoubted consciousness pervading administration circles that the situation is exceedingly grave, and, as will be shown below, it is within the range of probability that the outcome may be the voluntary or the involuntary retirement of President Hayes from the White House. The President, whatever may be his inward convictions as to the personal bearing on himself of the proceedings at New Orleans, has made no allusion to that branch of the subject. He continues freely to comment upon the prosecution as a violation of what had been understood all around. But he certainly has given no one the right to say that he considers that he personally made any bargain for the safety of Wells and Anderson, no matter what may have been done by his friends.

ITS LAST ACT.

EDMUNDSON, July 10.—The Pan Presbyterian Council has adopted an address to the Queen, signed by three hundred and thirty-three representatives commissioned by the Presbyterian churches in twenty-five separate countries. This terminated the proceedings of the council.

South Carolina Finances the Object of Governor Hampton's Visit to New York.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—A New York paper says Governor Hampton and Attorney-General Conner leave New York for South Carolina to-day, the object of their visit being very satisfactorily accomplished. Their mission was, among other things, to arrange for a temporary loan of \$100,000 to pay the present expenses of the State government and some floating claims demanding immediate attention. Two

It is very true that, as has been stated, the proof that Tilden carried Louisiana will not invalidate the title of President Hayes. This is the legal aspect of the case, but it is the moral features that cause apprehension just now to the close friends of the President. They say that with his strong religious convictions and his convictions of his family his head will not rest easy in the White House one night after he believes that he did not receive a majority of the electoral votes, and they express the opinion that in this event he will undoubtedly abdicate his pretensions. Friends of Mr. Wheeler, to whom this supposition has been communicated, aver that he is made of sterner stuff, and that if Hayes drops the sceptre he will immediately take it up without waiting to see what Tilden will do. In regard to the allegations about Mr. Tilden prompting the prosecutions, it can be stated on the authority of information received direct from New Orleans to-day, that neither Mr. Tilden nor any one else outside the State of Louisiana had anything to do with it.

NEW YORK, July 11.

A Washington dispatch to the Post says a prominent Louisiana Democrat writes here from New Orleans that Gov. Nicholls has endeavored, privately, to stop the prosecution of the members of the Returning Board, but that he has been met with the threat that, if he attempts to defeat the efforts to secure the conviction of Wells, Anderson and others, or if they are convicted and he interposes an executive pardon, that he will be impeached by the Legislature.

Pan-Presbyterian Council.

A kind of Ecumenical Council of all the branches of Presbyterianism in the world has just held a session in Edinburgh, Scotland. The idea of such a Council was first broached in a paper read by Dr. McCosh, President of Princeton College, at the triennial celebration of Scottish Reformation, held in Philadelphia in November, 1872. In 1873 the General Assemblies of the Presbyterian Church in America and of the Irish Presbyterian Church approved of the plan, and the scheme was fully organized at a convention held in London in 1875. It was then resolved to hold the Council in Edinburgh in July, 1876, but on account of the Centennial Exposition in progress at the time it was deferred until July, 1877. The Council met on the 2nd inst., and was perhaps the largest and most important gathering of Protestants ever held, being composed of delegates from every country in Europe, except Germany, and from the different countries that form the New World. It is intended that the Council shall meet every three years, and the next meeting will be in Philadelphia or some other American city in 1879.

The Council had no ecclesiastical or legislative authority, nor was it intended to effect an organic union of the various branches of Presbyterianism in the world. But the aim was to promote unity of thought and feeling—to harmonize and fraternize—and by gathering together representatives from the different parts of the world to show the real strength and universality of the church. It is a fact not known until the movement was begun for the establishment of the Council, that there are forty-eight distinct and independent branches of the Presbyterian Church in the world, thirty-eight of which are in America. Between these there is no bond of union or unity of action, and much money and labor is wasted in maintaining these different organizations. To beget a fraternal feeling among them and to pave the way for a possible organic union, was the object of the Council. It was further intended to compare views and methods of Christian work, and to discuss various questions submitted to the Council as to the best means of proclaiming the gospel in the various countries of the world.

GREENSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE.

GREENSBORO, N. C. The Fall Session of 1877, will begin on the FOURTH WEDNESDAY in August. Charge per session of 30 weeks. Tuition in the regular English course, \$75.00. Tuition in the regular Latin course, \$25.00. Modesto charges for extra tuition. For full particulars, apply to President T. M. Jones, for Catalogue. N. H. D. WILSON, President July 31-5-2m. Board of Trustees.

At Townsend & Hanford's, Cash Store can be found a full stock of

useful goods, for sale cheap.

two gentlemen presented the facts in the case to several capitalists of the city, and met with immediate and favorable responses, but subsequent advice from South Carolina make it probable that the loan will not be called. Already so considerable a portion of the July interest of the tax levy has been paid that by the end of the month a sufficient amount may be collected to provide for all present needs. In this event no call will be made for the New York loan. The November levy will be mainly upon the planters.

The Indian War.

The war with the Indians is assuming large proportions. The red men, under the lead of the skillful and daring Chief Joseph, are making a stiff fight of it. They are well armed; amply supplied with ammunition; strong in numbers; and stout in their determination to resist white aggression to the uttermost. They are handled with considerable military skill; and appear to get the better of the Federal troops in almost every encounter.

The fact is the regular army is totally unfit to fight Indians. The government should enlist regiments of rangers or mounted riflemen, and have them carry on a guerrilla warfare against the hostile tribes. There would be less expenditure of money and loss of life, together with the absolute certainty of success, if a sufficient force were put in the field.

MONROE High School, MONROE, N. C.

J. D. HODGES, A.M., Principal. W. J. SCROGGS, A.M., Assistant in Male Department. Mrs. M. L. STEVENS, Assistant in Female Department. The next Session begins Aug. 13th. Expenses per Session of 20 weeks: Tuition in Spelling, Reading and Writing, \$7.00; in Primary English, including English Grammar, Arithmetic and Geography, \$12.00 to \$16.00; in Higher Mathematics and in Languages, each, \$5.00; incidental fee, \$2.00; Board, \$9.00 to \$10.00 per month. For Catalogue containing full particulars, address the Principal, July 5th, '77-5-1f.

Wool Wanted THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE will be paid for Wool at W. H. Trot's Store. Now is the time to bring your Wool, if you want the CASH for it. June 30th-4-2t.

Wool Carding WE RESPECTFULLY INFORM the public generally, that our WOOL CARDING MACHINE, has been thoroughly over-hauled, put in good order and is now ready for the work of the present season. We are now doing better work than ever before and positively guarantee satisfaction. Terms as heretofore. Bring on your Wool and have it carded before the throng of the Winter season sets in. Respectfully, J. SHUTE & SONS. June 28th-1877-1f.

A Great Want Supplied, SIMMONS'S HEPATIC COMPOUND, OR LIVER CURE.



Should be preferred as a corrective and alternative to every other medicine in use. Firstly, it always cures; secondly, it cleanses the bowels without violence or pain; thirdly, it tones the stomach; fourthly, it regulates the flow of bile; fifthly, it promotes healthy perspiration; sixthly, it relieves the system from unwholesome humors; seventhly, it tranquilizes the nerves; eighthly, it acts upon the blood as a purgative, and, finally, it forms one of the most certain LIVER REGULATORS known. It will remove wind from the bowels, and hence a few drops given to a babe is better than a dozen cordials to relieve and make it sleep. It will cure Constipation and keep the bowels regular. It will also cure the worst case of Summer Complaint and Dysentery. It will cure Sour Stomach, Stimulate the Liver to its healthy action, Relieve Heartburn, and act as a general regulator of the system. For sale in Monroe by ENGLISH & ASHCRAFT, and W. H. SMITH & CO. Doyne & Motz, Proprietors. Charleston S. C. May 14th, 1877.

GREENSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE, GREENSBORO, N. C. The Fall Session of 1877, will begin on the FOURTH WEDNESDAY in August. Charge per session of 30 weeks. Tuition in the regular English course, \$75.00. Tuition in the regular Latin course, \$25.00. Modesto charges for extra tuition. For full particulars, apply to President T. M. Jones, for Catalogue. N. H. D. WILSON, President July 31-5-2m. Board of Trustees.

At Townsend & Hanford's, Cash Store can be found a full stock of useful goods, for sale cheap.

NEW STOCK SPRING and SUMMER GOODS!

CONSISTING OF DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, and SHOES; HARDWARE, Table and Pocket Cutlery. ALSO A FULL LINE OF GROCERIES. FINE & COMMON Chewing Tobacco.

We also keep a stock of FURNITURE, such as the wants of the country demand.

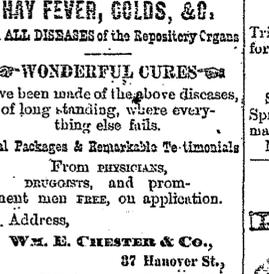
ALSO AGENTS FOR THE EUREKA SMUT MACHINE AND DUTCH ANCHOR BOLTING CLOTH. Just received a large lot of WRITING & WRAPPING PAPERS—all sizes, very cheap by the ream. A. F. STEVENS & Co. June 4th, 1877-5-2.

CHESTER'S CURE. A Recently Discovered Remedy FOR ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, CATARRH, HAY FEVER, COLDS, &c. And ALL DISEASES of the Respiratory Organs.

WONDERFUL CURES. Have been made of the above diseases, of long standing, where everything else fails. Trial Packages & Remarkable Testimonials FROM PHYSICIANS, DRUGGISTS, and prominent men FREE, on application. Address, W. H. SMITH & CO., 37 Hanover St., Boston, Mass.

He that fails to try this remedy, will suffer when sure relief is at hand. Mailed to any address on receipt of \$1.50. For sale in Monroe, by W. H. SMITH & CO. and ENGLISH & ASHCRAFT.

THE NEW HOME Sewing Machine WAS AWARDED THE FIRST PREMIUM!



A COMPACT, SIMPLE, DURABLE, LIGHT RUNNING and EFFICIENT "LOCK STITCH" MACHINE. ADAPTED TO THE WANTS OF EVERYBODY. THE HOME SEWING MACHINE was perfected eight years ago by the aid of the best inventive talent and mechanical skill. It combines all the essential parts of a FIRST CLASS MACHINE, IS SIMPLE IN CONSTRUCTION, SUPERIOR IN STRENGTH and BEAUTY, contains less Working Parts and is capable of doing a wider range of work than any Sewing Machine. It will RUN for years without OILING and is FULLY GUARANTEED. In the Manufacture of this MACHINE the VERY BEST MATERIALS are USED. THE WEAVING PARTS are HARDENED, and the Mechanism has been CONSTRUCTED with the greatest care of precision and accuracy. DURABLE, and almost UNDESTRUCTIBLE. It is FULLY GUARANTEED. WELL FOR COARSE or FINE LACE, COTTON SILK or LINEN, SEWING from the Lightest Machine to BROWN CLOTH and LEATHER. Such Confidence is FELT in the INTRINSIC MERITS of the HOME SEWING MACHINE that every MACHINE is fully Warranted for Five Years.

LIFE AGENTS wanted in localities where work is not represented. Send for prices and samples of work done on the HOME, or call at any of our offices.

JOHNSON, CLARK & Co., 30 Union Square, New York. 564 Washington Street, Boston, Mass. 1111 Second Ave., Pittsburg, Pa. 141 State Street, Chicago, Ill. 21 South 6th Street, St. Louis, Mo. 17 New Montgomery St., San Francisco, Cal.

CHANGE IN Business.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING bought the interest of Mr. W. H. Trot in the firm of Trot, Crowell & Co. will continue the business at the old stand, under the name and style of A. H. CROWELL & SON.

All persons indebted to the old firm must come up, and make immediate settlement, as we are compelled to wind up the old business at once.

A. H. CROWELL & SON, DEBTS TO REMIND THEIR MANY friends and customers that they still carry the same old stand, on Depot Street, where they have in store a full stock of GENERAL MERCHANDISE, consisting of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS and SHOES, HATS and CAPS. NOTIONS, and many other articles, too numerous to mention. CASH BUYERS should not fail to see us before buying, as we can make it to their interest to do so. THOSE WHO OWE US are respectfully reminded that NOW IS A GOOD TIME TO SETTLE, and that EARLY PAYMENTS will much oblige us. Respectfully, A. H. CROWELL & SON. Dec. 2, 1876.

NEW GOODS. NEW GOODS. Spring & Summer, 1877. A nice lot of Ladies' & Men's Hats, for Summer wear. Call and see them at T. D. WINCHESTER & CO'S. Ladies' Dress Goods, Trimmings, and other new Novelties for the Summer season, at T. D. WINCHESTER & CO'S. See T. D. Winchester & Co.'s new Spring and Summer Goods before making your purchases. May 21st, 1877-5-1f.

BARNES' FOOT POWDER MACHINERY. 13 different machines with which Builders, Cabinet Makers, Wagon Makers and Jobbers in miscellaneous work can compete as to QUALITY and PRICE with steam power manufacturing; also Amateurs' supplies, saw blades, fancy woods or designs. Say where you read this and send for catalogue and prices. W. F. & JOHN BARNES, Rockford, Winnebago County, Ill. 51-8t.

Removal! WE TAKE PLEASURE IN NOTIFYING our customers that we have moved our Stock of Confectioneries AND FANCY GROCERIES into the store room recently occupied by Smith's Drug Store, where we are better prepared to serve the public. Having more room, we can give more attention to the BAKERY, and would be glad to have increased custom in that line.

FRESH BREAD & CAKES can be found at any time, and WEEKLY ARRIVALS of GOODS will keep our stock replenished. Be sure and call at The Confectionery, when in want of goods in our line. Highest Prices paid for Butter, Eggs and chickens. April 2, 1877-43-1f.

MILLINERY AND Dress Making The undersigned respectfully call the attention of the public to the fact that their Millinery and Dress Making Establishment in Monroe, is in full blast, and that we are fully prepared to furnish our Lady customers, with the latest fashions in HATS and BONNETS, DRESSES, &c. Be sure and see our stock before making your purchases. At the stand formerly occupied by J. S. Lucas, next to Stewart's Clothing Store. Mrs. L. RUDOLF, Mrs. C. Y. RUDGE. Monroe, N. C., May 15, 1877-49-1f.

MASON'S IMPROVED FRUIT JARS. GLASS TOP, SOLID LOCK-RING. 1 Bbl. 3 doz. quart, \$5.00. 1 Case 6 " " " 9.00. 1 Bbl. 1 1/2 " " " 8.25. 1 Case 3 " " " 6.50. 1 Case 6 " " " 12.00. Freight paid to Wilmington. W. N. TILLINGHAST, Wholesale Crockery Dealer, Fayetteville, N. C. June 30th 1877-4-1f.

THE PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE. The subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally that they have purchased the Stock and Furniture of the above house, and that they are NOW RECEIVING AT THE OLD STAND, A LARGE STOCK OF PURE DRUGS, MEDICINES, and other articles usually kept in a First Class Drug Store, Quick Sales, at Short Profits WILL BE OUR MOTTO. Hoping to receive a continuance of the large patronage hitherto extended to this house, we will endeavor to sell PURE ARTICLES at such low figures for cash that every body will ascertain that "The People's Drug Store" is the place to buy their drugs. ENGLISH & ASHCRAFT. Monroe, N. C., Oct. 9 19-1f.

B. D. HEATH & CO. DEALERS IN GENE AL MERCHANDISE, FERTILIZER AGENTS AND COTTON BUYERS. Are now offering to the trade of Union and adjoining counties, the largest stock of GROCERIES, ever offered in this market, viz: 500 Sacks and Bbls Flour, 100 packages Mackerel and Mullet, 100 Boxes Bacon, 50 Sacks Coffee, 100 Sacks Salt, 100 1/2 and Barrels New Orleans and all Grades Molasses. 100 Tens Zells Celebrated Ammoniated and Acid Phosphate and Chesapeake Guano, all at low prices. We sell Fertilizer on time with approved security, either payable in money or cotton, at fifteen cents per pound in the fall. We are also selling ingredients for making your own Guano, at about one half the usual cost. We sold a good deal last season, from which we have had flattering and encouraging reports. We furnish a formula, with each ton going, directing as to preparations. Try it and be convinced that you will save money, we also have on hand a large and well selected stock of DRY GOODS, SHOES, FARMING UTENSILS, HARDWARE. In fact everything usually kept in a GENERAL STOCK. Our motto is as heretofore, large sales and small profits. We return thanks, to our many customers for past favors and hope by honest and fair dealing to merit the same in the future. Mr. W. C. Ogburn, late of the firm of W. C. Ogburn & Co., is with us, and respectfully invites his many friends to give him a call. B. D. HEATH & CO. Feb. 12th-1877-36-1f.

A NEW BAKER! ONE WHO UNDERSTANDS HIS BUSINESS! Call and See His Work, and be Convinced of That Fact. A FRESH, NICE LOT OF Bread, Cakes & Pies, ALWAYS ON HAND. Families Supplied at their Residences, if Preferred. Send in your Orders. Having recently secured the services of a first class Baker, we are now more fully prepared to serve the wants of our customers. We will endeavor to give satisfaction, and hope for an increased patronage that we may be able to continue to add to this branch of our business. Weddings or parties supplied at short notice. When in need of anything in this line, be sure and call at Mrs. Wolfe's CONFECTIONERY. June 23, 1877.

TOWNSEND & HANFORD, MONROE, N. C. Millinery, Dress Goods, FINE SHOES, NOTIONS, CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES AND CONFECTIONERIES. WE ARE OFFERING extraordinary inducements in Ladies' Misses and Children's HATS, FINE SHOES, CALICOES and DRESS GOODS. Please give us a call, no trouble to show goods. May 7th-1877.

Our Churches To-morrow.

METHODIST.—Preaching every Sabbath by Rev. O. J. Baker, Pastor, at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sabbath School, 9 A. M.

LOCAL AND STATE.

Index to New Advertisements.

NOTICE.—S. S. McCauley.

TURNIP SEED.—W. H. Smith & Co.

PREACHES are beginning to be plentiful.

OUR BRASS BAND has just received a new set of German Silver Instruments.

A LOAD of Georgia Watermelons was brought to town last week from Charlotte, by J. H. Therrell.

Messrs JOHN SMITH & SONS are putting up another two story storehouse in rear of A. F. Stevens & Co.'s.

A NEW CHURCH.—The congregation of the A. M. E. Zion Church, col'd, have the frame of a new building up which is much larger than the one recently burnt.

Do not stuffy your Baby with Opium or Morphia mixtures, but use Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup which is always safe and reliable and never disappoints.

We learn that Col. Alfred M. Lowery a much respected citizen of Chesterfield, died a few days ago at the advanced age of 74 years.

THE CHILD CANT SINGER.—An army of worms is eating it up. One dose of Shimer's Indian Vermifuge will destroy them and save its life. Only 25 cents a bottle or five for one dollar.

GERMAN MILLET.—Mr. L. B. Fincher sent us a few days ago a sample of his German or Golden Millet, which is certainly fine, and shows that it is well adapted to the uses of the farmer in this country. It grows so rapidly that two crops can be made in one season.

No LIQUORS on BOARD.—We are requested by the Managers to say in refutation of reports which have been put in circulation by persons who know better at the time, that no liquors will be allowed on the Excursion Train from Wilmington to Henry's. Good order is expected from every one, and will positively be enforced.

"What is our country coming to?" excitedly exclaimed Mr. Blounger to his neighbor over the fence. "I'll tell you," screamed his wife from the kitchen door; "it'll come to a funeral and you'll have the longest carriage all to yourself, if you don't just prance down to the store and get a No. 1004 'Domestic' Paper Fashion, right quick." And Mr. Blounger kindly allowed the country to run itself for about an hour.

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.—We have just received the ANNUAL Catalogue of the University for 1876-77. The list of students show the names of 112 for the past year which is, we think a good showing for the second years work. Its friends are confident of its rapid restoration to former prosperity in ante bellum days. The Semi-Annual expenses are \$90.00 to \$125, which is certainly very low for the educational advantages offered. When your boys are ready for College send them to the University.

PATRONIZE HOME INSTITUTIONS, especially when you can get as good work at as low prices as elsewhere. Monroe has a first-class Tailor, commonly known as Robt. M. Robinson, who keeps a shop in the old hotel building, where he is doing all the work he can get, in a very satisfactory manner, and at prices to suit the present scarcity of money. Mr. Robinson is certainly a good workman, who thoroughly understands his business and we would be pleased to see him liberally patronized.

A SINGULAR FEAT OF NATURE.—Mr. Jerry C. Lane, reports that a turkey in his poultry yard hatched out a brood of young turkeys a few days ago and among them was one that had four feet and four wings and two bodies, in fact was two complete turkeys excepting that there was but one neck and head. They were joined together in the breast and the feet and legs of each were astride the body of its companion. Did not live but a few hours. Was certainly quite a curiosity.

Good Crops.—We learn that the wheat and oat crops in the South East corner of this county and on the adjoining farms in Anson and Chesterfield are better than for twenty years before. The corn and cotton is also very promising.

BIBLE SOCIETY ANNIVERSARY.—The 20th Anniversary of Tirzah Bible Society, will be held on Saturday the 27th inst. J. G. Potts, Esq., of Pineville will deliver the address. On Saturday following the Sacrament of the Lords Supper will be administered. Several ministers are expected to be present.

EPISCOPAL SERVICES.—The members of the Episcopal Church in this place have had a portion of the Armfield & Laney Hall fitted up for a place of worship, and will hereafter hold their meetings there instead of in the Court House. The Rector, Rev. A. H. Boyla, will preach for them to-morrow (Sabbath) at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.

IMPROVEMENTS IN WRITING.—For the greatest improvements in writing among the pupils of O. C. Curlee's writing school for the past week, the honors were given to Miss Jennie Whitfield for greatest and to Miss Lottie Fitzgerald for second best. Miss Alice Armfield and Willie and Johnnie Lyons came very near up with these, however, and it was difficult to decide which had really improved most. The committee were Rev. O. J. Brent and Messrs. R. P. Davis and J. E. W. Anstip.

A NEW PARTNER.—Mr. J. J. Vann, Attorney at Law, has recently located in this place and become a member of the firm of Wilson & Covington. The name and style of the firm now is Wilson, Covington & Vann.

Mr. Vann, who is a native of Hertford county, we learn graduated with first honors at Wake Forest College, in this State, about four years ago, and is no doubt well educated. We welcome him to our midst, and wish him great success in his chosen avocation.

THE CASE IN THE SWEPSON CASE.—The cost in the case of the State vs. Geo. W. Svespon, amounting to \$4,100.00, was taxed against Alamance county. A motion was made before Judge Buxton at the last April term of Wake Superior Court to retax the bill of cost, and the whole matter was referred to Mr. E. R. Stamps. The referee reported to the term just ended and reduced the amount to \$3,000.00. Judge Buxton heard a motion to cut down the amount allowed the experts who were examined upon the trial, from which an appeal was taken to the Supreme Court.—Hal. Register.

AGRICULTURAL INTERESTS.—We call attention to the communication of Mr. V. T. Cheers, Special Correspondent of the State Agricultural Society for this county. Our county has always been far behind in matters of Agricultural advancement, and we would respectfully suggest the propriety of a change in this respect. Let our countrymen show what our county is made of, what is produced here, what our advantages are, &c. Let us be fully represented at the next State fair. We hope Mr. Cheers will meet with great encouragement from the citizens of our county and that he will be assisted in his work.

A NEW KIND OF WHEAT.—Mr. G. A. Winchester, received a small package of wheat from the Agricultural Department last Fall which he sowed. While it was growing he noticed that two grains were producing a different kind of stalk from the rest, and when ripe he gathered eleven heads, from these two grains and has saved them for planting again. The size and shape of the heads is the curiosity. They measure one and a half inches in length and about 4 inch wide and 1/2 inch thick, the grains being in two almost separate clusters, the whole head having a good deal of the appearance of an ear of corn with about three rows shelled out on two opposite sides. The heads averaged about eighty grains each. He wishes to find out the name of the wheat if any one else has any knowledge of it.

BASKET PLO-NIC.—We learn that a big Plo-Nic will be given at Wesley Chapel Academy on the 28th inst., in the interest of the school at that place, to which all are invited to attend and bring a well filled basket. Our young townsman, D. A. Covington, Esq., has been selected as orator of the day, and will no doubt discharge his duties as such very pleasantly to his hearers and with credit to himself.

We are glad to learn that the prospects for a Fall session are good and we hope their most sanguine expectations may be fully realized. Our country needs good schools and plenty of them, and money so invested will pay better interest in the long run than in anything else.

Ladies Fine Hats, Flowers, Ribbons, Silks and Fichus, to arrive on Monday the 16th at

TOWNSEND & HANFORD'S.

HAVERSTING GERMAN MILLET.—Cut the hay, when in bloom while the stalks are in the milky state and the stalks and leaves are tender, or as soon as the heads are fully formed. If you want a seed crop, let it get fully ripe before cutting. It should be cut when there is no morning dew, rain or other foreign moisture on it. It should not be cured in the sun but in barn, and put into shocks, stack or bulk, as soon as possible, and a moderate quantity of salt sprinkled on it as it is put up.

IS YOUR LIFE WORTH 10 CENTS?—Sickness prevails everywhere, and everybody complains of some disease during their. When sick, the object is to get well; now to say plainly that no person in this world that is suffering with Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and its effects, such as Indigestion, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Heart Burn, palpitation of the Heart, Depressed Spirits, Biliousness, &c., can take GRAX'S ANGER FLOWER without getting relief and cure. If you doubt this, go to your Druggist ENGLISH & ASSOCIATE and get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents and try. Regular size 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you.

REMEMBER that if you want a good Sewing Machine, at a low price, that you will consult your own interest in calling at the Esquire office before buying.

Townsend & Hanford are selling ladies hats at reduced prices. Call in and select your trimmings and we will put you up a fashionable hat, for a very small price.

SEND IN THE NEWS.—When anybody dies, gets married, steals anything, builds a house, makes a sale, gets hurt, or does anything that is remarkable, or that will interest the public to know, and you have reason to believe that you know as much about the occurrence as any one in your neighborhood, don't wait for some other man to report it, or trust us to find it out by instinct, but come and tell us about it, or send it in a letter. This is the way news is supplied, and it takes a good supply of that necessary article to make a good home newspaper. Reader, let us know all the news in your neighborhood

Teas, coffees, sugar and spices, about anything you want in this line, Townsend & Hanford's.

Another stock of that good coffee just arrived at Townsend & Hanford's.

JOB PRINTING.—We continue to do Job Work of every description. Persons wishing pamphlets, posters, dodgers, cards, letter heads, bill heads or anything in the printing line executed, will find it to their interest to call at the Esquire Printing Office. Best work and lowest prices guaranteed.

3, 4 and 8 quarters bleached muslin, faquard linen, white and colored linen table cloths, towels and toweling, caubrics, drilling, viggies, &c., &c., for sale cheap at the Cash Store of Townsend & Hanford.

OUR NOBLE GOVERNOR.—We have at our office for sale a few copies of a very fine Lithographic Portrait, 14x 18 inches, of Gov. Zeb. Vance, which is pronounced by all to be an excellent likeness of our worthy Governor, and which should be in the home of every citizen of the State. The price is remarkably low for a work of this class, being sold at only 50 cents. Sent post-paid anywhere on receipt of price. Address Esquire Office, Monroe, N. C.

A beautiful assortment ladies dress goods in solids, figures and plaids, at Townsend & Hanford's Cash Store

A New Lot of Home Shuttle Sewing Machines have just been received at this office. Call and buy one; they will please you. July 6th, 1877

BLUE GLASS Lamp Chimneys at the Corner Drug Store.

Ladies, Misses and Children's shoes, cloth and leather, at Townsend & Hanford's.

Black French Merino, at Townsend & Hanford's.

What is This.

Three-fourths of a cross and a circle complete.

An upright and two semi-circles to meet.

An angle—triangle, to stand on two feet.

And two semi-circles, a circle complete.

Answer—TOBACCO.

For The Enquirer.

Our Cemetery.

Our grave-yard is still open to the depredations of man and beast! No enclosure encircles the sacred grounds where repose the silent clay of those we loved and honored! Have we consigned them to the tomb to be forgotten till the archangel's trump shall rouse their sleeping dust? Or, will we exhibit due affection for the memory of the departed by enclosing our cemetery and beautifying its grounds.

If we are not mistaken, some worthy and enterprising ladies long since had a subscription for raising funds to purchase lumber with which to enclose our long neglected grave-yard, and if we have been correctly informed, the lumber, or a portion of it, is now lying upon the grounds to — we don't know what. Why this work has been suspended, we are unable to say, but we very modestly suggest, that whatever difficulties may hinder its progress should be promptly removed, and that those noble spirited and kind-hearted ladies should receive such material aid as will enable them to complete the work they have undertaken. That our citizens are fully sensible of their duty in the premises, and feel a willingness to aid in this important matter, none will question, but that it has thus far been neglected is equally apparent. However, it is still not too late to carry forward so noble an enterprise. Then shall we not at once unite in one strong effort to make our burial ground more comely in appearance and more convenient in its arrangements? Shall Monroe have no suitable cemetery, when other towns of less intelligence, and far less wealth have exhibited a commendable interest in this direction? If we love our friends while living, let us plant flowers upon their graves, and fence out the will beast from the verdant mounds built over their sleeping ashes. Soon, yes far sooner than we may think, we too shall join them in their cold silent homes, and though it will then give our bodies no pain to lie unhonored and forgotten, yet in life it would be sweet to know, that when laid in the grave, fair ones and dear ones, would plant flowers above us, which watered by the tear of affection would bloom in beauty, and shed their rich fragrances upon the passing breeze.

But we ask, how can flowers flourish when not protected by an enclosure, and how can they be enclosed without means? A small sum from every white citizen of our town will suffice for our purpose. Who would not give? Come forward ladies, and try it again! A CITIZEN.

Information for Public School Men

OFFICE SUP'N PUB. INSTRUCTION, RALEIGH, N. C., July 6th, 1877.

W. H. PIERCE, Esq., Member School Committee Monroe Township.

DEAR SIR:—Yours of June 30th, received, and I make the following replies to your questions:

1st "Has a teacher of a public school the right to admit students to his school from another district, and charge tuitions, with or without the consent of the school committee." ANSWER: The teacher has no right to admit them with, or without, the consent of school committee, nor has the committee any right to grant permission to the teacher to receive them, or to the students to enter. Section 21 of school law, requires the County Board of Education to lay off the county into convenient school districts, &c. The district is for the children who live in it, and for no others. There is no such power given to teachers or committee. We would have no use for district lines if such were the case.

2d. "When the teacher has received students without the consent of committee and received pay, should he be required to account for the same in his settlement with committee." ANSWER: "It was the duty of the committee to have stopped such student in the beginning, from attending the school. Since they did not do so, and the teacher received the pay, I know of no power given to the school committee to deduct such pay in the settlement. Let them look out for the future. Yours, &c., J. C. SCARBOROUGH, Superintendent Public Instruction.

Died.

Near Mt. Croghan, S. C., on the 5th of June 1877, Mrs. N. J. HELMS, wife of Wilson Helms and daughter of W. H. Horne, all formerly of this county.

Married.

In this place on the 12th inst., by S. S. McCauley, Esq., Mr. JAMES L. LEFFLER to Miss ANDRE L. MOOSE, both of Calverton county.

For The Enquirer.

To the Farmers of Union County.

I am requested by Col. Polk, Commissioner of Agriculture, to make the following reports:— 1st. Monthly reports of conditions of crops. 2nd. Statistical report of county by 1st of September. 3rd. Send him specimens of the cotton, wheat, oats, rye, millet, the different kinds of clover, grasses, vegetables, minerals, and everything that may aid in illustrating the wealth and productiveness of our county.

To make the monthly reports correctly, it is necessary that the County should be heard from, and I earnestly request the following persons from the various townships to report to me by the 20th of each month the condition of crops: Jackson, W. W. Walkup; Goose Creek, R. L. Stewart; Sandy Ridge, A. J. Price; New Salem, J. W. Hamilton; Lane's Creek, Dr. T. L. Doster; Monroe, Col. R. Rogers; Beaufort, F. L. Rogers.

In giving the statistics of the county, I want the following questions answered, viz: Religious denominations, with number of Churches for each; number of schools for whites; number of schools for colored; number of colleges; number of public bridges; number of mineral springs, and kinds; water power, name of stream, and point or section; population and name of different towns; principal kinds of timbers; carding machines for carding wool; mills for grinding grain, by steam or water; saw mills, by steam or water; carriage or wagon manufactories (not simply repair shops); general character of soil; number of gold mines worked; any other minerals known to exist; number of criminals from August 1st, 1876, to August 1st, 1877—white, colored; what fruits succeed best; staple crops; surface, and hope the pastors of the churches and the representatives of the different denominations, together with the above named gentlemen, will meet me at Monroe on the 15th day of August next, and give me the desired information as near as possible.

I also call upon all to send to the editors, or myself, specimens of their corn, cotton, wheat, oats, rye, millet, the different kinds of clover and grasses, and all agricultural products, or anything in the way of vegetables or curiosities.

This county has never been represented at the Fair; will we still remain behind? Other counties have responded to the call.

V. T. CHEARS, Special Correspondent.

The News from Jacksonville.

July 11th, 1877.

We have fine weather for concurring General Green, and the farmers in this section begin to say their crops are clean; but we are needing some rain just now. Farmers have commenced laying-by their crops in this section, and think they have fine prospects. Dr. R. W. Blair and Mr. H. W. Williams say they have a field of millet that will average from seventy-five to eighty bushels to the acre of clean millet grain, and they say there is no better food for stock than it. I am glad to learn of such success in farming for new beginners. Mr. S. H. Huey has a field of corn which he says will average from one hundred to one hundred and ten bushels to the acre, and is now silking and tassing. Friends H. H. McCain and R. G. Davis are bragging on their corn and cotton very much. They say you can walk in their corn field at twelve o'clock and see stars, and that when they have to go into it to see how it is getting along they have to take a torch along with them to see the way. That is good boasting, and our friend McCain is hard to beat at the like; but I do expect their corn and cotton is fine, and I am glad they have good crops.

The young people in this section are talking of a picnic as soon as the farmers get done laying-by their crops. The Independent Social Temperance Club is still progressing, and the members are talking of having a temperance picnic especially for the ladies that will take an active part in helping out with the temperance cause, and we know that the ladies will do all they can.

W. S. A.

We have now assurances from the Secretary of State that there is no sort of danger that the United States and Mexico will be involved in war. The administration will take no step that will lead to such an untoward calamity. We are glad of this official assurance. The country pants for peace. Diaz, the de facto President, is to be recognized, and his accredited Minister to Washington, Senor Mata, is to be received. By this step our government can directly communicate with the Mexican "powers that be," can state grievances and demand their immediate abatement, and enter into such arrangements as shall enable both governments to co-operate in the suppression of raids by marauding bands of Mexicans and Indians.

WANTS TO BE CONSULTED AT JERUSALEM.—But few of our readers know of the discharge of J. G. Hester from his position as detective in the Department of Justice. Now, it is said, he is applying for the consulate at Jerusalem, and his application is backed up by the Young Men's Christian Association at Washington. The former consul at Jerusalem exported from this country machinery to manufacture studs, glove buttons and other ornament from the woods of Palestine. This present godly administration got wind of this private commercial enterprise, and turned the copeful adrift. Hester sees a chance for a good thing ahead. He no doubt thinks that he can carry on this profitable trade and no one be wiser for it, therefore his extreme anxiety to secure the appointment to the place.—Raleigh News.

Arrivals and Departures of Mails.

Mails from Monroe, N. C., to Lancaster, S. C., leaves Monday and Friday, by 8:30, A. M.; arrives Tuesday and Saturday, by 6 P. M. Mails from Monroe, N. C., to Jefferson, S. C., leaves Wednesday, at 8:30, A. M.; arrives Thursday, at 6 P. M. Mails from Monroe, N. C., to Coburn Store, N. C., leaves Wednesday, at 8:30, A. M.; arrives Wednesday at 6 P. M. Mails from Monroe, N. C., to Wolfsville, N. C., leaves Tuesday, at 8:30, A. M.; arrives Tuesday, at 6 P. M. Mails from Monroe, N. C., to Olive Branch, N. C., leaves Tuesday, at 8:30, A. M.; arrives at 6 P. M. Mails on C. C. Ry., will close going East, at 7:00, P. M.; mails going West, will close at 7 P. M. All registered letters must be brought to the office one hour before the mails close. H. J. WOLFE, P. M.

New Advertisements.

TURNIP SEED.

A large supply of genuine fresh Turnip Seeds consisting of White Flat Norfolk, Large White Globe, Yellow Aberdeen, Early White Flat Dutch, Improved early purple top, Kata Buga, &c. Wholesale and retail. Call early and get a supply at W. H. SMITH & CO.'S Corner Drug Store.

NOTICE.

I will examine the Teachers of Common Schools at the Court House in Monroe on the second Thursdays in August and October. Examinations to be continued through the succeeding days of the week. S. S. S. McCAULEY, County Examiner. July 9, '77-7-2t.

THE CRUEL TEST OF THE VALUE OF A MEDICINE IS THAT DOES EXPERIENCE CONFIRM THE CLAIM PUT FORTH IN ITS FAVOR AT THE OUTSET? IS THE GREAT QUESTION. APPLY THIS CRITERION, SO SIMPLE, YET SO SEARCHING, TO BURMAN'S EFFERVESCENT Seltzer Aperient. How has it won? What has been its history? How does it stand to-day?

Tarrant's Seltzer Aperient

is a household name throughout the United States. It is administered as a specific, and with success, in dyspepsia, sick headache, nervous debility, Bile's complaint, bilious remittents, bow's complaints (especially constipation), rheumatism, gout, gravel, nausea, the complaints peculiar to the maternal sex, and all types of indigestion. So mild is it in its operation that it can be given with perfect safety to the feeblest child; and so agreeable is it to the taste, so refreshing to the palate, that children never refuse to take it. For sale by all druggists.

\$65 a week in your own town. Terms \$5 and \$5 outfit free. H. HARRIS & CO., Portland, Maine.

25 EXTRA FINE MIXED CARDS with name, 10 cts. post-paid. L. JONES & CO., Nassau, N. Y.

\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Samples worth \$5 free. Strimmon & Co., Portland, Maine.

\$55 to \$77 \$10 Outfit Free. P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

\$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit, Maine. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

Grace's Celebrated Salve Cures

Flesh Wounds, Frozen Limbs, Salt Rheum, Chillsains, Sore Breast, Sore Lips, Erysipelas, Ring-Worms, Calluses, Scald Head, Chapped Hands, Burns, Scalds, Wounds, Fester, Piles, Bunions, Bites, Warts, Eruptions, Cancers, Sores, Stings, Wens, Abscesses, Sprains, Cuts, Blisters, Corns, Felons, Ulcers, Shingles, Sties, Frockles, Boils, Whitlow, Tan, Sourry, Itch, Ingrowing Nails, Nettle Rash, Alopecia and Flea Bites, Spider Stings, and all Cutaneous Diseases and Eruptions generally.

For sale by all druggists, grocers, and at all country stores throughout the United States and British Provinces. Price by mail 30 cents.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

PEOPLE'S BANK OF MONROE, MONROE, July 8d, 1877.

A semi-annual dividend of five per cent. will be paid to Stockholders, or order, on and after July 2d, 1877. The taxes due on the stock to the State of N. C. will be paid by the Bank direct; the county taxes must be paid by Stockholders individually. W. H. PRITCHARD, Cashier.

50 Reams Writing Papers in store and for sale cheap. May 28, A. F. STEVENS & Co.

MONROE MARKET.

Corrected Weekly by B. D. Heath & Co. SATURDAY, July 14

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Items include Cotton, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Beef, Beans, Tallow, Rice, Coffee, Sugar, S. Potatoes, I. Potatoes, Corn-New, Oil, Meal, Oats, Flour, Chickens, Eggs.

HO, FOR THE MOUNTAINS.

PEACE, PLEASURE AND COMFORT.

The Grandest Affair OF THE SEASON.

CHEAPER THAN STAYING AT HOME.

COME ONE AND ALL AND ENJOY AN EXCURSION OF PLEASURE.

The undersigned have the pleasure of announcing to their many friends, that they have perfected arrangements for running an Excursion Train from Wilmington to Henry's Station, over the C. G. R. A. T. and O. R. R. and the W. N. G. Road, starting from Wilmington on the morning of the 23d of July and arriving at Henry's, at 5 P. M. on the 24th. Leaving Henry's on the 27th, at 6 A. M. and arriving at Wilmington, at 6 A. M. on the 28th.

Ample arrangements have been made for the accommodation of all, and we are determined that it shall be a first-class affair and one that can be truly enjoyed.

The Schedule as arranged will give three days at Henry's and Hickory Station, which can be very profitably spent in rusticiating and in viewing the grandest natural Scenery in Western North Carolina. The services of a first-class Band of Music, have been secured to add to the pleasures already enumerated.

A special car will be provided for the Ladies, into which some others will be admitted, save their husbands or escorts. They will thus be rid of any possible annoyance that might be occasioned by lively boys. Good order will positively be enforced, and any one conducting themselves in an unbecoming manner, will lay themselves liable to immediate ejection from the Train. A Refreshment Car will be attached, where Ice Cream, Lemonade, Lunches, &c., can be procured.

A baggage car will also be attached for the accommodation of those who wish to carry trunks, &c. Gentlemen wishing to take their whole family, can make special arrangements with the Managers for a Family Ticket. This train is run exclusively for the white people.

After remaining a day and a half or two days at Henry's, the train will return to Hickory and remain a day or so.

The rates of fare, as the following table will show, have been placed lower than by any similar Excursion heretofore run over these roads.

STATIONS, TIME, FARE.

ARRIVE AT

Griffinsville, 4 17 " \$300.

Monroe, 4 58 " 250.

Stout's, 5 25 " 250.

Matthews, 4 43 " 250.

Going up we spend a night in Charlotte, the trip being too long to run through without resting. Daylight is thus given for the trip through the mountain country. Tickets for sale at Depots and on the Train.

Returning, leave Henry's at 6 A. M. on the 27th. Leave Charlotte at 6:30 P. M. same day and arrive at Wilmington at 6:20 A. M. on the 28th.

W. H. TROTT, A. G. BRUNER, J. S. RICHARDSON, C. W. BRUNER.

\$777 is not easily earned in these times, but it can be made in either sex, in any part of the country, who is willing to work steadily at the employment that we furnish. \$68 per week in your own town. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. We have agents who are making over \$20 per day. All who engage at once can make money fast. At the present time money cannot be made so easily and rapidly at any other business. Terms and \$5 Outfit free. Address at once, H. HARRIS & Co., Portland, Maine.



Farm and Household

Crows and Small Birds

I do not believe there is one farmer in 500, taking the country through but what is entirely ignorant of the true cause of the decrease of our small birds. In this vicinity they have been decreasing year after year. Twenty years ago there were five hundred where there are but one now; consequently insects of all kinds are increasing, and unless there is something done to stop their destruction, it will not be many years before it will be almost impossible to raise anything. I have taken some pains to find the cause, and am confident I have hit the nail on the head when I say the main cause is the crow. He is not only a thief, but a foul murderer. He decreases the birds more than all the other causes put together. Yet, all of the Agricultural papers that I have ever read, advocate his protection on account of the grubs he destroys. Are not editors of agricultural journals aware, that the principal food crops feed their young with birds' eggs, and if the nests escape their notice till hatched, they will take the young just as quick to feed their own young? If this is doubted, just watch him and see. I have formerly called the attention of farmers in this vicinity to the fact who doubted it, but they are all convinced of it now. To show the depreciation that he has committed in my orchard of one hundred apple trees the last summer, I counted 18 nest of robins and sparrows that he robbed, averaging four eggs and young, each, making seventy-two birds, which if allowed to grow up, would have destroyed millions of insects where the crow destroys one. Now if he destroys this number on one small farm, you can easily see what vast numbers it would amount to, taking the country through. He always comes alone, taking an egg or young bird, and makes a bee line for his own nest. I have put all sorts of scarecrows in the trees, but it makes no difference. Now what is to be done? I see but one way, and that is for the State to enact a law, offering a bounty of 25 cents a head for all crows destroyed, which I think will thin them out, and let the birds increase.

THOMAS R. BAYANT.

The New Food Preservative.

Dr. J. W. Duveport of Dallas, Texas, has obtained a patent for keeping all kinds of fruits, vegetables, and meats fresh and sweet. The aim of the chemist has been to discover the ingredients of a pickle that will arrest the process of decomposition and extinguish the germ of decay of all animal and vegetable substances without imparting their flavor or imparting to them any injurious effect. It is simply a pickle of the most inexpensive sort, costing less than brine or vinegar, in which any meat or vegetable may be kept in open vessels, submerged for months, and when taken out will be found as pure and fresh as when the vegetables came from the garden or the meat from the butcher's stall. This pickle may be furnished and prepared at a cost of four cents per barrel. The pickle is so nearly tasteless and palatable as to demonstrate its innocuousness, and yet from the specimen we saw yesterday, green corn which had been immersed in it for twelve months, when boiled, could not be distinguished from the corn which had been gathered that morning.—New Orleans Democrat.

How to Keep Irish Potatoes for Summer Use.

[To the Editor of the Courier Journal.]
NORFOLK, June 12, 1877.
I see that a correspondent wishes to know how to preserve Irish potatoes for summer use. I can answer, but the course is, perhaps, late for the present season. Select the finest potatoes before they have put forth sprouts; pare a cup of lard or other grease, melted but not hot, and rub the eyes with grease. This you can do with a short stick, mopped at one end with a rag. Potatoes tend to sprout at the proper season, and, if prevented in any ordinary manner, they rot in disgust. Grease excludes the damp atmosphere and prevents germination, and there is then no cause of decay. I learned the above by trading bacon for potatoes, when a boy, in this transaction I used the same old sack in both exporting and importing. I took the hint, and, after having tried it for twenty years, can say it will succeed.
Ex-FARMER.

Prof. Tyndall's Warning.

In concluding an address to the students of University College (London) Prof. Tyndall, who is unquestionably one of the most indefatigable brain workers of our century, said, "take care of your health. Imagine Hercules as a man in a rotten boat; what can he do there but by the very force of his stroke expedite the ruin of his craft. Take care of the timbers of your boat." The distinguished scientist's advice is equally valuable to all workers. We are apt to devote all our energies to wading the oars our strokes all firm and fast, but few of us examine or even think of the condition of our boats until the broken or rotten timbers suddenly give way and we find ourselves the victims of a calamity which could have been easily avoided by a little forethought. What happens with a slight fracture, or perhaps even a careless exposure to disorganizing influences, ends in the complete wreck of the life-boat. The disease which began with a slight headache or an undue exposure to cold terminates in death, unless its progress be checked, and the disease remedied. The first symptoms, the heralds of disease, give no indication of the strength of the on-coming foe, and the victim trusts that his old ally, Nature, will exterminate the invader. But Disease is an old general and accomplishes his most important movements in the night-time, and some bright morning finds him in possession of one of the strongest fortifications; and when he has once gained a stronghold in the system Nature ignominiously turns traitor and secretly delivers up the whole army to the invader. Like the wily politician Nature is always on the strongest side, and the only way to insure her support is to keep your vital powers in the ascendant. Keep your strongest forts—the stomach and liver—well guarded. Do not let the foe enter the arterial highways, for he will steal or destroy your richest merchandise and impoverish your kingdom. To repulse the attacks of the foe you can find no better ammunition than Dr. Pierce's Family Medicines. (Full directions accompany each package.) His Pleasant Purgative Pills are especially effective in defending the stomach and liver. His Golden Medical Discovery for purifying the blood and arresting coughs and colds. If you wish to become familiar with the most approved system of defense in this warfare, and the history of the foe's method of invasion, together with complete instructions for keeping your forces in martial order in time of peace you can find no better manual of these tactics than "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser," by R. V. Pierce, M. D., of the World's Dispensary, Buffalo, N. Y. Sent to any address on receipt of \$1.50. It contains over nine hundred pages, illustrated by two hundred and eighty-two engravings and colored plates, and is elegantly bound in cloth and gilt.

THE CHARLOTTE BOOK BINDERY A SUCCESS.

The Charlotte Book Bindery has now been established only four months. Yet the great number of patrons the Bindery has already secured, conclusively shows the great need there was of such a

Home Institution.

And it also testifies to the great satisfaction of such parties as have intrusted work to it.

Cheaper than he can send North and have the same class of work done. This is evident to every one who will consider the cost of Expressage and the fact of the Bindery employing its own hands.

STIEFF

HIGHEST AWARD AT THE CENTENNIAL

Grand, Upright and Square PIANOS. The principal points of superiority in the STIEFF Pianos are brilliant singing quality of tone, with great power—evidence of touch throughout the entire scale, faultless action, unsurpassed durability, and unexcelled workmanship.

A large variety of Second-hand Pianos, of all makers, constantly on hand, and ranging in prices from \$75 to \$300. We are also Sole Agents for the Southern States of the "MATCHLESS" BURDETT ORGANS, The Best now Made. A full supply of every style constantly in store, and sold on the most liberal terms. For Terms and Illustrated Catalogues of Pianos and Organs, address CHAS. M. STIEFF, No. 9 N. Liberty St., Baltimore, Md. May 14th 1877-1-y.

TUTT'S PILLS A Noted Divine says They are worth their weight in gold.

READ WHAT HE SAYS: Dr. TUTT.—Dear Sir: For ten years I have been a martyr to Dyspepsia, Constipation, and Piles. I tried every medicine recommended to me, I used them (not with little faith). I am now a well man, have good appetite, digest perfectly, enjoy cool, pleasant sleep, and I have gained forty pounds solid flesh. They are worth their weight in gold. Rev. R. L. STUBBS, Louisville, Ky.

- TUTT'S PILLS CURE SICK HEADACHE. TUTT'S PILLS CURE DYSPEPSIA. TUTT'S PILLS CURE CONSTIPATION. TUTT'S PILLS CURE PILES. TUTT'S PILLS CURE FEVER AND AGUE. TUTT'S PILLS CURE BILIOUS COLIC. TUTT'S PILLS CURE BRUISED LIVER.

TRIUMPH OF SCIENCE.

Gray Hair can be changed to a glossy black by a single application of Dr. TUTT'S Hair Dye. It acts like magic, and is warranted to give perfect results. Price 25 cents. Office 35 Murray St., N. Y.

WHAT IS QUEEN'S DELIGHT? Read the Answer

It is a plant that grows in the South, and is especially adapted to the cure of diseases of that climate. NATURE'S OWN REMEDY. Entering at once into the blood, expelling all morbid humors, and restoring the system to its natural state, it is a searching purgative, but when combined with Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, and other herbs, it forms Dr. TUTT'S Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight.

The most powerful blood purifier known to medical science for the cure of old ulcers, diseased joints, foul discharges from the skin, rheumatism, dropsy, kidney complaint, evil effects of secret practices, disordered bowels, and all other diseases which impure the system, imparts a fair complexion, and builds up the body with HEALTHY, SOLID FLESH.

R. M. ROBINSON, Fashionable Tailor, MONROE, N. C.

All work cut and made warranted to fit. Cleaning and repairing done at short notice. Latest styles of Fashion Plates always on hand. Cutting for the country a specialty. Produce taken in exchange for work. Orders from a distance promptly filled. Shop at Old Monroe Hotel, opposite the court house.

H. M. Houston & Co., NOW HAVE IN STORE A NEW AND COMPLETE STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS. At Prices to Suit the Times. OUR STOCK OF LADIES' HATS, ARE BOTH STYLISH CHEAP AND VERY PRETTY. We also have a Large Line of DRESS GOODS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND JEANS FOR WINTER WEAR. AN ATTRACTIVE STOCK OF SHOES AND HATS, AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES. H. M. HOUSTON & CO. Nov. 19-1876-21-1f.

The Charlotte Hotel.

UNDER THE NEW MANAGEMENT OF J. RILEY DAVIDSON. Has been re-furnished in first-class style, and offers greater inducements to the travelling public than ever before. Attentive servants; table well supplied with the delicacies of the market. No pains spared to please. Terms, \$2.00 per day. J. RILEY DAVIDSON. April 23, 77-46-6m.

A. ROBINSON, BARBER AND HAIR-DRESSER. MONROE, N. C.

Devote to inform the public that he has opened a first-class Barber Shop in Mr. H. Shepley's building, opposite B. D. Heath & Co., where he solicits patrons from all and will endeavor to give satisfaction in all branches of his work, such as Shaving, Hair Cutting and Dressing, Shampooing and Dyeing, Combing and Honing Razors. He keeps for sale Hair Oil and Tonic, Perfumery, Shampoo Cosmetics, Bay Rum, Dyes, Razors, Brushes, Combs and Hair Brushes, Hair Vigors for restoring Gray Hair. Atomizers ordered when desired. Having obtained at a great expense a French preparation for removing dandruff from the scalp, I will wait on the Ladies or children at their residences, prepared to cut Hair, Shampoo or restaze Hair to natural color. June 15th 1876-3-1f.

Burgess Nichols & Co. Wholesale and Retail DEALERS IN FURNITURE, BEDDING, &c., &c.

Chamber and Parlor Sets, Bureaus, Wardrobes, Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, of every description. A full assortment of everything pertaining to our business. We carry a Large Stock, and can offer inducements to the trade. We solicit a call. No. 5 West Trade Street, CHARLOTTE, N. C. June 15th 1876-3-1f.

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, AND Ornamental Woodwork OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

GOODS ARE ALL MADE IN OUR FACTORY. We Defy Competition, in workmanship or low prices, and so merit a trial. ALTAFFER & HILL, 40-42 Wilmington, N. C.

Carolina Central Railway Company

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE. WILMINGTON, N. C. June 1st 1877.

SCHEDULE ON AND AFTER MONDAY THE 4th INST. Trains will run over this road as follows: PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS. Leave Wilmington at 6:00 P. M. Arrive at Monroe at 4:30 A. M. Arrive at Charlotte at 6:40 A. M. Arrive at Shelby at 11:15 A. M. Leave Shelby at 1:30 P. M. Leave Charlotte at 6:20 P. M. Leave Monroe at 7:50 P. M. Arrive at Wilmington at 6:20 A. M. This train leaves Wilmington and Shelby, Daily, except Sundays, with Sleeping Cars attached.

REMINCTON SEWING MACHINES! No Machine has sprung so rapidly into favor as Remington's, just the qualities needed in a family Machine—smooth, light running, smooth, noiseless, rapid, durable, with perfect Lock-stitch. Within the past year important improvements have been added, and no trouble will be spared in keeping the REMINGTONS ahead of all competitors. Agents Wanted in all Unoccupied Territory.

REMINCTON CREEDMOOR RIFLES. VICTORIOUS AT CREEDMOOR, 1874. Ballymoun, 1875. Creedmoor, 1876. SINGLE AND DOUBLE Breech Loading SHOT GUNS.

WEBB'S PATENT CARTRIDGE LOADER. The only complete apparatus ever invented, combining in one complete and portable machine all the various implements employed in loading paper and metallic shells.

NEW STOCK. WILL RECEIVE NEW STOCK OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS THIS WEEK AND NEXT. A. F. STEVENS & CO. May 14th 1877-49-1f.

NOTICE. THE FIRM heretofore existing between the undersigned is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to us are requested to settle at once. The books can be found in the hands of our agent, Mr. R. B. Myers, who alone is authorized to collect. The business will be continued at the old stand by James Sheppard, JAMES SHEPPARD, J. T. HART. Monroe, May 28, 77-52-1f.

Go to Townsend & Hanford's and see their new stock of Ladies' silk collars and collarettes, collars and cuffs, ribbons, flowers, ornaments, laces and trimmings.

WE SELL Geislers Grain Separator, The Mitchell Wagon, The Studebaker Wagon, The Virginia Horse Power, The Hoosier STEEL TURN PLOW, Corn Shellers, Straw Cutters, Partly Made Plows, Finished Plows, Harrow Teeth, Shovels, Forks, Eoes, Mattocks and Picks.

Now in Store 200 BBLs LIME, PIEDMONT GUANO. An elegant and cheap lot of CLOTHING, just opened. New lot of Shoes just in, New Dry Goods every week, New Hats just arrived, Silk, Upper and Harness Leather, a specialty. The Best Sugar, Coffee and Molasses, always on hand, at low figures. Give us a call, look through our stock. We have something for all, and will not be undersold. If you are due us by note or account, come in and settle, we want money, and it will add to your credit to pay, and our interest to have it. ARMFIELD & LANEY. Feb. 5th 1877-35-1f.

DISSOLUTION.

The firm of Bruner & Brother, is this dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted, will please come forward and settle at once with C. W. Bruner, in whose hands the Books are left. C. W. BRUNER, A. G. BRUNER. May 1st 1877.

The business will be continued at the old stand, by the undersigned, who hopes to be favored with the patronage extended to the late firm. C. W. BRUNER. May 1st 1877.

REMINCTON SEWING MACHINES!

No Machine has sprung so rapidly into favor as Remington's, just the qualities needed in a family Machine—smooth, light running, smooth, noiseless, rapid, durable, with perfect Lock-stitch. Within the past year important improvements have been added, and no trouble will be spared in keeping the REMINGTONS ahead of all competitors. Agents Wanted in all Unoccupied Territory.

REMINCTON CREEDMOOR RIFLES. VICTORIOUS AT CREEDMOOR, 1874. Ballymoun, 1875. Creedmoor, 1876. SINGLE AND DOUBLE Breech Loading SHOT GUNS.

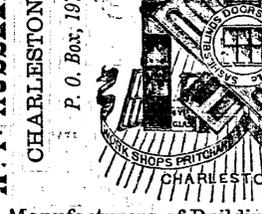
WEBB'S PATENT CARTRIDGE LOADER. The only complete apparatus ever invented, combining in one complete and portable machine all the various implements employed in loading paper and metallic shells.

NEW STOCK. WILL RECEIVE NEW STOCK OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS THIS WEEK AND NEXT. A. F. STEVENS & CO. May 14th 1877-49-1f.

NOTICE. THE FIRM heretofore existing between the undersigned is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to us are requested to settle at once. The books can be found in the hands of our agent, Mr. R. B. Myers, who alone is authorized to collect. The business will be continued at the old stand by James Sheppard, JAMES SHEPPARD, J. T. HART. Monroe, May 28, 77-52-1f.

Go to Townsend & Hanford's and see their new stock of Ladies' silk collars and collarettes, collars and cuffs, ribbons, flowers, ornaments, laces and trimmings.

W. P. RUSSELL & Co. CHARLESTON, S. C. P. O. Box, 197.



Manufacturers of Building Material Generally. DRESSED FLOORING, CEILING AND WEATHER-BOARDS. MOULDINGS FOR BUILDING PURPOSES, IN GREAT VARIETY, NEWELS, HAND-RAIL AND BALLUSTERS. WOOD TURNING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Good and substantial work made as cheap at this establishment as can be made in the United States. We have on hand the largest stock of the above South of the city of Baltimore, all of which we guarantee will give entire satisfaction to all who want good and substantial work. The subscribers are the only Practical Mechanics—Sash, Blind and Door Makers—by trade, carrying on the business in the city of Charleston, and can refer to gentlemen all over this State, Georgia, North Carolina and Florida, as to the character of their work for the past twenty years. NOTICE.—On account of the manner in which we box up our work, and our own assumption of the risk of Breakage of Glass with ordinary handling, our goods are shipped over the roads in this State at HALF RATES, which is a great saving to the purchaser of our work. W. P. RUSSELL & CO., Charleston, S. C. March 26, 1877-42-1y.

DOMESTIC Sewing Machine DOMESTIC MONTHLY. THE LIGHT RUNNING "DOMESTIC" SEWING MACHINE IS THE BEST.

Greatest Range of Work. Best Quality of Work. Lightest to Run. Always in Order. DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, NEW YORK AND CHICAGO.

The "Domestic" Underlayer and Sewing Machine, the only perfect Braiding Machine known, costs but \$5 more than the Family Machine. The "Domestic" Paper Fashions are unexcelled for elegance and perfection of fit. Send 5 cents for an illustrated catalogue.

ARMFIELD & LANEY, AENTS, MONROE, N. C. 41-6m.

KINGSFORD'S OSWEGO STARCH

Is the Best and Most Economical in the World. Is perfectly Pure—free from acids and all other foreign substances that injure Linen. Is Stronger than any other—requiring much less quantity in using. Is Uniform—stiffens and finishes work always the same. KINGSFORD'S Oswego Corn Starch Is the most delicious of all preparations for PUDDINGS, BLANC-MANGE, CAKE, &c.

PICTURE GALLERY. A. B. CAUDLE

DESIRES TO INFORM his friends and the public generally that he is now nicely fitted up in a new Gallery over Stewart's clothing store, where he is well prepared to take Pictures at low prices. Satisfaction guaranteed or no charges. Come and see me and you will be satisfied with my work. Having a good sky-light, pictures can be taken on cloudy days as well as on bright ones. March 5, 77-39-1f.

Welded Steel and Iron



Triple Flange FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES; Patent Inside Bolt Work and Hinged Cap. NO SAFE COMPLETE WITHOUT IT!! W. H. TERWILLIGER, No. 54 Maiden Lane, NEW YORK. Near William St.

Door Sash & Blind Factory. Manufacturing and Planning Mill. ESTABLISHED 1851.



Manufacturers of Building Material Generally. DRESSED FLOORING, CEILING AND WEATHER-BOARDS. MOULDINGS FOR BUILDING PURPOSES, IN GREAT VARIETY, NEWELS, HAND-RAIL AND BALLUSTERS. WOOD TURNING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Good and substantial work made as cheap at this establishment as can be made in the United States. We have on hand the largest stock of the above South of the city of Baltimore, all of which we guarantee will give entire satisfaction to all who want good and substantial work. The subscribers are the only Practical Mechanics—Sash, Blind and Door Makers—by trade, carrying on the business in the city of Charleston, and can refer to gentlemen all over this State, Georgia, North Carolina and Florida, as to the character of their work for the past twenty years. NOTICE.—On account of the manner in which we box up our work, and our own assumption of the risk of Breakage of Glass with ordinary handling, our goods are shipped over the roads in this State at HALF RATES, which is a great saving to the purchaser of our work. W. P. RUSSELL & CO., Charleston, S. C. March 26, 1877-42-1y.

LUMBER AND Building Materials!

I WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM my former patrons and the public generally that I am in the Steam Saw Mill business again, and am prepared to furnish Lumber, Doors, Sash and Building Materials at low prices. My Planing Machine is now in full operation, and I will dress Lumber at the following prices: Dressed on one side only, 20c per 100 feet. all widths. Dressed and Matched Board Lumber, 40c per 100 feet. Dressed and Matched Lumber, 60c per 100 feet. Kiln Dried, 20c per 100 feet. COMMON ROUGH LUMBER, sold as follows: 20 feet and under, 3 inch thick, 90c per 100 feet. 20 feet and under, 1 inch thick, \$1.00 per 100 feet. Over 20 and under 25 feet, 1.25 per 100 feet. Over 25 and under 30 feet, 1.50 per 100 feet. SPECIAL HEART LUMBER, For Doors, Sash, &c., \$1.50 per 100 feet. For Fencing, 1.25 per 100 feet. Post Oak for Poles Posts, 1.25 per 100 feet. Oak Wagon Planks, 1.50 per 100 feet. The above are prices for Lumber at the Mills, and 20 cents per 100 will be added for landing any Lumber delivered in Monroe.

Contracts Solicited for Building or Fencing of any kind. Will furnish Lumber, Workmen, Rail and mill to suit any one and at prices that are unequalled for cheapness, and satisfaction guaranteed. If you have a town lot or two at low prices, I have a lot of 21 x 40 of rough Lumber at my yard in Monroe which is offered very low to close out—\$5 to \$7 1/2 per 1000. Thinking the public for past patronage, I would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, pledging myself to do all I can for their interests. T. C. WILLOUGHBY. 30-1y.

PERFECTION ATTAINED AT LAST! A TRIAL WILL INSURE ITS POPULARITY EVERYWHERE.



WHITE SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. When once used will retain its place forever. WE EXCHANGE MACHINES. Send your old-fashioned, numberless, heavy running, worn-out, rusty machine to us, and we will give you \$25 for it, and pay you \$25 more for the new one. IT IS CELEBRATED FOR ITS ADVANTAGES. IN THAT IT IS ONE OF THE LARGEST SEWING MACHINES MANUFACTURED—ADAPTED TO THE USE OF THE FAMILY OR THE WORK-SHOP. IT HAS THE LARGEST SHUTTLE, WITH A ROBBIN THAT HOLDS ALMOST A SPOOL OF THREAD. THE SHUTTLE TENSION IS ADJUSTABLE WITHOUT REMOVING THE SHUTTLE FROM THE MACHINE. THIS MACHINE IS SO CONSTRUCTED THAT THE POWER IS APPLIED DIRECTLY OVER THE NEEDLE, THUS ENABLING IT TO SEW THE HEAVIEST MATERIAL WITH UNEQUALLED EASE. IT IS VERY SIMPLE IN ITS CONSTRUCTION, DURABLE AS IRON AND STEEL CAN MAKE IT. ALL ITS WEARING PARTS CASE-HARDENED OR STEEL, AND INGENUOUSLY PROVIDED WITH MEANS FOR TAKING UP LOST MOTION, SO WE ARE JUSTIFIED IN WARRANTING EVERY MACHINE FOR 3 YEARS. IT IS THE LIGHTEST AND EASIEST-RUNNING MACHINE IN THE MARKET. IT IS, ALSO, THE MOST ELABORATELY CONSTRUCTED AND PRETTIEST MACHINE EVER PRODUCED. WITH ALL THESE ADVANTAGES, IT IS SOLD FOR LESS THAN ANY OTHER FIRST-CLASS MACHINES. EXCLUSIVE CONTROL OF TERRITORY GIVEN TO AGENTS. EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS OFFERED FOR CASH OR ON CREDIT. SEND FOR CIRCULARS AND TERMS TO White Sewing Machine Co., 358 Euclid Avenue, CLEVELAND, O. AGENTS WANTED.

THE MONROE ENQUIRER JOB OFFICE

IS THE PLACE TO GET JOB WORK DONE NEAT AND CHEAP.