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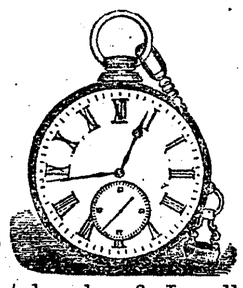
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Selected Poetry.

ONE WOMAN'S ANSWER.

He kissed her lovely downcast eyes,
Her bonnie brown locks falling low.
"My heart, love, was not over wise
To be caught in this silken snare, I know;
Fate mocks us in malicious guise—
The world forbids the bans, and so,
Kiss me, darling, and let me go."

She stood a tip-toe at his side—
Her tawny head just reached his breast,
"Ah, love, whatever fate betide,
Of all the world I love thee best!
And what were all this world beside
If fate from mine thy hand did wrest?"
She drew his dark face down and press'd
His lips with passionate kisses. "No,
My love, I cannot let thee go."

"Nay, sweetheart, hear me out," he said,
"Fate is averse and the world unkind—
The way of life that we must tread
Lies dark before us, and love is blind.
Ease, wealth, the path with roses spread,
My dainty darling must leave behind
To take up the burden of toil instead,
With care and squalor and want; and so,
Kiss me, dearest, and let me go!"

Close she brought her dusky head
Against his breast. "Nay, dearest, no,
If love were over and hope were dead,
The wealth of the world were nought to me;
But, sweet, were ever so poor a shed
And a simple crust earned cheerfully,
With love to sweeten the bitter bread,
Welcome a life of poverty;
Or welcome love and death," she said,
"If only I love and die with thee!"
Her white arms fetter him fast.
"Ah, no,
Dearest, I will not let thee go!"

Selected Story.

THE OLD LOVE,
—OR,—
QUITE A MISTAKE.

"No," said Maurice Trevylian, with an emphatic nod; "I shall never marry any woman whose mental qualities do not command my respect. Lucy Marston is no doubt a very bewitching girl; but I have passed that stage when beauty is an all-sufficient charm, and think I would be wronging her quite so much as myself, if I allowed the engagement to continue. You see, she was only fifteen, and I but twenty-one, mere children, when we took it upon ourselves to become betrothed. Very soon after I left for Italy and the East; and now for six years we have not met. As soon as I began to grow intellectual, I perceived the disparity existing between us, and gradually our correspondence dropped; but I never had the moral courage to write her plainly that I thought we had better abandon all thought of marriage. So now, after four years of utter silence, I'm obliged to go down to her country abode, and settle the matter by word of mouth. Isn't it awkward?"

"Yes decidedly," replied his companion, with an odd little smile. "But do I understand that the only reason you wish the engagement dissolved is because of her intellectual inferiority to yourself? You are sure you love no one else?"

"That is the only reason," replied Maurice calmly. "My wife must be one whose aspirations rise above housekeeping and petty matters. Lucy is a nice girl enough, I suppose; but I want a cultured, educated woman—one who has opinions, and is able to express them, and one whom I can introduce to my friends without fear of being mortified."

Maurice Trevylian was unmistakably a gentleman. Wealthy, handsome, travelled and educated, his ideas on the subject matrimonial were scarcely to be wondered at. His bosom friends were among the cream of English and foreign intellects, and he very naturally felt desirous of parting the slender links which bound him to one whom he remembered as pretty and agreeable, but whom his commonsense told him could never have matured into the sort of person he desired for a life-long companion. For once, however, his common-sense was at fault, as we shall soon discover.

Two or three days afterwards found him at the Marston homestead. A neatly dressed housemaid ushered him into the parlor, which, with its open piano, tastefully arranged flowers, and profusion of books, presented a much more pleasing appearance than he had anticipated; and in a few moments the love of his youth appeared. Very beautiful he was forced to confess her, as, without the slightest embarrassment, she accepted his extended hand;" and rather difficult he he found the task he had given himself; for somehow the old fascination begun to resume its sway, notwithstanding the mental disparity which he felt sure existed. But it had to be done; so after the first greetings had been interchanged, he began desperately and unwisely enough, without testing her intellectual calibeze.

"Lucy, I shouldn't have come down here so soon after my return to England, had it not been for my uncertainty concerning the relation existing between us. As an honorable, man, I of course consider myself bound until such time as you release me from the engagement, although I suppose the past with you as with me, appears more like a dream than anything else. I have never seen any one whom I could love as I loved you; but of course the loves of twenty-one and twenty-seven are very different; and the experience gained by six years' reflection, observation, and travel, has shown me plainly that you and I, as husband and wife, would be a very miserable couple. I suppose you see it, so also—do you not?"

Lucy's cheeks were scarlet, and her dark, brilliant eyes flashed indignantly. No woman likes to be rejected, and she very plainly saw his reasons for this course.

"He thinks I'm a fool," she thought, angrily. But aloud she answered, coolly enough, "Really, Mr. Trevylian, I am very sorry that you should have allowed that childish affair to make you so uncomfortable. Long ago I dismissed it from my thought as an act of foolishness, and unworthy of rememberance."

This piece of information should have comforted the gentleman exceedingly; but it had and exactly opposite effect, just as the speaker had intended. However, nothing but satisfaction was visible in his fine face as he answered, "Then it is all right; and perhaps, that weighty matter concluded, you will favor me with some music."

She sat down at the piano, and, with a little inward shiver, he prepared to be bored. He was a musical *connoisseur*. Passionately fond of genuine melody, he despised the spurious imitations so current among even the really refined; and what could he hope for now? To his unbounded amazement, she began at once a difficult instumental composition of one of the great German masters and played it through gloriously. He listened breathlessly; then, as she finished, asked, scarcely above a whisper, for another from the same composer. Gratified by the appreciation which she knew to be unfeigned, Lucy played that also; and then they sang together; then they drifted off into a discussion of musical subjects; and when at last the dinner-bell rang, Mr. Trevylian looked round with a start, the time had flown so rapidly. "Why, I intended to return by the five o'clock train," he exclaimed, "and here it is half-past!"

"Oh, nonsense!" said his fair young hostess, gaily. "Papa and mamma will want to renew their old acquaintance with you. Why can't you remain and pay us a little visit?"

He did not require much urging; and day after day passed, and found him still there. He discovered the mistake he had made and regretted it bitterly enough. She was not only educated and cultured, but talented, and the love of his youth returned as if by magic. At last he resolved to remain no longer, and announced his determination to the family one morning at breakfast. Lucy's cheek paled visibly, and the little hand just tendering his coffee-cup trembled. Those little intimations of sorrow he noted joyfully; and although a moment afterwards the proud blood swept over her face, it only served to reassure him still futher.

After the meal was over he followed her out to the porch, and asked in a low voice, "Lucy, do you know why I am determined upon leaving to day?"

"Because you wanted to, I suppose," she answered curtly.

"No such thing," he replied, tenderly putting back a wave which lay carelessly on her fore-head and enjoyed that she did not seem offended at the familiarity. "I am going because the longer I remain, the less I desire to leave. I made a fool of myself the first day I came, and have been fully aware of the fact ever since. But there's no use crying for spilt milk, although I could whimper away now with a good grace. So I'm just going to tear myself away from you, for good, and see if absence will help me to conquer my love for Lucy Marston."

She smiled a little bitterly.

"I thought it had already accomplished that easy task."

"You know better," he answered, impetuously. "You know that the love I felt for you at twenty-one never entirely died out, and that now it is far more earnest and ardent, by reason of my manhood and experience."

Her eyes were cast down, and her face was all aflame. Seeing this, his tone suddenly changed, and very softly he said, "Lucy, I wish you'd ask me to stay."

But no! pride prevented that; seeing which, he gently lifted her face between his two palms, and asked, pleading, "Lucy, must I leave?"

And then she answered very softly, "No."

Miscellaneous.

Chaste Conversation.

Ordinarily, nothing indicates a man's character and breeding so much as the character of his conversation. Just as a foreigner can never so completely acquire a new language as not to betray his nativity by his speech, so no one can guard his conversation so constantly and carefully as not to reveal at some time, or in some way, the true quality of his thoughts and the character of his soul. The tongue discloses the state of the mind as surely as it does the condition of the body. Words are the dress of thoughts, and though they need not be fine and gorgeous to prove a noble and virtuous soul, yet if they are soiled and unclean, there is apt to be uncleanness behind and beneath them. A pure minded man can no more indulge in unchaste language than a crystal fountain can pour out a muddy stream. And when impure expressions constantly fall from the lips of a person, it is fair to infer that the thoughts they express are born and bred in a soul that is the nest of unchastity and sin.

Sometimes it is through a careless habit of speech that improper words are spoken: they slip, as it were, from the tongue and often do not represent the thought existing at the time they are used; but such a habit cannot have been formed and certainly cannot be retained unless the mind and heart give their countenance to and are unshocked by it.

Man alone is endowed with the faculty of expressing his thoughts in words, and it is from this faculty that he derives his greatest pleasures. There is nothing so improving in the way of mental exercise as refined, chaste and instructive social intercourse. It refines the feelings, expands and sharpens the intellect, enlivens the imagination, makes men pleased with one another, begets and confirms friendships. One cannot talk in an instructive and pleasing way without being benefited; while imparting pleasure he is himself pleased.—teaching others, he clarifies his thought and teaches himself; refining his auditor, he purifies his own mind and heart.

On the other hand, frivolous conversation weakens the intellect and unchaste talk, defiles the heart of the speaker and the listener. They not only prove the presence, but contribute to the increase, of weakness and impurity.

Many people who pretend to purity of thought and conduct seem to think that there is no harm in making use of a profane, blasphemous or obscene word in anecdote or narrative, and feel relieved of responsibility if they can hedge it about with quotation marks. But they cannot avoid the silent effect of its use upon the minds of their audience or themselves. An anecdote that cannot be told without impure phrases or suggestions, had better remain untold. Wit, facetiousness, lively anecdote and sharp repartee, which divert and delight in conversation, are not in themselves harmless, but care should be taken that they do not entrench upon piety, or infringe upon chastity, justice or the peace of the social circle.

The late Dr. Duncan, whose recent death has cast a gloom over the entire church and southern society was a most charming conversationalist and had an inexhaustible fund of anecdote which he delighted to draw upon for the entertainment of his companions. But his wit and fondness for story-telling never carried him beyond the limits of the strictest propriety. The Richmond *State*, in its notice of his death, paid him no higher tribute than when it said "He was never known to use a *soiled* word."

Obscenity, profanity or blasphemy may sometimes pass for wit; he who indulges in it may provoke a laugh, but it is only from the vulgar and evil minded, and such a laugh

"is a poor exchange
For Deity offended."

—*Raleigh Advocate.*

Ludicrous Adventure of a Dignified Clergyman.

[From the Alleghany Mail, July 3.]

La Grange had a case of John Gilpinism, a day or two since, which, for amount of laughter it afforded and the destruction of ministerial dignity which it involved, has never been surpassed—in that village, at least. There was a pleasant evening and it occurred to the rector of the Unitarian Church, the Rev. Mr. Luson—Heaven touch his Lairs lightly!—that it would be a good thing for him, spiritually and physically, to take a horseback ride. Booted and spurred, he mounted for the trip, and all went well until at the end of some time he got off to pluck a few wild flowers. It was an unlucky movement. In remounting he frightened the horse a little, and the animal shield just enough to allow the reverend gentleman to gain the saddle, but did not permit him to get his feet into the stirrups, and he started off at a good pace, while his rider was in this unprepared state. Mr. Luson found that he must take some means other that the ordinary one to retain his seat, and, forgetting his spurs, he clasped his feet tightly under the horse's body. The horse leaped as if it had been stung by a snake, and shot away at a fearful rate. The faster he went the tighter the luckless pastor clung to him. The spurs sank into his sides, and, maddened with pain, he went thundering up the street at the top of his speed. On the two went past the school-house and by the residences. Children and parents turned out to see the spectacle. The wind blew off the minister's hat. His hair and his coat streamed back with crackling sound. His eyes started out like a beetle's and in the light of the setting sun his spectacles shone like the reflectors of a light-house. "Whoa, whoa!" shouted the preacher. On, on, went the horse, the rowels deep in his flesh and his side bleeding with the wounds. A great outpouring of the populace only made the matter worse, and the horse as badly scared as the minister, plunged on, snorting and foaming at every jump. But the end came. A corner appeared, and around the corner the infuriated beast went so suddenly that the preacher arose into the air, performed a series of brilliant gyratory convolutions and landed on learned and ministerial head in the ditch. The boys who helped him out say that he swore like a pirate, but this, although perfectly natural and excusable, is hardly probable. The reverend gentleman has, however, secured a good blacksnake whip, and, so soon as his joints are limbered up again, he proposes to show the horse that there is a punishment for the unruly.

An Automatic Horse.

According to the Boston *Traveller* Mr. J. H. Nolan, whose ingenuity and success as an inventor has already secured him a high standing in the mechanical world, has just invented a novel means of locomotion, which is in the form of an automatic or self-propelling horse, the locomotion being produced by the weight of the rider and the weight which is carried. The "horse" and its appliances are models of mechanical simplicity, and any amount of speed required can be secured; in fact, it can be made to go a mile faster than the fastest trotting horse of the day. A small "horse," capable of carrying a man ten or twelve miles per hour, can be built at from $15 to $20; smaller ones, which can be used by children for amusement and recreation, can be built at from $3 to $5. The "horse" can carry considerable weight in addition to the rider. The person sits in the same position he would upon the live animal, with the feet in stirrups and reins in hands, in which position he can govern the speed and guide the "horse" at will. There was an exhibition made with one of these "horses" recently in a hall in Boston, and, although the room was small and unfavorable either for speeed or ease of locomotion; a boy weighing sixty pounds propelled the "horse" at from six to seven miles an hour with the utmost ease. The experiment thoroughly established the practical value of the invention.

Glass and Its Phenomena.

The elasticity of glass exceeds that of almost all other bodies. If two glass balls are made to strike each other at a given force, the recoil, by virtue of their elasticity, will nearly equal to their original impetus. Connected with its brittleness are some very singular facts. Take a hollow sphere, with a hole, and stop the hole with the finger, so as to prevent the external and internal air from communicating, and the sphere will fly to pieces by the mere heat of the hand. Vessels made of glasss, that have been suddenly cooled, possess the curious property of being able to resist hard blows given to them from without, but will be instantly shivered by a small particle of flint dropped into their cavities. This property seems to depend upon the comparative thickness of the bottom; the thicker the bottom is, the more certain of breakage by this experiment. Some of these vessels, it is stated, have resisted the stroke of a maliet given with sufficient force to drive a nail into wood; and heavy bodies, such as musket balls, pieces of iron, bits of wood, jasper, stone, ect., have been cast into them from a height of two or three feet without any effect, yet a fragment of flint not larger than a pea dropped from three inches high, has made them fly.—*Ex.*

PAIRING OFF.—William T. Coleman, of San Francisco, was talking the other day of his old partner, Edward Mott Robison, of New Bedford, whose penuriousness was a matter of common talk.

"He was a good fellow in the main," said Mr. Coleman, "but he exceeded any man I ever knew in ingenious expedience for saving a dollar. In those days I was a Democrat and he was a Republican. One day he said, 'Coleman, have your committee been after you?' 'Not yet,' I replied. 'Well, mine have been after me,' he said, 'and they wanted me to subscribe $500, and I told them I would.' I looked at him with absolute amazement. Then he added: 'Yes, I told them the Democrats would expect $500 from you, and *I was going to pair off!* So mind you stick to that arrangement. It will be all the same to both parties, and it won't cost either of us a cent.'"—EDITOR'S DRAWER, in *Harper's Magazine for November.*

"NOT PREPARED."—The "Drawer," in the November *Harper*, has this from the very down Eastern most section of our precious country:

It is customary with the students in our college to say "Not prepared," when called upon to recite a difficult and not well-memorized passage. On a hot summer afternoon, in the year ——, the class was speedily stumbling through the introduction to Butler's *Analogy*. The reverend doctor was quite as familar with the subject matter as with the numbers of chapters and sections, and had a way of his own calling for a recitation which sounded quite as much like a call to judgment as a call to recite. The lesson was going badly, and the doctor nestling in his chair, called, "Mr. T——, you may pass on to the 'Future Life.'"

Mr. T—— was too much of a wag to let the opportunity slip, and promptly responded, "Not prepared."

The reader can easily imagine the effect on the risibles of the class.

A home thrust. Doctor.—"Now tell me Colonel, how do you feel when you've killed a man?" Colonel.—"Oh! very well thank you Doctor. How do you?"

Pleasant Paragraphs.

Dress fringes are now colored with "madder." This makes a sort of delirium "trimmins" of them, you know.

They are called "Indian Supply contracts," because the supplies always contract before they reach the Indians.

Soft words are said to cost nothing, but the old fellow who has just paid $20,000 to settle a breach of promise case thinks differently.

What is the difference between a poor gun and a borrowed masquerade costume? One is fired and doesn't hit, and the other is hired and doesn't fit.

"Och," said a love-sick Hibernian," what a recreation it is to be dying of love! It sets the heart aching so delicately there's no taking a wink of sleep for the pleasure of the pain!"

A young man woke up the other night and saw a ghost in his room. Seizing his six-shooter, he approached it, and found it was his collar, which happened to be standing on the floor.

John Smith went up to his room the other afternoon and noticed that there was only one match remaining in the box. "Now, if that shouldn't burn to-night when I come in," soliloquized he, what a fix I should be in. So he tried it to see if it was a good one. It was.

A GOOD ONE.—Gov. Wade Hampton makes jokes as well as the President. At Nashville, one day, Mr. Hayes stood erect in the carriage bowing to the shouting throng and steadying himself by a hand placed on Hampton's shoulder. In making a gesture he removed his hand, and, the horses starting at the same moment, he was suddenly thrown down in the carriage. "Mr President," said Hampton, quietly, "if you want to stand firm, you must lean on the South." And the President laughed.

"The millennium has come," said a lion to a lamb; "suppose you come out of the fold, and let us lie down together as it has often been foretold we should!" "Been to dinner to-day?" inquired the lamb. "Not a bite of anything since breakfast," was the reply, "except a few lean swine, a saddle or two, and some old harness." "I distrust a millennium" said the lamb thoughtfully, "which consists in our lying down together. However, you may go over yonder sunny hill, and lie down until I come."

A gentleman had been bothered so constantly with tramps and their entreaties for something to eat that he instructed his cook to tell them she had nothing. The other day one of them dropped in and made the usual plea and inquiry. The cook responded promptly; "We have nothing at all." The tramp then courteously asked; "Have you an old basket you can let me have?"—The girl replied, "No! What do you want with a basket?" Tramp—"Oh I thought I would run over to the poor house and get you some cold victuals."

The other morning the head of the family, who is deaf and uses an ear-trumpet, thought he heard a terrible clatter in the street, and, running to the tight board fence, hastily put the little end of the trumpet in his ear, and rested the big end of it on the fence. The belated vender of lacteal fluid had just driven up, mistook the wind instrument for the dipper, poured a quart of milk into it and drove rapidly away, which accounts for the milk in the deaf man's cocoanut. He didn't hear anything much, but the milkman would if he had waited a moment.—*Minneapolis Tribune.*

CAUGHT NAPPING.—Some blunders are at once pardonable and amusing, but others at times hard to endure, and sometimes the clergy are caught napping. A parishioner who never went through a summer without complain- bitterly of the heat, much to the annoyance of his friends at last took sick and died. His pastor was absent at the time and did not hear of the sad event. On his return he met the son of the deceased, and unwittingly inquired saying: "Well, my friend, how does your father bear the heat now? Imagine his suprise at being told that the father had been dead two months.

The Monroe Enquirer.

W. C. WOLFE, Editor and Prop'r

MONROE, N. C.....OCT. 29, 1877.

The Extra Session.

The 45th Congress seems to have commenced work in earnest. Organized only a week, already propositions have been brought forward which will intimately affect the health of the nation. We notice that the chief subject which attracts attention is the manner of counting the vote for President. On this subject, two bills have been introduced one by Representative Springer, of Illinois, the other by Senator Merrimon, of North Carolina. Mr. Springer, it will be remembered was a member of the committee, which devised the electoral commission compromise, and is said to have bestowed more study and thought upon the problem of deciding presidential elections, than any man in the United States, except perhaps Senator Morton. We have examined the bill introduced by Mr. Springer, as the result of his deliberations on the subject, and, while the general features of the bill are such as to merit attention, if not support, it is so imperfect in its minor details that we do not deem it necessary to devote further debate to the discussion, until such time as it shall more readily reach completion. Of Senator Merrimon's bill, we have only seen a brief synopsis, and are not, as yet, prepared to speak to the merit thereof. We will give our readers a synopsis of the different plans which have been or may be proposed so soon as they assume shape sufficiently to merit recognition.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—It appears that Evarts said to Don Cameron that the English mission should go to Pennsylvania asked him to name the man, scheme being that he should name McVeigh. Don, however, having his father in view, referred the matter to the Pennslyvania delegation. they selected Simon Cameron. The selection does not appear to be agreeable to Mr. Hayes.

The impression is becoming oppressive that the Senate will not seat either Spofford or Eustis. Some Republicans, not wishing to have Kellogg and Pinchback thrust down their throats, favor allowing Louisiana to have her sober second thought. It is not beyond a possibility that the question will be postponed until the people elect a new Legislature. It is asserted, however, with some positiveness, that the majority report of the committee will follow what Morton had outlined; which, if adopted, seats Kellogg. The temptation to make the worse appear the better reason, is great, as the ascendency in the Senate, for at least three years, depends upon it.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—It seems understood among the Louisiana politicians that King's name will not be sent to the Senate until near its close. Pinchback arrived last night: the impression grows that the whole Louisiana Senatorial question will be remitted to the coming session of the Louisiana Legislature.

Disfranchisement of the Negroes.

As precic'ed by Governor Hampton, the first movement to disfranchise the negro, comes from the North. It is now seriously proposed by Nothern Radicals to reduce the representation in Congress by disfranchisement of the colored voters. They claim as representation in Congres is based on the voting population, the present House of Representatives would not be under Democratic control but for the fact that the negroes are allowed to vote. They have discovered this fact after the negro vote has passed from under the influence of the carpet-bagger. As long as they could be manipulated by Radical demagogues, it was a good thing for them to vote, but now, when the South sends up almost a solid Democratic delegation to Congress, the negro vote is unprofitable and cannot be endured.

The white people of the South opposed placing the ballot in the hands of the negroes immediately after their emancipation, not from any hostility to the negro, but because of their ignorance and incompetency, and the danger of their being controlled by bad men to the detriment of the country as they have been in the South. And now, as the day of their political vassalage is passing away, and they are cutting themselves loose from the bondage of Radicalism, the cry for their disfranchisement is echoed by the very men who were loudest in favor of their voting when it would rebound to the benefit of Radicalism and give corrupt leaders an opportunity to rob and plunder the Southern people. Let the selfish hypocrites remember that chickens come home to roost, and that Haman himself swung from the gallows that was prepared for Mordecai.

Appropriate Words.

Governor Hampton said some things in his speech here that should be remembered. He said: "There were no better soldiers in the late war than the soldiers of North Carolina. I always placed them where danger was the thickest, for I knew I could trust the old tarheels." The "magnificent Virginians" must read this. General John B. Hood once made a similar remark only "a little more so.' The bloody shirt men of the North should ponder over these words; "We can do honor to the memory of the brave men who fought for us, and yet never violate the Constitution of the United States." Here is news for bourbons: "We can say that this is now one country, and we are citizens of that country. To have all our resources, &c., developed we must have peace. * * * Peace is essential in any portion of this country." And the following advice should be heeded by every Southern man: "I do not hesitate to say to you, men of the South, that by strict attention to your farming pursuits that you will at no distant exercise a controlling influence in the affairs of the nation.—*Raleigh News.*

The Eastern War News.

The Turks have thus far regained none of the advantages which they lost last week in the inglorious defeat of Moukhtar Pasha. The Russians had their good luck in the begining of hostilities; the tide of war then set strongly in favor of the Turks, and now it has turned back to the Russians, who, flushed with victory, are now ready to renew the blow which they struck last week.

Composition of the 45th Congress.

	Senate.	House.	Joint.
Republicans,	37	138	175
Democrats,	33	152	185
Indep't Democrats,	1	...	1
Indep't Republicans,	2	...	2
Not enrolled,	3	3	6
	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.
Majority,	5	14	9

There are three contested seats in each branch, two from Louisiana and one from South Carolina in the Senate, and one each in the House from Missouri, Colorado and California.

IT is believed that Mr. Eustis, of Louisiana, will, without much trouble, get the seat in the Senate which Pinchback has been claiming, but which nobody has filled for three or four years. There will be a struggle between Spofford and Kellog, of Louisiana, and Ruttler and Corbin, of South Carolina.

Morton's Condition.

CINCINNATI, October 25.—A special from Indianapolis, says: "Dr. Bliss, who is attending Senator Morton, does, not now seem very hopeful of Morton's immediate improvement. He has eaten little or nothing for nearly a month, and it is feared that he will literally starve to death. A change of treatment has been decided on, and medical skill will now be directed to infusing nourishment into the system."

State News.

:o:

The Baptist State Convention will assemble in Durham on the 7th of November.

A remarkable revival of religion has just closed in Calvary Mission Church in Charlotte. It was conducted every night for four weeks and there were 150 conversions.

Goldsboro *Messenger:* Maj. Grant, ticket agent of the N. C. R. R. at this place, sold nearly 900 Fair tickets last week, realizing over $1,700 for the Road.

The Educational convention of colored men in Raleigh last week, from which some good results were expected, proved worse than a failure. A political element got the ascendency and ran the convention to suit itself, doing no good and much harm, by stirring up the bad blood of the negroes against the white race in general and against the present State administration in particular.—*Observer.*

Greensboro *Patriot:* H. H. Tate has just gathered from a little less than three acres and a half of ground 300 bushels of corn and 800 pumpkins. He fed 8 hogs, 2 mules and a horse for two weeks from the corn field, what they ate not being counted in the 300 bushels. He cut also 230 bushels of wheat from an adjoining field, which weighed 65 pounds to the bushel, 5 pounds more than the standard weight.

Charlotte *Observer:* Rev. Wallace W. Duncan, professor in Wofford College, Spartanburg, S. C., was in the city yesterday. Upon the death of his distinguished and lamented brother, Rev. Dr. Jas. A. Duncan, president of Randoph Macon College, Va., about a month ago, the board of trustees offered the presidency to this gentlman. Mr. Duncan, after mature deliberation, decided to decline, and his letter of declination was written, we understand, from this city yesterday.

AN ENTERPRISING LADY—FOUR CHILDREN AT A BIRTH.—It was thought worthy of note when, about two years ago, the wife of Mr. Thos J. Suggs, formerly of this city, but now Gaston county, gave birth to three children at one time; but last week she went herself one better, giving birth to four. None got away, and the whole quartette is living and doing well. Futher than this: the triplets, Mrs. Sugg's former achievment, are all living and here we have the case of seven children from one mother and none more than two years of age. It is the most remarkabe case of its kind we ever heard of, and we doubt if it has ever had its parallel in the United States.—*Charlotte Observer.*

LOST MONEY.—According to the Charlotte *Observer* Cole's Circus did a loossing business in Western North Carolina. Mr. Cole said it would have paid him to have remained in Salisbury the five days which he spent on that road, paid all the salaries and other expenses and $200 per day extra, and done nothing. At all points on the Western road where the canvas was put up immense crowds were on hand, but few attended the circus. At one place $11 was taken in at the night performance. The money was refunded and no exhibition given. At Marion, Morganton, Hickory and Stateville the circus lost heavily. These losses were partially retrieved at Charlotte.

Raleigh *News:* On Wednesday the *News* reporter asked Govenor Hampton what he thought of the grand military display at our fair last Wednesday. He said: "It was handsome, indeed; I hope to have some of your excellent troops at the South Carolina State Fair, which begins on the 13th of next month." Gov. Hampton made special mention of the Mecklenburg Riflemen. Said he: "That company reminds me more of the old Confederate soldiers than any I saw on the grounds." "What did you think of the exhibition, Governor?" "It is very handsome; the display of fruit is the finest I ever witnessed in my life," he answered.

THE BAPTIST STATE CONVENTION.—Our annual Convention meets at Durham, 25 miles above Raleigh on the North Carolina Railroad, on Wednsday, 7th day of November, 1877, at 10 o'clock. Arrangements are being made for the usual reduction of fare over the various railroads. We hope to announce the same definitely next week.

Bro. C. Durham, the pastor at Durham, the place of meeting asks *every* person that expects to attend the Convention to send him their name by Postal Card at once. This is important to the brethern there arranging for our entertainment and we hope the names will be promptly forwarded.—*Biblical Recorder.*

[For the Enquirer.

A New Departure.

"The lower a nation of people are in civilization, the more fond they are of dancing."—*Prime.*

MR. EDITOR: It seems a new light has recently sprung up in Monroe, and revealed to the world the interesting fact that Hodges and his Associates have taken hold of the subject by the wrong end. Instead of educating the *intellect*, the *heels* is the proper locality. I suppose the Darwinian theory of the origin of man (viz, that he is a development of the monkey) is correct. The leading characteristic of that species of animals is their fondness for dancing; and, it may be, your correspondent has so recently experienced the transition—so recently emerged from the chrysalis state, that the *family proclivity* still adheres to his nature. It would be ungenerous and unmindful of the former state if an individual would all at once repudiate all the peculiarities of his ancestry.

Your correspondent almost goes into ecstacies over the physical health and development resulting from dancing. I have no doubt dancing does spread out and enlarge the *basis* of their operations; but with many (and perhaps your correspondent is one of them) the crural extremities are already sufficiently developed, and that no enlargement by culture is requisite. The plough, the axe, the spade, would impart a more *general* development to the physical nature. Daniel Webster tested the efficiency of the spade, and realized the fact that it strengthened the intellectual and physical nature and added very materially to the weight of his purse. Could not your correspondent profit by Daniel's experience? This method of development is the most certain, the most general, the safest and most remunerative.

The Chinese restricted the pedal development and directed their energies to the culture of the brain. The result is, they are the oldest nation in the world, and claim to be foremost in the inventions that have most benefitted the human family. The conclusion at which I have arrived is this, it is better for the people of Monroe to continue to patronize Hodge's institution than that of Bailey, notwithstanding it has attractions so fascinating to the recently developed nature of your correspondent. The long Winter evenings at home with historians, poets and philosophers are quite enjoyable entertainments; and if this "feast of reason and flow of soul" does not impart exquisite delight to his nature, it must be on account of its remaining proximity to the "ancestral type."

It is a subject of regret that, that jolly old fellow, "X," did not make this new departure before his "joints were stiffened by age," so he could not relish the exquisites of the "light fantastic," and his ear so deaf he could not be "charmed by the concord of sweet sounds." Notwithstanding, I cannot but think it advisable for him and his amateur professor to join the exodus of gentlemen of African origin, to that more congenial clime in Equatorial Africa. There they will find, in the long-tailed original types of their race, (Darwin being authority,) abundant material for the exercise of their peculiar tastes and talents. Lest there may be too much of a good thing, like your correspondent's "g's" in my name, I will snap the thread of narration.

OLD FOGY.

Oct. 22nd, 1877.

[For the Enquirer.

Stay at Home.

LETTER FROM A COLORED PRESIDING ELDER.

MR. EDITOR:—Many of my race in these regions are becoming wonderfully stirred up about emigrating to Liberia; speeches are being made, and I learn circulars are being distributed among the colored people, which has got them all confused in mind, and many don't know whether to rent farms for another year or leave for Liberia. Others have left their crops and what property they had and gone somewhere.

From what the advocates of emigration say, it would seem as if in Liberia seasons are always good, the soil rich, crops abundant, one can sell everything high and buy everything cheap, work half your time only, and get rich; money a plenty and no poor kin; sickness and sorrow, pain and death seldom known; the innocent never punished, the guilty never free; justice, righteousness and mercy prevail in that fair clime.

Oh, what folly!! and yet such is the song of those who want us all to "break up" and move to Liberia!

Of course it has been very gloomy with us here, but God is still with us, and the clouds are disappearing, and peace and safety, friendship and harmony between the races; prosperity and happiness smiles in our view. We have many good churches already built, good free schools in operation, and more ample provisions for the education of our youth is contemplated. We now own and pay tax on a considerable amount of real estate and personal property. We are at home, where we were raised, among those who raised us, for whom our fathers labored, and raised, and whose families myself and you took care of when they were "in the camps," in the dark period of our late terrible war.

Will not these men, therefore, sympathise with and help us? I believe they will. When we all really understand each other, does not our constant observation prove this? Surely it does, every day. Now, so far as I can see, we should raise less cotton, more wheat, corn and vegetables for our provisions, and oats, rye and peas for our stock. Sow every acre of ground in wheat you possibly can; buy small homesteads, improve them, raise mules to farm with, hogs and cattle for meat and milk. Educate our children, learn them to cook, to do all kinds of work; raise them honest, truthful, moral, industrious and religious; spend less money for trifles more for real estate, personal property and religious causes. Do this, and trust God for success, and he will give it. I have taken this method to reach as many of my people of possible, and beg the readers to explain this matter to my people, so that they may have the benefit of both sides of the question.

Yours, for the good of both races,

A. B. SMYER,

Oct. 25th, 1877.

The negro is rapidly disappearing from Congress. In the Forty-third Congress there were nine, in the Forty-fourth seven, in the Forty-fifth there are three. These three are from South Carolina—Rainey, Small, and Cain. The seats of all these are contested, and Small is under indictment for bribery.

BLUE GLASS Lamp Chimneys at the Corner Drug Store

VEGETINE.

REV. J. P. LUDLOW WRITES:
178 BALTIC STREET, BROOKLYN, N. Y., Nov. 14, 1874.

H. R. STEVENS, Esq.

DEAR SIR,—From personal benefit received by its use as well as from personal knowledge of those whose cures therey have seemed almost miraculous, I can most heartily and sincerely recommend the Vegetine for the complaints which it is claimed to cure.

JAMES P. LUDLOW,
Late Pastor Calvary Baptist Church, Sacramento, Cal.

Vegetine.

SHE RESTS WELL.

SOUTH POLAND, Oct. 11, 1876.

MR. H. R. STEVENS.

DEAR SIR,—I have been sick two years with the liver complaint, and during that time have taken a great many different medicines, but none of them did me any good. I was restless nights, and had no appetite. Since taking the Vegetine I rest well, and relish my food. Can recommend the Vegetine for what it has done for me.

Yours respectfully,
MRS. ALBERT RICKER.

Witness of the above.
MR. GEORGE M. VAUGHAN,
Medford, Mass.

Vegetine.

GOOD FOR THE CHILDREN.

BOSTON HOME, 14 TYLER STREET, Boston, April 1876.

H. R. STEVENS.

DEAR SIR,—We feel that the children in our home have been greatly benefited by the Vegetine you have so kindly given us from time to time, especially those troubled with the Scrofula.

With respect
MRS. N. WORMELL, Matron.

Vegetine.

REV. O. T. WALKER SAYS.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., 164 TRANSIT STREET.

H. R. STEVENS, Esq.

I feel bound to express with my signature the high value I place upon your Vegetine. My family have used it for the last two years. In nervous debility it is invaluable, and I recommend it to all who may need an invigorating renovating tonic.

O. T. WALKER,
Formerly Pastor of Bowdoin-square Church, Boston.

Vegetine.

NOTHING EQUAL TO IT.

SOUTH SALEM, MASS., Nov. 14. 1876.

MR. H. R. STEVENS.

DEAR SIR,—I have been troubled with Scrofula, Canker, and Liver Complaint for three years. Nothing ever did me any good until I commenced using the Vegetine. I am now getting along first-rate, and still using the Vegetine. I consider there is nothing equal to it for such complaints. Can heartily recommend it to everybody.

You s truly,
MRS. LIZZIE M. PACKARD,
No. 16. Lagrange Street, South Salem, Mass.

Vegetine.

RECOMMEND IT HEARTILY.

SOUTH BOSTON.

Mr. STEVENS.

DEAR SIR,—I have taken several bottles of your Vegetine, and am convinced it is a valuable remedy for Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaint, and General Debility of the System. I can heartily recommend it to all suffers from the above complaints.

Yours respectfully,
MRS. MUNROE PARKER.

VEGETINE
Prepared by
H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggist.

"Combines more attractions than any other."
—Beaver (Pa.) Times.

CHEAPEST AND BEST.

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE.

FULL-SIZE PAPER PATTERNS!

A Supplement will be given in every number for 1878, containing a full-size paper pattern for a lady's or child's dress. Every subscriber will receive during the year, twelve of these patterns, so that these alone will be worth more than the subscription price.

"PETERSON'S MAGAZINE" contains, every year, 1,000 pages, 14 steel plates, 12 colored Berlin patterns, 12 mammoth colored fashion plates, 14 pages of music, and 900 wood cuts. Its immense circulation enables the proprietor to spend more money on embellishments, stories, &c., &c., than any other. It gives more for the money than any in the world. Its *THRILLING TALES AND NOVELETTES* are the best published anywhere. All the most popular writers are employed to write originally for "Peterson." In 1878, in addition to the usual quantity of short stories, Five Original Copyright Novelettes will be given, by Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, Frank Lee Benedict, Mrs. F. H. Burnett and others.

Mammoth Colored Fashion Plates

ahead of all others. These plates are engraved on steel, twice the usual size, and are unequaled for beauty. They will be superbly colored. Also, Household and other receipts; in short, everything interesting to ladies.

N. B.—As the publisher now prepays the postage to all mail subscribers, "Peterson" is cheaper than ever; in fact, is the cheapest in the world.

Terms, (always in advance,) $2.00 a year.

2 Copies for $3.60; 3 Copies for $4.80; with a copy of the premium picture, 24x20, "The Angels of Christmas," a five dollar engraving, to the person getting up the Club.

4 Copies for $6.80; 5 Copies for $8.00; with an extra copy of the Magazine for 1878, as a premium, to the person getting up the Club.

6 Copies for $9.60; 8 Copies for $12.00; 11 Copies for $16.00; with both an extra copy of the Magazine for 1878, and a premium picture, a five dollar engraving, to the person getting up the Club. Address, postpaid,

CHAS. J. PETERSON,
306 Chestnut St., Phil'a, Pa.

Specimens sent gratis, if written for. 21-tf.

FOR THE LATEST
Fall and Winter Styles
—OF—
LADIES' MISSES' and CHILDREN'S
Hats and Bonnets,
—GO TO—
Mrs. J. W. Rudge,
Next door to J. D. Stewart's Clothing Store.

A new stock of Hats and Trimmings for the Fall and Winter trade, just received. Trimming done at shortest notice.

Dyeing, Bleaching and Betrimming old Hats and Bonnets a Specialty.

Fine Dresses cut and made in the latest styles. Be sure and give her a call before buying elsewhere.

Oct. 12th, 1877.–19-tf.

This Man Says:
—FOR—
STOVES & TIN-WARE,
Of the best quality and at the lowest prices, go to
J. W. RUDGE,
MONROE, N. C.
Oct. 12, 1877.–19-tf.

Townsend & Hanford,
TRADE STREET, - MONROE, N. C.

The attention of the trade is invited to a well selected Stock of

GENERAL DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
WHITE GOODS,
Shawls, Notions,
AND HOSIERY.
ALSO
FINE GROCERIES,
CONFECTIONERIES,
CIGARS, TOBACCO, &c.

OUR
Millinery Departm't.

We have just received 300 Ladies' Hats, of the latest Fall and Winter styles, a beautiful assortment of Silks, Velvets, Plushes, Ribbons, Flowers, Plumes and Feathers; also Ladies' Fancy Silk Scarfs, Handkerkiefs, Collarettes, Cuffs and Collars, &c., &c.

We are confident we have the finest assortment ever brought to Monroe, and will be sold at prices that defy all competition.

We respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.

TOWNSEND & HANFORD.
Oct. 12, '77.–19-tf.

STEWART HOUSE,
MONROE, N. C.,
T. M. BROWN, - Proprietor.

This House, formerly known as the Central Hotel, is now thoroughly renovated and newly furnished for the perfect comfort of the public, and the Proprietor hopes, by his constant personal attention, to make it second, in style and comfort, to no House in the State. The table will always be supplied with the best the market affords, polite and attentive servants always in attendance. Regular board can be obtained at reasonable rates. The omnibus in connection with this House meets all the trains. The patronage of the public is solicited.

T. M. BROWN,
Proprietor.

Sept. 14, '77.–15-tf.

FASHIONABLE
DANCING SCHOOL
At Odd Fellow's Hall,
(Over Austin & Co.'s Store.)
MONROE, N. C.

MR. J. H. BAILEY

Would inform the citizens of Monroe and vicinity that he is now forming Classes to teach all the

Fashionable Dances of the Day,
—INCLUDING—
Waltzing, Polkas, Scottische, Varsovienna, Mazurka, Polka Mazurka, Redowa; The Danish, Gallopade, The Lanciers Quadrilles, The Calledonians, Polka Quadrilles, &c., &c.
—ALSO—
Fancy Dances for Children,
—INCLUDING—
The "May Pole" Dance, English Morris Dance, Highland Fling, Sailor's Hornpipe, Village Hornpipe; and many other beautiful Dances for Parlor and Home Amusement.

The Glide Waltz and Other Round Dances
Taught in Six Lessons:

The Class for Ladies and Juveniles will be on Tuesdays and Wednesdays at 3 o'cl'k p. m. Classes for Gentlemen will meet on Mondays and Tuesdays at 8 o'cl'k p. m.

Soiree Every Tues. Night.

The first meeting of the Ladies and Juveniles will be on Tuesday, Oct. 23d, at 3 p. m. The first meeting of the Gentlemen will be on Monday, Oct. 22d, at 8 p. m.

TERMS:

Adult Class for Gentlemen, $5 for Twelve Lessons, (including four Soirees,) one half in advance.
Ladies Class, $5 for Twelve Lessons.
Mr. Bailey proposes to tea h all the Ball Room Dan es in one session.
Oct. 13, 1877.–18-tf.

This standard article is compounded with the greatest care.

Its effects are as wonderful and as satisfactory as ever.

It restores gray or faded hair to its youthful color.

It removes all eruptions, itching and dandruff. It gives the head a cooling, soothing sensation of great comfort, and the scalp by its use becomes white and clean.

By its tonic properties it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, preventing baldness, and making the hair grow thick and strong.

As a dressing, nothing has been found so effectual or desirable.

A. A. Hayes, M.D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure, and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."

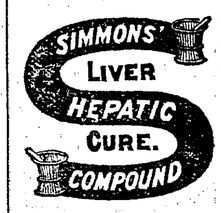
Price, One Dollar.

Buckingham's Dye
FOR THE WHISKERS.

This elegant preparation may be relied on to change the color of the beard from gray or any other undesirable shade, to brown or black, at discretion. It is easily applied, being in one preparation, and quickly and effectually produces a permanent color, which will neither rub nor wash off.

Manufactured by R. P. HALL & CO.,
NASHUA, N.H.
Sold by all Druggists, and Dealers in Medicines.

Liver Complaints, or Billiousness.



The Liver is the largest gland of the body. It is situated on the rightside, just beneath the ribs. & weighs about four lbs.

It secretes a thick, dark, greenish - yellow fluid, called *bile.* As fast as the bile is elaborated it is deposi d in the gall-bladder, and passes by a small duct into the intestine.

When from any cause this duct becomes clogged, or the liver becomes deranged, the bile does not pass into the intestine, but it is absorbed by the blood and is diffused thro'out every part of the system.

When the action of the intestine becomes perverted, or when the liver secretes too much bile, then the bile is diverted from its natural course and passes into the stomach. It is taken up by the absorbents and blood-vessels of the stomach, and becomes incorporated into the blood, producing nausea, headache, giddiness, vomiting, and other symptoms of poisoning. Such affections are called biliary affections, or biliousness.

Simmons' Hepatic Compound is sure to regulate every disorder of the liver. It stimulates the absorbents to healthy action, and carry off all the impurities with which the system is clogged.

For sale in Monroe by
ENGLISH & ASHCRAFT, and
BICKETT & GRIFFIN,
DOWIE & MOISE, Proprietors.
Charleston S. C.
ay 14th, 1877. 49-6m

THOMASVILLE
FEMALE COLLEGE
DAVIDSON CO., N. C.

THE TWENTY-FIRST ANNUAL SESSION begins the last Wednesday in August.

That this School presents superior educational advantages is fully proved by its steadily increasing patronage the last three years. Some of these advantages are its peculiarly quiet and healthful location, the habitual enthusiasm in study in its pupils, careful attention to their manners, morals, health and comfort, a full corps of tried and earnest teachers, an extensive and carefully arranged course of study, diplomas for selected studies and for an Engl sh course, suited to pupils limited in time or means, one for the full course, and especially *greatly reduced rates.*

For Catalogue address.
H. W. REINHART, Principal.
July 30.–9-3m.

New Publications of
T. B. PETERSON & BRO.'S.

By the Author of "That Lass o' Lowrie's."

"THEO."
A Love Story.
BY MRS. FRANCES HODGSON BURNETT.
Author of "That Lass o' Lowrie's."
Paper Cover, 50 cents. Morocco Cloth, Gilt and Black, $1.00.

BESSIE'S SIX LOVERS.
A Charming Book, by a Noted Author.
Paper Cover, 50 cents. Morocco Cloth, Gilt and Black, $1.00.

THAT GIRL OF MINE.
BY ONE OF OUR MOST POPULAR AUTHORS.
Paper Cover, 50 cents. Morocco Cloth, Gilt and Clack, $1.00.

Mrs. Southworth's
"MOTHER-IN-LAW."
THIS IS THE BOOK OF THE SEASON.
One Volume, 500 Pages, Morocco Cloth, Gilt and Black, $1.75.

That Lover of Mine.
BY THE AUTHOR OF "THAT GIRL OF MINE."
Paper Cover, 50 cents. Morocco Cloth, Gilt and Black, $1.00.

Above Books are for sale by all Booksellers, or copies will be sent to any one, to any place, at once, on remitting price to the publishers,

T. B. PETERSON & BROS.,
306 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

REMEMBER that if you want a good Sewing Machine, at a low price, that you will consult your own interest in calling at the ENQUIRER office before buying.

The Monroe Enquirer.

MONROE, N. C. . . OCT. 29, 1877.

Our Churches To-morrow.

METHODIST.—Preaching every Sabbath by Rev. O. J. Brent, Pastor, at 11 A. M., and 7½ P. M.
Sabbath School, 9 A. M.

BAPTIST.—Preaching every Sabbath by Rev. J. T. Blasington, Pastor, at 11 A. M.
Sabbath School, 9 A. M.

PRESBYTERIAN.—Preaching 1st and 3rd Sabbaths of each month by Rev. R. A. Miller, Pastor, at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.
Sabbath School, 9 A. M.

EPISCOPAL.—Preaching 2nd Sabbath of each month by Rev. A. H. Boyle, Rector. Services at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.

LOCAL AND STATE.

Index to New Advertisements.

New Publications.—T. B. Peterson & Bro.

Petersons Magazine.—Chas J. Peterson, & Co.

Great Attractions in New Goods.—T. D. Winchester, & Co.

Vegetine.—H. R. Stevens,

Now is the Time.—J. E. Stack,

Notice to Tax Payers.—J. W. Griffin,

Attention, Everybody.—N. S. Ogburn,

Thanks to Hon. W. L. Steele for several copies of the *Congressional Record*.

White Frosts.—The first white frosts of the season appeared last Tuesday and Wednesday mornings.

Sheriff Griffin gives notice through our columns this week that he will shortly start on his second round to collect Taxes.

A Severe Wound.—We learn that a little son of Mr. Harvey Walkup, was kicked by a mule at Prospect Camp Ground and severely hurt.

Off for Raleigh.—On last Tuesday Deputy Sheriff Preslar, accompained by G. W. Flow Esqr., left for Raleigh with the four negroes, sentenced to the penitentiary at our recent Court.

Happiness and prosperity depend to a very great extent upon good health. All those suffering from Hoarseness, Cold, or Cough, should try Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. It cures.

New Advertisements.—Messrs. T. D. Winchester & Co., and Jas Stack come forward this week in new advertisements. These are both good houses, and are well worthy of the patronage of our people.

The next meeting of Prof. Bailey's Dancing Class for young gentlemen will be on next Thursday night, at 8 o'clock. The ladies and juveniles will meet on Thursday and Saturday afternoons at 3 o'clock. * 1t.

Carriage and Buggy Manufactory.—We notice that Mr. James Sheppard is having a new blacksmith shop erected on the corner of the old stand of C. Austin, & Son, and learn that he has bought a suitable house adjoining in which he will, at an early day, run a regular Buggy and Carriage Factory. Sheppard is a good workman, and will turn out good work.

The Farmer and Mechanic.—We have received the first number of this new Agricultural paper the publication of which has recently been commenced at Raleigh. We have not had time to examine it closely, but a brief glance will show that it is well gotten up and the able corps of Editors, whose names appear, is an assurance that it will be well filled, We wish it unmeasured success.

The Sheriffs do not now go to Raleigh to settle the State Tax with the Treasurer, the last Legislature having passed a law, allowing them to pay over the Tax to any bank authorized by the Treasurer to receive it. The Peoples Bank of Monroe has been authorized to receive the State Tax due from this county. This system of settling will save a considerable amount to the State in the way of travelling expenses.

Second Crop.—Messrs I. H. Blair and B. F. Houston have been unusually successful in raising Irish potatoes this Summer in that they have each made two crops from one planting, the second being from potatoes left in the ground at digging-time, and were very fine potatoes; in fact, Dr. Blair says his second were better than the first. The Early Rose was planted, and the second crop were as red as the regular Fall potatoes.

Mexican Wheat.—Mr. W. J. Wiloughby brought us a stalk of what is called Mexican Wheat. It is very much like Sugar Cane in appearance with the exception that it has half a dozen or more heads to the stalk instead of one. This stalk is twelve feet high, and has a short, course fodder. The seed was bought from a travelling agent in Charlotte at the rates of $36 a bushel. We don't think it a very important discovery.

Cotton Sales for the week ending Friday night, 506 bales; prices, 10 to 10¾ cents.

Married.—In this place on the 25th inst., by Abel Helms, Esq., Mr. Chas. C. Long, of Goose Creek Township, to Miss Catherine Hagler.

The N. C. Synod has been in session for several days this week, in Charlotte. We were promised a communication from there for this issue, but have been disappointed. Will probably receive it for next issue.

Monroe High School Examinations.—We publish this week a list of students who obtained the different grades of school honors at the recent quarterly examinations. Sorry that we haven't space this week to give a more extended notice.

Our neighbors' children look so rosy and healthy and are never sick. Our children are so delicate and have such sallow complexions. Your neighbor keeps up with the times and gives Shirner's Indian Vermifuge to his children twice a year.

Personal.—Mr. Horace Hanford, wife and daughter, of Hobart, N. Y., are now on a visit to this place, and will probably spend the Winter here. Mr. Hanford is the father of Mr. Henry Hanford, who has been a resident of Monroe for the past 12 months.

Fire.—The terror-striking alarm of fire was given again on last Friday night, the interior of Mr. J. W. Rudge's tin store being discovered to be on fire. Fortunately it was discovered at an early hour, before the flames had made much headway, and consequently was easily put out. No serious damage was done, beyond breaking open the doors and window, which was done for the purpose of getting into the fire.

"That Girl of Mine," a Love Story, by a Noted Author, is in press, and will be published in a few days by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia. It will be found to be one of the most brilliant society novels issued for years, being a true story of Mable's flirtations during a winter passed by her in the best and most fashionable society in Washington. It will be issued in uniform style with Mrs. Burnett's popular novel of "Theo," in cloth and paper cover, and at the same price.

A Remedy for Catarrh.—Dry and powder mullen leaves as fine as you would powder sage; then smoke as you would tobacco, letting the smoke escape through the nostril instead of the mouth. This is one of the best remedies for catarrh in the head. It has entirely cured a case of over twenty years standing, when every remedy heard of had failed to do so. It may require a little pratice to let the smoke escape through the nostrils. Mullen will be stronger gathered before the frost injures it, but will also be found an excellent remedy for cold in the head.

Astonishing Success.—It is the duty of every person who has used Boschee's German Syrup to let its wonderful qualities be known to their friends in curing Consumption, severe Coughs, Croup, Asthma, Pneumonia, and in in fact all throat and lung diseases. No person can use it without immediate relief. Three doses will relieve any case, and we consider it the duty of all Druggists to recommend it to the poor dying consumptive, at least to try one bottle, as 40,000 dozen bottles were sold last year, and no one case where it failed was reported. Such a medicine as the German Syrup cannot be too widely known. Ask your Druggist about it. Sample Bottles to try sold at 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents. For sale by all Druggists.

Frank Leslie's Sunday Magazine for November contains 128 pages of the best reading matter the month will afford us. To its readers it must prove a source of mental pleasure and recreation. Non-sectarian in its principles, it is purely religious in tone and teaching. It contains 100 fine engravings. The opening pages treat of the progress of Japan. Russia, Egypt, Greenland and other far away-places are also noticed in its columns. The usual number of beautiful stories, the "Home Pulpit," by the editor, Dr. Deems, a quanitity of witty paragraphs, poems, etc., complete the work. Its intrinsic value to the home-circle is far in advance of its price. Every family should subscribe to this beautiful publication during the year 1878, the January number of which begins the third volume, and will be issued early in December. The Magazine contains an average of 159,600 words, and the annual subscription price is but $3, single copies 25 cents, free by mail. Address Frank Leslie's Publishing House, 537 Pearl Street, New York.

Shipment of Mulberry Trees.—We noticed in the depot a few days ago, quite a lot of white mulberry trees, which were being shipped by Travis Lyles to Wilson, N. C. This species of fruit, which is not yet generally cultivated, is said to be excellent food for chickens and hogs, and no doubt will soon become as much appreciated as any other fruit tree. It makes a beautiful shade tree also.

Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly for November contains some highly interesting matter. It is full of variety, just what our readers delight in. It contains an excellent and very liberally illustrated article on the late M. Thiers, ex-President of the French Republic one on "The Coast Fisheries of America," (about 30 illustrations); another on "The Artificial Product one of Light," (20 illustrations), and several others. To these are added some very excellent short stories, continued a number of welcome paragraphs and anecdotes of tales, natural and political history, while science, art, poetry, wit and humor find their plases among its many columns. The end of the year draws near, and a subscription to the Monthly for 1878 would make a very desirable holiday present or a New Year's gift in the home-circle. The Popular Monthly is the best and cheapest, publication of its kind in the world. Each number contains 128 pages, 100 illustrations, and an average of 159,600 words, and the price per year is but $2,500 or single copies 25 cents, free by mail, which is 16 to 22 per cent, cheaper than Harper's or Scribner's Magazines, which contain an average of but 248,600 and 142,000 words and cost $4 per annum. For the Popular Monthly, address your orders to Frank Leslie's Publishing House, 537, Pearl Street, New York.

No Excuse for any one Being out of Employment.—Our attention has been called to some new and useful cooking utensils, recently invented which make baking and cooking a pleasure, instead of a dreaded necessity. One of which, the Patent Centennial Cake and Bread Pan, made of Russian iron, is so constructed that you can remove your cake when baked, instantly from the pan, without breaking or injuring it, and you can remove the tube, and convert it into a plain bottom pan, for baking jelly or plain cakes, bread, ect. Another—the Kitchen Gem a plated wire boiler or steamer to hang inside of an ordinary iron pot, for steaming vegetables, ect., which when done, can be removed perfectly dry, wihtout lifting the heavy sooty iron pot off of the stove, avoiding the danger of burning the hands with the steam in pouring off the hot water, and the vegetables *can not possibly burn* if the water boils dry, as the steamer does not touch the bottom of the pot. These goods are sold exclusively through agents to families, and every house-keeper should by all means have them. A splendid opportunity is offered to some reliable lady or gentleman canvasser of this country to secure the agency for a pleasant and profitable business. For terms, territory, ect., write to L. E. Brown & Co., Nos. 214 and 216 Elm Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Oct. 21-4t.

Monroe High School.

At the recent Quarterly Examinations, the following are the distinctions. The highest attainable number is 100. An average of 98 on all the studies pursued, both on recitation and examination, entitles the pupil to the distinction known as first honor; an average of 90 entitles him to second honor; of 80, to third honor; an average of 70 ranks the pupil among the meritorious.

The average required for First Honor was not attained by any.

The following pupils obtained the average requisite for Second Honor: Frank M. Winchester, Robert McManus, Capt. Plyler, Rob't Broom, Willie Brookshire, Annie Rush, Johnnie Winchester, H. C. M. Long, Alice Shute and J. T. Kee.

The following obtained Third Honor: Ella Armfield, Alice Armfield, Hattie Bobbitt, Jennie Flow, Johnnie Flow, Michael Flow, Eddie Flow, Sue Howie, Cyrus Houston, T. D. Lee, Joe May, Florence Ogburn, Mattie Ogburn, Lillie Rose, Frank Laney, Mary Bell Rush, Sallie Rush, Minnie Stitt, Willie Stevens, S. D. Stevens, Rob't Stevens, Alice Stewart, Addie Stewart, Bettie Stewart, Laura Stewart, Willie Trott, Frank Turner, Lelia Walkup, Alice Walkup, Minnie Walkup, Jennie Whitfield, Cora Winchester, Cheatham Winchester.

The following obtained an average of 70, and are, therefore, among the Meritorious: Frank Armfield, Fletcher Bobbitt, Ellie Flow, Mary Houston, Henry Laney, Eugene McLarty, Lydia Myers, John Stevens, Frank Stewart.

The highest average grade, 95⅝, was obtained by Frank M. Winchester, of Monroe; the second highest, 93 17-20, by Rob't C. McManus, of Old Store, S. C.; the third highest, 92 19-22, by C. A. Plyler, of Wild Cat, S. C.

The following pupils "lead" their respective class:

Cicero's Orations—F. M. Winchester.

Virgil—Lelia Walkup.

Latin Reader, No. 7—Mary Bell Rush.

Latin Reader, No. 2—Johnnie Winchester.

Latin Grammar, No. 7—Lelia Walkup.

Latin Grammar, No. 2—Addie Stewart.

Greek Reader—C. A. Plyler.

Natural Philosophy—Rob't Broom.

Algebra, No. 7.—F. M. Winchester.

Algebra, No. 2—C. A. Plyler.

Algebra, No. 3—Rob't Broom.

Algebra, No. 4—John Winchester.

Physiology—Lelia Walkup.

Arithmetic, No. 1—Alice Stewart.

Arithmetic, No. 2—John Flow.

Arithmetic, No. 3—Silas Biggers.

Arithmetic, No. 4—Mattie Ogburn.

Arithmetic, No. 5—Alice Shute.

Arithmetic, No. 6—Frank Turner.

Arithmetic, No. 7—Minnie Walkup.

English Grammar, No. 1—Annie Rush.

English Grammar, No. 2—Willie Brookshire.

English Grammar, No. 3—Willie Trott.

English Grammar, No. 4—Eddie Flow.

English Grammar, No. 5—Eugene McLarty.

Geography, No. 1—H. C. Long.

Geography, No. 2—Sallie Rush.

English History—Ella Armfield and Annie Rush.

U. S. History, No. 1—Alice Armfield.

U. S. History, No. 2—Joe May.

Geometry—F. M. Winchester.

Spelling by the entire school—Alice Stewart.

Exercises in Declamation—F. M. Winchester.

Weekly Readings in presence of the School--Alice Stewart and Lelia Walkup.

Compositions written, and read in class—Alice Stewart.

Essays written by more advanced pupils, and read before the school—Alice Stewart.

Orations by more advanced pupils—Rob't C. McManus.

[For the Enquirer.

Prospect Camp-Meeting.

Mr. Editor:—Our camp-meeting at Prospect commenced on Friday night before the 3rd Sunday of this month, and closed on Tuesday following, (last Tuesday). The weather was so warm during the first couple of days that some of the pork and other excellent viands were spoiled. The congregations were very large, and generally attentive. The P. E., Rev. Dr. Bobbitt, Revs. O. J. Brent, M. C. Thomas, and C. A. Plyler, of Zoar circuit, S. C. Conference were present and did faithful work. We had none of what fashionable people would call fine preaching. It was all on the good, common-sense, Holy Ghost style. They preached so that the people understood it, and the word ran and was glorified. The church was revived. Some twelve or fifteen were converted. Eight were added to the church. The conduct of nearly all the people was commendable. Quite a number of white men (the negroes were all sober) were under the influence of liquor. We cannot expect anything better while our civil authorities legalize its sale. There is a licensed grogery some two and a half miles from the camp-ground. I understand that the shop-keeper is right popular among the base, low-down, worthless of the community. Of course the respectable, honest people of the neighborhood can't respect a neighbor, much less a stranger, whose business it is to ruin the morals, destroy the bodies and damn the souls of as many as "he may devour."

A considerable number were drinking, but they nearly all kept out of better company. One young man was trying to get a pistol out of his pocket (it is supposed, to shoot the civil officer that had chased him out of mischief,) and accidentally shot himself. It is a serious wound, but we hope he will get well and learn to keep good company and behave himself better.

All things considered, we are satisfied there was a great deal of good accomplished.

Max H. Hoyle.

Wood Wanted.—We want to buy 50 cords of Oak and Pine Wood, delivered within two miles of Monroe Call at once.
H. B. SHUTE & CO.
Oct. 6, '77.–18.-tf.

Job Printing.—We continue to do Job Work of every description. Persons wishing pamphlets, posters, dodgers, cards, letter heads, bill heads or anything in the printing line executed will find it to their interest to call at the Enquirer Printing Office. Best work and lowest prices guaranteed.

MONROE MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY
B. D. Heath & Co.
Saturday, Oct. 27.

Cotton,	℔ lb	9 a 10¼
Bacon,	"	9½ a 10
Lard,	"	12½ a 15
Butter,	"	20 a 25
Cheese,	"	15 a 20
Pork,	"	8 a 8½
Beef,	"	5 a 7
Beeswax,	"	25 a 00
Tallow,	"	6 a 7½
Rice,	"	8 a 10
Coffee,	"	20 a 25
Sugar,	"	11 a 15
S. Potatoes,	℔ bu.,	50 a 00
I. Potatoes,	"	— a
Corn—New,	"	— a 00
Old,	"	90 a 95
Meal,	"	a 100
Oats,	"	55 a 00
Flour,	℔ sack,	$3 00 a $3 65
Wheat,		1 20 a 1 40
Chickens,		12½ a 15
Eggs,	℔ doz.,	a 12½

New Advertisements.

GREAT ATTRACTIONS
IN NEW GOODS
FOR THE
Fall and Winter Trade of 1877 and 1878.

Persons desiring to buy goods of any kind kind at extremely low prices, for cash, should not fail to call on

T. D. WINCHESTER & CO.

Their Stock has been newly replenished in the Northern markets by a skillful and tasty buyer, and they are confident of offering unsurpassed inducements to cash customers. Their stock comprises a good assortment of

General Merchandise.

Those who have been favored by us with indulgence for a few goods during the Summer season are respectfully reminded that one good turn deserves another, and that we would be pleased to have a settlement of accounts, as well as their cash custom. Call and see us at our old stand.

T. D. WINCHESTER & CO.
Oct. 26, '77.–21-tf.

NOW IS THE TIME
—AND—
J. E. Stack's
RELIABLE STORE
—IS—
THE PLACE
TO LAY IN YOUR
WINTER SUPPLY
—OF—
GOODS!

His Stock of General Merchandise is complete and new, and his prices are exceedingly low, so all who want to secure real bargains and get the worth of their money will consult their own interest in buying goods of him. He has a Stock consisting of almost everything needed by the people, and buying it in good markets at low figures, he is prepared to compete with any House in quality of goods and low prices. He will buy your Cotton and other produce and give you the top of the market. Don't fail to give him a call at his old stand, East of the court house, whenever you visit Monroe.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

All persons owing the old firms of Stack & Marsh and Stack & Moore are reminded that their accounts must be settled by the 15th of November, or I shall place them in the hands of an officer.
Oct. 26, '77.–21-tf.

NOTICE TO
TAX-PAYERS.

I will attend, in person or by Deputy, at the following times and places for the purpose of collecting Taxes due me for 1875, 1876 and 1877, viz:

Joseph Hailey's,	Monday, Nov.	12
Jackson Griffin's,	Wed'y, "	14
Wilson's Old Store,	Friday, "	16
Wolfesville,	Monday, "	19
Benton's,	Wed'y, "	21
Olive Branch,	Friday, "	23
Monroe,	Monday, "	26

All Taxes due for the above years must be paid at once, or the same will be put out for collection with cost attached. It is my sworn duty to collect the Taxes, and I intend to do it, irrespective of persons.

J. W. GRIFFIN,
Sheriff of Union County.
Oct. 23d, '77.-21-tf.

ATTENTION,
EVERYBODY!

The undersigned offers for sale 100 acres of land lying two miles West of Monroe, about 35 of which is recently cleared, on which there is a good frame dwelling and stables and well of water. The remaining 65 acres is well timbered, and the wood, if cut and hauled to Monroe, would pay for the whole tract.

Also, in Monroe, 5 or 6 Town Lots, all improved but one. We also have a few bushels of good seed wheat still on hand for sale. Good Beef Cattle wanted. Apply to

N. S. OGBURN.
Monroe, N. C.
Oct. 26.–21-tf.

$5 to $10 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

A. F. Stevens & Co.,
NEW FALL STOCK
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
NOW OPENING.
WILL BE SOLD
VERY LOW FOR CASH.
Come and See New Goods
AND HEAR PRICES.
Oct. 6th, 1877.

CORNER
DRUG STORE.
FRESH and PURE.

We have just received a large and varied supply of almost everything in the world that belongs to a first-class Drug Store, which we propose to sell CHEAP for Cash.

CALL IN.
BICKETT & GRIFFIN.

P. S.—Hereafter Dr. Bickett will generally be found at the Drug Store, for consulting, when not protessionally engaged.
Sept. 29, '77.–17-tf. B. & G.

THE BEST OFFER!

We will sell during these hard times

$600 Pianos for $250.

And all other styles in the same proportion, including Grand, Square and Upright—all first-class—sold direct to the people at factory prices. No agents; no commissions; no discounts. These Pianos made one of the finest displays at the Centennial Exhibition, and were unanimously recommended for the Highest Honors. Regularly incorporated Manufacturing Co.—New Manufactory—one of the largest and finest in the world. The Square Grands contain Mathushek's new patent Duplex Overstrung Scale, the greatest improvement in the history of Piano making. The Uprights are the finest in America. Pianos sent on trial. Don't fail to write for Illustrated and Descriptive Catalogue—mailed free.

MENDELSSOHN PIANO CO.,
No 56 Broadway, N. Y.

H. B. SHUTE. W. O. STARNES.
ANOTHER.
NEW RINKLE.

WE DESIRE to inform our friends and the public that in connection with our stock of

GROCERIES

we have now in store a full line of

DRY GOODS
—AND—
NOTIONS,
BOOTS, SHOES,
—AND—
HATS,

for the FALL and WINTER TRADE, and we are determined not to be UNDERSOLD. We also buy COTTON, and pay the highest market prices. COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods. Call and see us.

H. B. Shute & Co.,
Next door to Corner Drug Store.
Oct. 1, '77.–17-6m.

TO FARMERS
500 POUNDS
BLUE STONE
JUST RECEIVED AT
People's Drug Store.
Oct. 16.–20-2t.

B. D. HEATH & CO.
HAVE IN STORE
THE LARGEST
AND
Most Complete
STOCK OF GOODS
EVER BROUGHT TO MONROE,
AND BEING BOUGHT FROM
First Hands,
THEY ARE ENABLED TO SELL THEM
LOWER THAN EVER.
A FULL STOCK OF
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

WE BUY
COTTON,
AND PAY THE
HIGHEST MARKET PRICES
MONROE, N. C.
Sept 29th, 1877.

NEW STOCK
FALL AND WINTER
GOODS,
CONSISTING OF
Dry Goods, Notions
Clothing, Hats, Boots
and SHOES, GROCERIES, TOBACCO, SEGARS, SNUFF, MOLASSES, BACON, LARD, SALT, Cheese, Flour, Meal, Sugar, Cofiee and Family Supplies generally.

We offer great inducements to cash customers. Don't fail to see us before you buy.

A. H. CROWELL & SON.
Depot Street.
Sept. 7th-1877 14-tf.

R. M. ROBINSON,
Fashionable Tailor,
MONROE, N. C.

All work cut and made warranted to fit. Cleaning and repairing done at short notice. Latest styles of Fashion Plates always on hand. Cutting for the country a specialty. Produce taken in exchange for work. Orders from a distance promptly filled.

Shop at Old Monroe Hotel, opposite the court house. 44-tf.

A NEW
WRINKLE.

The undersigned will open, during the second week in September, at his old stand in Stewart's Brick Row, an

ENTIRELY NEW STOCK
OF
General Merchandise,
FOR THE
FALL AND WINTER TRADE,
CONSISTING OF
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS,
Groceries, Hardware,

and in fact nearly all articles usually needed by the citizens of this country.

He has no old stock on hand, and intends to sell cheap, and can offer superior inducements to cash customers. Highest market prices paid for Dry Hides, Wool, Beeswax, Tallow and other country produce.

Be sure to call and see his New Goods and hear his prices.

Respectfully,
W. H. TROTT.
Sept. 6, 1877.–14-tf.

FARMS FOR RENT
FOR 1878.

I DESIRE to rent, for the next year, two Farms. One in Providence has 50 acres of land, half of it is good, fresh land, all suited for cotton and grain. There is a good double house, splendid water, and some out-houses. This farm is on the border of a splendid stock range, adjoining the Fence Law District.

The other lies seven miles West of Monroe; has 85 acres cleared land, most of which is fresh. Has a country dwelling and out-houses, good water and orchard, also three tenant houses. Will furnish fertilizers where lands need it, if renter desires. Will give renter extra work in improving these lands, if so desired. For further particulars call at once and see me at my office in Monroe.

B. S. TRAYWICK.
Oct. 2, '77.–18.-3t.

Burgess Nichols & Co.
Wholesale and Retail
DEALERS IN
FURNITURE,
BEDDING, &c. &c.

Chamber and Parlor Sets,
Bureaus' Bedsteads,
Wardrobes, Washstands,
Tables, Chairs, of every description.

A full assortment of everything pertaining to our business. We carry a Large Stock, and can offer inducements to the trade. We solicit a call.

No. 5 West Trade Street,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
June 15th 1876-3-1y.

Farm and Household.

Is Farming a Good Business.

This is a question which many young men have long been asking. The stringency of the times, and the vast number now thrown out of work, have caused the inquiry to become still more frequent, and to be made with increased emphasis.

Farming has the same requisite as every other business to make it good; that is, it must be well followed. No neglected business is good. There is no kind of business which will enable one to step easily and at once into a fortune. Industry, prudence and self-sacrifice are the unalterable conditions of success in all undertakings.

Farming offers certain advantages and is attended by certain drawbacks. We will mention some of each:

So far as health is concerned, farming affords abundant exercise. This is one of its strongest recommendations; for what is wealth, what even is life, without health?

To a person fond of natural history and familiar with the elementary principles of some of its branches, a farm affords a desirable opportunity for the cultivation of scientific knowledge. And if one's tastes run that way, there is a great delight in flowers and trees and animal life.

As a means of acquiring money farming is slow at first, and is never very rapid. An independence and a competency may be secured with a considerable degree of certainty; but if a young man has an ambition to possess a large fortune he is not likely to achieve it by farming.

Experience is requisite to success in this as well as in every other pursuit. It is quite a common notion that any one can manage a farm; but this is a great mistake. Any young man who contemplates taking up government land and occupying it, and who has never lived on a farm, will act wisely to first engage himself for a year with a practical farmer, thus acquiring not only a year's tuition in the business he is to follow, but whatever sum he can save out of his wages as a much needed capital.

Feeding Horses.

The Michigan Farmer has this good advice; Almost of more importance than the form in which food is given, are the frequency and regularity of meals. The horse's digestive organs are not constructed for long fasts. Long intervals without food produce hunger, and hunger begets voracity; food is bolted, and indigestion and colic follow. This is doubly true and and dangerous with horses doing hard work. They come to their long-deferred meal not only hungry, but exhausted; not only is the food bolted, but the stomach is in such a state as to be incapable of thoroughly active digestion, and is overpowered by half the amount of food it could otherwise digest. The prevention of waste is almost attained when we give a proper form; but there are two points to which it is right to devote some attention—the form of the mangers and attention to the wants of the individual animals. The mangers should not be less than three feet long, eighteen inches wide and twelve inches deep. They should have an upper border of wood projecting inward for two inches, and a transverse bar of half-inch iron across the middle. A piece of two inch hoop iron, on the top of the manger, protects it from damage by the horse's teeth. This simple arrangement prevents the horse from throwing out his corn, and the provender is not set in so thick a layer as in the ordinary narrow and shallow manager.

EGGS FOR WINTER USE.—It is a foolish plan to be seeking the best method for "putting down eggs." This used to be deemed one of the first tests of thrifty house-keeping—the number of eggs put down for winter use. But a much better way is to have your eggs fresh the year round. If hens have enough to eat and of the right materials, they will lay in Winter as well as Summer. Farmers always expect to feed some grain to the fowls; then if they would save all of the waste meat that accumulates in the fall to feed the hens in the winter, they would be repaid in fresh eggs. This makes good work for the boys, in saving such refuse, in some outbuilding, to chop up and use when needed.—*American Poultry Journal.*

COMPOSTS.—All the different waste matters about the farm, and such purchased material as can be cheaply procured, may now be usefully gathered into a heap for a compost for the wheat crop. One of the most valuable materials for a compost is castor pomace, which can be procured so cheaply as to make it a very desirable fertilizer to be used in this way. It costs only $10 a ton in St. Louis, and as it contains 7½ per cent., or 150 lbs. to the ton of ammonia, it is the cheapest source of this indispensible material that can be procured for composts.

TUTT'S PILLS

A Noted Divine says

They are worth their weight in gold.

READ WHAT HE SAYS:

DR. TUTT:—Dear Sir: For ten years I have been a martyr to Dyspepsia, Constipation, and Piles. Last spring your pills were recommended to me; I used them (but with little faith). I am now a well man, have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular stools, piles gone, and I have gained forty pounds solid flesh. They are worth their weight in gold.
REV. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.

TUTT'S PILLS CURE SICK HEADACHE.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE DYSPEPSIA.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE CONSTIPATION
TUTT'S PILLS CURE PILES.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE FEVER AND AGUE.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE BILIOUS COLIC
TUTT'S PILLS CURE KIDNEY COMPLAINT.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE TORPID LIVER

imparting health and strength to the system. Sold everywhere. Office, 35 Murray Street, New York.

Dr. Tutt has been engaged in the practice of medicine thirty years, and for a long time was demonstrator of anatomy in the Medical College of Georgia, hence persons using his Pills have the guarantee that they are prepared on scientific principles, and are free from all quackery.

He has succeeded in combining in them the heretofore antagonistic qualities of a *strengthening, purgative, and purifying tonic.*

Their first apparent effect is to increase the appetite by causing the food to properly assimilate. Thus the system is nourished, and by their tonic action on the digestive organs, regular and healthy evacuations are produced.

The rapidity with which *persons take on flesh,* while under the influence of these pills, of itself indicates their adaptability to nourish the body, and hence their efficacy in curing nervous debility, melancholy, dyspepsia, wasting of the muscles, sluggishness of the liver, chronic constipation, and

TRIUMPH OF SCIENCE.
Gray Hair can be changed to a glossy black by a single application of Dr. TUTT'S Hair Dye. It acts like magic, and is warranted as harmless as water. Price $1.00. Office 35 Murray St., N. Y.

WHAT IS QUEEN'S DELIGHT?
Read the Answer

It is a plant that grows in the South, and is specially adapted to the cure of diseases of that climate. It is

NATURE'S OWN REMEDY,

Entering at once into the blood, expelling all scrofulous, syphilitic, and rheumatic affections. Alone, it is a searching alterative, but when combined with Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, and other herbs, it forms

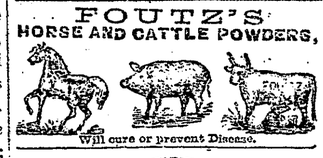
Dr. Tutt's Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight,

The most powerful blood purifier known to medical science for the cure of old ulcers, diseased joints, foul discharges from the ears and nostrils, abscesses, skin diseases, dropsy, kidney complaint, evil effects of secret practices, disarranged liver and spleen. Its use strengthens the nervous system imparts a fair complexion, and builds up the body with

HEALTHY, SOLID FLESH.

As an antidote to syphilitic poison it is strongly recommended. Hundreds of cures of the worst type have been radically cured by it. Being purely vegetable its continued use will do no harm. The best time to take it is during the summer and fall; and instead of debility, headache, fever and ague, you will enjoy robust health. Sold by all druggists. Price, $1.00. Office, 35 Murray Street, New York.

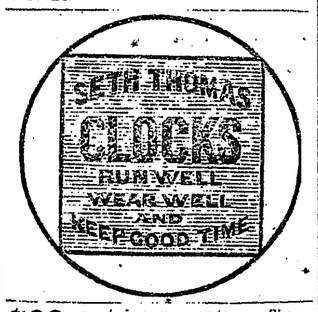
FOUTZ'S
HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS,



Will cure or prevent Disease.

I only Bilious, says the debilitated victim of sick headache, pain in the right side, constriction of the bowels, and hypochondria. Are these trifles, then? Not; unchecked they lead to mortal disease. And yet as surely as dawn disp ls the darkness, TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT will remove them. Try it.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.



$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine.

15 EXTRA FINE MIXED CARDS with name, 10 cts., post-paid. L. JONES & CO., Nassau, N. Y.

GRACE'S SALVE.
WORK FOR ALL.

In their own localities, canvassing for the Fireside Visitor, (enlarged) Weekly and Monthly. Largest Paper in the World, with Mammoth Chromos Free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

$5 TO $10 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

OIL OF SASSAFRAS,

Of prime quality, bought in any quantity, for cash on delivery, free of brokerage, commissions, or storage expenses, by

DODGE & OLCOTT,
IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS OF
DRUGS, ESSENTIAL OILS, &c.
88 WILLIAM ST., ...NEW YORK

JAS. T. PETTEWAY. C. N. SCHULKEN

PETTEWAY & SCHULKEN,
BROKERS AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

FILL ORDERS for all descriptions of Merchandise, giving our patrons the advantage of the lowest prices in this market.

We handle Cotton, Naval Stores, Wheat, Wax, Wool, Furs, Hides, Poultry, Eggs, Fruits, &c.

Prompt and profitable returns.
Orders and Consignments solicited.
Agents for Wilcox, Gibbs & Co.'s Guano.
Sept. 1st, 1877.-13-tf.

This Cut illustrates the Manner of Using
DR. PIERCE'S
Fountain Nasal Injector,
OR
DOUCHE.

This instrument is especially designed for the perfect application of
DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY.

It is the only form of instrument yet invented with which fluid medicine can be carried *high up* and *perfectly applied* to all parts of the affected nasal passages, and the chambers or cavities communicating therewith, in which sores and ulcers frequently exist, and from which the catarrhal discharge generally proceeds. The want of success in treating Catarrh heretofore has arisen largely from the impossibility of applying remedies to the cavities and chambers by any of the ordinary methods. This obstacle in the way of effecting cures is entirely overcome by the invention of the Douche. Its use is pleasant and so simple that a child can understand it. **Full and explicit directions** accompany each instrument. When used with this instrument, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures recent attacks of "**Cold in the Head**" by a few applications.

CATARRH

SYMPTOMS—Frequent headache, discharge falling into throat, sometimes profuse, watery, thick mucus, purulent, offensive, etc. In others, a dryness, dry, watery, weak, or inflamed eyes, stopping up, or obstruction, of nasal passages, ringing in ears, deafness, hawking and coughing to clear throat, ulcerations, scabs from ulcers, voice altered, nasal twang, offensive breath, impaired or total deprivation of sense of smell and taste, dizziness, mental depression, loss of appetite, indigestion, enlarged tonsils, tickling cough, etc. Only a few of these symptoms are likely to be present in any case at one time.

Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, when used with **Dr. Pierce's Nasal Douche,** and accompanied with the constitutional treatment which is recommended in the pamphlet that wraps each bottle of the Remedy, is a perfect specific for this loathsome disease. It is mild and pleasant to use, containing no strong or caustic drugs or poisons. The Catarrh Remedy is sold at 50 cents, Douche at 60 cents, by all **Druggists.**

R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Prop'r,
BUFFALO, N. Y.

DOCTOR PIERCE'S
ALTERATIVE
Golden Medical Discovery

CURES DISEASES OF THE
THROAT, LUNGS, LIVER & BLOOD

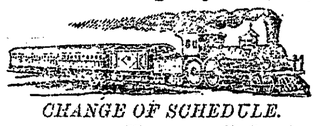
In the wonderful medicine to which the afflicted are above directed for relief, the discoverer believes he has combined *in harmony* more of Nature's sovereign curative properties, which God has instilled into the vegetable kingdom for healing the sick, than were ever known to be combined in one medicine. The evidence of this fact is found in the great variety of most obstinate diseases which it has been found to conquer. In the cure of **Bronchitis, Severe Coughs,** and the early stages of **Consumption,** it has astonished the medical fraternity, and eminent physicians pronounce it the greatest medical discovery of the age. While it cures the severest Coughs, it strengthens the system and **purifies the blood.** Be its great and thorough blood-purifying properties, it cures all **Humors,** from the worst **Scrofula** to a common **Blotch, Pimple, or Eruption.** Mercurial disease, Mercurial Poisons, and their effects, are eradicated, and vigorous health and a sound constitution established. **Erysipelas, Salt-rheum, Fever Sores, Scaly or Rough Skin,** in short, all the numerous diseases caused by bad blood, are conquered by this powerful, purifying, and invigorating medicine.

If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have sallow color of skin, or yellowish brown spots on face or body, frequent headache or dizziness, bad taste in mouth, internal heat or chills alternated with hot flashes, low spirits, and gloomy forebodings, irregular appetite, and tongue coated, you are suffering from **Torpid Liver, or "Biliousness."** In many cases of **"Liver Complaint"** only part of these symptoms are experienced. As a remedy for all such cases, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has no equal, as it effects perfect cures, leaving the liver strengthened and healthy.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AT $1 PER BOTTLE.

Prepared by R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Sole Proprietor, at the WORLD'S DISPENSARY, Buffalo, N. Y.

Carolina Central Railway Company



CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 5th, 1877.

SCHEDULE

ON AND AFTER FRIDAY, THE 5th inst., Trains will run over this road as follows:

PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS.

Leave Wilmington at	5:55 A. M.
Arrive at Monroe at	6:17 P. M.
Arrive at Charlotte at	8:00 P. M.
Leave Charlotte at	7:45 A. M.
Leave Monroe at	9:23 A. M.
Arrive at Wilmington	9:45 P. M.

FAST THROUGH FREIGHT.

Leave Wilmington,	7:25 P. M.
Arrive at Monroe,	8:21 A. M.
Arrive at Charlotte,	11:12 A. M.
Leave Charlotte,	8:02 P. M.
Arrive at Monroe,	9:49 P. M.
Arrive at Wilmington,	12:45 P. M.

LOCAL FREIGHT—TRI-WEEKLY.

Leave Wilmington, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at	7:00 A. M.
Arrive at Monroe, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at	2:35 P. M.
Arrive at Charlotte, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at	5:00 P. M.
Leave Charlotte, going East, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at	5:30 A. M.
Leave Monroe, going East, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at	7:56 A. M.
Arrive at Wilmington, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at	4:30 P. M.

This train accupies about thirty-five hours between Wilmington and Charlotte, stopping over night at Laurinburg.

V. Q. JOHNSON
General Superintennent

BLUE GLASS LAMP Chimneys at the Corner Drug Store

GRAFF'S
IMPROVED
POTASH
OR
LYE
THE BEST
FAMILY
SOAP MAKER.
SOAP MADE
IN
ONE HOUR.

A. ROBINSON,
BARBER AND
HAIR-DRESSER,
MONROE, N. C.

Desire to inform the public that he has opened a first-class Barber Shop in Mr. H. Shell's building, opposite B. D. Heath & Co., where he solicit patronage from all, and will endeavor to give satisfaction in all branches of his work, such as Shaving, Hair Cutting and Dressing, Shampooing and Dyeing, Concaving and Honing Razors.

He keeps for sale Hair Oils and Tonics, Perfumery, Shampoo Cosmetics, Bay Rum, Dyes, Razors, Brushes, Cups, Combs and Hair Brushes, Hair Vigors for restoring Grey Hair. Atomizers ordered when desired.

Having obtained at a great expense a French preparation for removing dandruff from the Scalp, I will wait on the Ladies or children at their residences, prepared to cut Hair, Shampoo or restore Hair to natural color.

June 15th 1876-3-tf.

REMINGTON
French-Loading Double-Barrelled
GUN.

Weight, 8¼ to 8¾ pounds; length of barrel, 28 and 30 in. 10 and 12 gauge.
Price, Steel barrels, $45; Twist barrels, $60; Laminated barrels, $75; Damascus barrels, $85.

The best ever offered the American sportsman, combining all the most desirable features of the best imported, together with some valuable improvements not found in any other Top Lever, Snap Action, Centre Fire.

For sale by the trade everywhere. Manufactured by E. REMINGTON & SONS, 281 and 283 Broadway, New York. P. O. Box, 3994. Armory, Ilion, N. Y. Cut this out and send for Illustrated Catalogue and Treatise on Rifle Shooting. 19-2m.

MONROE
High School,
MONROE, N. C.,
J. D. HODGES, A.M., - - Principal
W. J. SCROGGS, A.M.,
Assistant in Male Department.
MRS. M. L. STEVENS,
Assistant in Female Department.
MRS. W. J. SCROGGS,
Instructor in Music.

The next Session begins Aug. 13th. Expenses per Session of 20 weeks:

Tuition in Spelling, Reading and Writing, $6 00; in Primary English, including English Grammar, Arithmetic and Geography, $12 00 to $16 00; in Higher Mathematics and in Languages, each, $5 00; incidental fee, $2 00; Board, $9 00 to $10 00 per month. For Catalogue containing full particulars, address the Principal.
July 5th, '77-5-tf.

H. M. Houston & Co.,
NOW HAVE IN STORE
A NEW AND COMPLETE
STOCK OF
WINTER GOODS
At Prices to Suit the Times.
OUR STOCK OF
LADIES' HATS,
ARE BOTH
STYLISH CHEAP
AND VERY PRETTY.
We also have a Large Line of
DRESS GOODS.
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES
AND JEANS
FOR WINTER WEAR
AN ATTRACTIVE STOCK OF
SHOES AND HATS,
AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES
H. M. HOUSTON & CO.
Nov. 13-1876-24-tf.

REMEMBER that if you want a good Sewing Machine, at a low price, that you will consult your own interest in calling at the ENQUIRER office before buying.

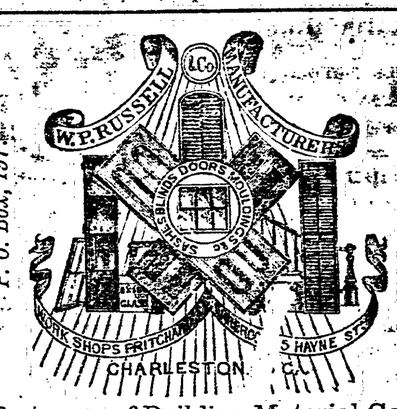
WE SELL
Geisers Grain Separator,
The Mitchell Wagon,
The Studebaker Wagon,
The Virginia Horse Power
The Hoosier
STEEL TURN PLOW,
Corn Shellers,
Straw Cutters,
Partly Made Plows,
Finished Plows,
Harrow Teeth,
Shovels,
Forks,
Hoes,
Mattocks and
Picks.
Now in Store
200 BBLS LIME,
PIEDMONT GUANO,
An elegant and cheap lot of
CLOTHING,
just opened,
New lot of Shoes just in,
New Dry Goods every week,
New Hats just arrived, Sole, Upper and Harness Leather, a specialty. The best Sugar, Coffee and Molasses, always on hand, at low figures. Give us a call, look through our stock. We have something for all, and will not be undersold.
If you are due us by note or account, come in and settle, we want money, and it will add to your credit to pay, and our interest to have it.
ARMFIELD & LANEY.
Feb. 5th-1877-35-tf.

IMPROVED
Home Shuttle

Sewing
Machine.
PRICE,
Thirty Dollars
THE SIMPLEST,
THE BEST,
—AND THE—
Easiest Running.
Has taken more first premiums in the last five years than any other Machine. It possesses more
REAL IMPROVEMENTS
than all other Machines combined.
Every Machine is sent out threaded ready for use, and persons desiring the VERY BEST
FAMILY MACHINE
will find, upon due trial, that the
HOME SHUTTLE
will fill the bill every time. Give it a trial and be convinced.
Send for circulars.
Address
Johnson, Clark & Co.,
30 Union Square,
NEW YORK.
Or MAXWELL & SYMONS,
General Agents
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
July 30.-9-6m.

The Charlotte Hotel,
UNDER THE NEW MANAGEMENT OF
J. RILEY DAVIDSON,
Has been re-furnished in first-class style, and offers greater inducements to the travelling public than ever before. Attentive servants; table well supplied with the delicacies of the market.
No pains spared to please.
Terms, $2.00 per day.
J. RILEY DAVIDSON.
April 23, '77.-46-6m.

W. P. RUSSELL & Co.,
CHARLESTON, S. C.
P. O. Box, 197.



DOOR, SASH AND BLIND FACTORY.
Moulding and Planing Mill.
ESTABLISHED 1851.

Manufacturers of Building Material Generally.
DRESSED FLOORING, CEILING AND WEATHER-BOARDS
MOULDINGS FOR BUILDING PURPOSES, IN GREAT VARIETY,
NEWELS, HAND-RAIL AND BALLUSTERS.
WOOD TURNING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Good and substantial work made as cheap at this establishment as can be made in the United States. We have on hand the largest stock of the above South of the city of Baltimore, all of which we guarantee will give entire satisfaction to all who want good and substantial work.

The subscribers are the only Practical Mechanics—Sash, Blind and Door Makers—by trade, carrying on the business in the city of Charleston, and can refer to gentlemen all over this State, Georgia, North Carolina and Florida, as to the character of their work for the past twenty years.

NOTICE.—On account of the manner in which we box up our work, and our own assumption of the risk of Breakage of Glass with ordinary handling, our goods are shipped over the roads in this State at HALF RATES, which is a great saving to the purchaser of our work.

W. P. RUSSELL & CO., Charleston, S. C.
March 26, 1877-42-1y

STIEFF
HIGHEST AWARD AT THE
CENTENNIAL
Diploma of Honor and Medal of Merit for
Grand, Upwright and Square
PIANOS.
The principal points of Superiority in the STIEFF Pianos are brilliant singing quality of tone, with great power—*evenness of touch* throughout the entire scale, faultless action, unsurpassed durability, and unexcelled workmanship.

A large variety of Second-han Pianos, of all makers, constantly store, and ranging in prices from $75 to $300.

We are also Sole Agents for the Southern States of the
"MATCHLESS" BURDETT ORGANS
The Best now Made.
A full supply of every style constantly in store, and sold on the most liberal terms.

For Terms and Illustrated Catalogues of Pianos and Organs, address
CHAS. M. STIEFF,
No. 9 N. Liberty St., Baltimore, Md
May 14th 1877-1-y.

Lilly & Brother,
Commission Merchants,
Cotton a Specialty.
Agents for the I.X.L. COTTON GIN, the old Samuel Griswold Gin under a new name, and with latest improvements. Also, the McBryde COTTON PRESS. Send for circulars
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Aug. 17, '77.-7-3m.

PURE DRUGS
AT
LOW PRICES.
ENGLISH & ASHCRAFT,
PROPRIETORS
People's Drug Store,
MONROE, N. C.,
Have in store a full Fresh Stock of Pure Drugs, which, being bought at low prices, can be, and will be, sold
Low for Cash.
Call and see them whenever you need anything in the
DRUG LINE.
Old stand, East side of the Public Square.
Oct. 6, 1877.-18.-tf.

SASH,
DOORS,
BLINDS,
AND—
Ornamental Woodwork
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
GOODS ARE ALL MADE IN OUR FACTORY at this place, and under our own supervision.
We Defy Competition,
either in workmanship or low prices, and solicit a trial.
ALTAFFER & HILL,
40-tf. Wilmington, N. C.

BARNES' FOOT POWER MACHINERY.
13 different machines with which Builders, Cabinet Makers, Wagon Makers and Jobbers in miscellaneous work can compete as to QUALITY AND PRICE with steam power manufacturing; also Amateurs supplies, saw blades, fancy woods of designs. Say where you read this and send for catalogue and prices. W. F. & JOHN BARNES, Rockford, Winnebago County, Ill. 51-8t.

LUMBER
AND
Building Materials!
I WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM my former patrons and the public generally that I am in the Steam Saw Mill business again, and am prepared to furnish Lumber, Doors, Sash and Building Materials at low prices.
My Planing Machine is now in full operation, and I will dress Lumber at the following prices:

Dressed on one side only, all widths,	20c per 1,00 feet.
Dressed and Matched Bastard Lumber,	40c per 1,00 feet.
Dressed and Matched Quartered Lumber,	60c per 1,00 feet.
Kiln Drying,	20c per 1,00 feet.

COMMON ROUGH LUMBER,
SOLD AS FOLLOWS:

20 feet and under, ¾ inch thick,	90c per 100 feet.
20 feet and under, 1 inch thick,	$1 00 per 100 feet.
Over 20 and under 25 feet	1.25 per 100 feet.
Over 25 and under 30 feet	1.50 per 100 feet.

SPECIAL HEART LUMBER,

For Doors, Sash, &c.,	$1.50 per 100 feet.
For Fencing,	1.25 per 100 feet.
Post Oak for Fence Posts,	1.25 per 100 feet.
Oak Wagon Timber,	1.50 per 100 feet.

The above are prices for Lumber at the Mills, and 20 cents per 100 will be added for hauling any Lumber delivered in Monroe.

Contracts Solicited
for Building or Fencing of any kind. Will furnish Lumber, Workmen, Paint, and build to suit any one and at prices that are unequaled for cheapness, and satisfaction guaranteed. If you haven't ground to build on, I will sell you a town lot or two at low prices.
I have a lot of old stock rough lumber at my yard in Monroe which is offered very low to close out—$5 to $7½ per 1000.
Thanking the public for past patronage, I would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, pledging myself to do all I can for their interests.
40-1y. T. C. WILLOUGHBY.

CHESTER'S
CURE.
A Recently Discovered Remedy
—FOR—
ASTHMA,
BRONCHITIS, CATARRH
HAY FEVER, COLDS, &C.
And ALL DISEASES of the Repository Organs
WONDERFUL CURES
Have been made of the above diseases, of long standing, where everything else fails.
Trial Packages & Remarkable Testimonials
From PHYSICIANS, DRUGGISTS, and prominent men FREE, on application.
Address,
WM. E. CHESTER & Co.,
37 Hanover St.,
(DRAWER 5290.) Boston, Mass.
He that fails to try this remedy, will suffer when sure relief is at hand.
Mailed to any address on receipt of $1.50.
For sale in Monroe, by
BICKETT & GRIFFIN.
and ENGLISH & ASHCRAFT.

$777 is not easily earned in these times, but it can be made in three months by any one of either sex, in any part of the country, who is willing to work steadily at the employment that we furnish. $66 per week in your own town. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. We have agents who are making over $20 per day. All who engage at once can make money fast. At the present time money cannot be made so easily and rapidly at any other business. It costs nothing to try the business. Terms and $5 Outfit free. Address at once, H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine

PICTURE GALLERY.
A. B. CAUDLE
DESIRES TO INFORM his friends and the public generally that he is now nicely fitted up in a new Gallery over Stewart's clothing store, where he is well prepared to take Pictures at low prices. Satisfaction guaranteed or no charges. Come and see me and you will be satisfied with my work. Having a good sky-light, pictures can be taken on cloudy days as well as on bright ones.
March 5, '77.-39-tf.