

THE MONROE ENQUIRER.

WM. C. WOLFE, Editor and Proprietor.

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The Monroe Enquirer.

VOL. VI. MONROE, N. C., SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1879. NO. 32.

THE CARPENTER'S WOOING. "Oh, beam of my life, my awl to me!" He cried, his flame addressing...

Bill Arr's Chat. He thinks he has solved the Labor Question, etc. (Atlanta Constitution.)

The Body of A. T. Stewart. POSITIVELY SAID THAT IT HAD BEEN RESTORED TO JUDGE HILTON—MRS. STEWART QUOTED AS MAKING THE STATEMENT...

THE PRESS ON VANCE'S NOMINATION. Greensboro Patriot. We are heartily glad of this action as it closes up the breach and stops a war which has been waged by some of the adherents of the respective gentlemen who were candidates with too much asperity.

PLEASANT PARAGRAPHS. Gamblers nor infidels haven't faith enough in their professions to teach it to their children.—Josh Billings.

THE CARPENTER'S WOOING. They never speak firstly, and say "why hello, Bill, how are you old fell! Glad to see you; you are lookin' first-rate; what's the news? How's Mrs. Arr and the children?" They never squeeze a man's hand warmly, nor a woman's either, as to that, for these darn little just debts that a man wants to pay but can't, and these everlasting love letters that faller after 'em, takes all the squeeze out of him, and he feels about enough interest in women to get out of her way and not tread on her frock trail.

THE CARPENTER'S WOOING. I never see such a man without thinkin' of the jack-o'-lantern that brought him to it—runnin' after society—tryin' to catch up or keep in sight of the deceivin' witch while she shines away yander, and when he gets there has moved a little further off and tells him on and along until he mires up in the bog and can't get out. Then you see he goes to bridg'—bridg' over as the money lenders call it—and he hobbles along on the bridges until they give out, and then he caves for good.

THE CARPENTER'S WOOING. But when a man lives in the country, society sorter forgets him and he forgets her. His family are left out of the calendar. Tartan dresses aint wanted every week for a party or fable. The family room don't have to be kept just exactly as nice as the parlor, and you can toast the light bread and roast the potatoes there if you want to. The children can wear out their old clothes, and if anybody comes to see you, why you know they come out of shore can't friendship, and you can rely on 'em to attend your funeral when you have one.

THE CARPENTER'S WOOING. It is stated upon authority so trustworthy as to leave but little, if any, doubt of the entire correctness of the report, that Mrs. A. T. Stewart has said to at least two persons—a gentleman and a lady—within the last six days, that the body of her husband has been recovered; that it has been delivered to Judge Hilton, and that it has been placed by him in a secret vault, well guarded, there to remain until the completion of the crypt in the Stewart Memorial Cathedral in Garden City.

THE CARPENTER'S WOOING. It has been stated on equally trustworthy authority that Judge Hilton was approached some weeks ago by the representative of a well-known firm of lawyers in this city in reference to the restoration of the body. This, the lawyer said, could be effected upon certain conditions—first, that \$100,000 in cash should be paid down when the body was produced; second, that no questions, whatever, should be asked further than was necessary for the absolute identification of the body; third, that a pledge of honor should be given that no attempt should be made to trace or to arrest the robbers.

SOME OF THE SETTLERS' RESOLUTIONS. TO THE PEOPLE OF THE SEVERAL COMMONWEALTHS COMPOSING THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA: We, the representatives of Northern settlers in the Southern States, and being ourselves immigrants from localities in the Northern States to the respective States following our individual signatures, in convention assembled do call your attention to the following, feeling, assured that cool judgment upon the facts shown will set in flow the currents of reason, and action follow reason without prejudice. We prefer to make findings specially and at length and we find:

SOME OF THE SETTLERS' RESOLUTIONS. 1st. That in the States of our former homes there exists an active prejudice against the South and its people; that this prejudice is mighty in its influence for evil on the nation; that by it and through it the conditions of the country are largely disquieted; that it is fomented and kept alive for purposes ulterior to the common weal; that the real interests of the nation are kept out of sight in keeping alive this prejudice. That much of this prejudice, if not all of it, is due partly to wrong information concerning (and partial and total ignorance of) the facts existing in a large portion of the South.

SOME OF THE SETTLERS' RESOLUTIONS. 2d. That in the portions of the South in which we reside the right of any man, from no matter where, to express publicly, as well as privately, his opinion upon any subject, and of every nature, is nowhere and in no manner restrained. That all laws are well administered and as truly enforced against the wrong-doer as in any part of any State of the Union.

SOME OF THE SETTLERS' RESOLUTIONS. 3d. That any man who has so conducted himself at his former home as to win the regard of honest men and decent people, by pursuing the same course of life in the South, does gain and keep the regard and respect of all people, regardless of any question of politics or religious faith; and we further find that being a Northern man is certainly no disadvantage.

SOME OF THE SETTLERS' RESOLUTIONS. 4th. That every citizen recognizes that he is amenable to the law, and that local self-government is as much required and encroachments upon these as much deplored as in any State North, East or West. 5th. We find, too, that persons foisted themselves upon the policy of the South, and by their conduct cast discredit upon the Northern name.

SOME OF THE SETTLERS' RESOLUTIONS. 6th. Those of us who were in the army of the Union never for a moment pretended to think of denying our uniform or the old cause. The Confederate soldier has always evinced the true soldier instinct in the grasp of those who were his enemies in the war.

SOME OF THE SETTLERS' RESOLUTIONS. 7. That considering reputed outrages, if these were carefully sifted it will be found that the complainants for like acts would have suffered at the hands of any people under like provocation.

SOME OF THE SETTLERS' RESOLUTIONS. 8th. We find that in business relations the ex-Confederate is willing to sell his land on time to Northern men, even to people who could not get the same accommodations at the North, East or West. We find, too, that in the ramifications of business they endorse our notes and bank papers, and are not over-anxious or inquisitive on questions of extension, and they frequently say, "It is as much our interest as yours that you should succeed, and by your success, help fill the country with thrifty people."

SOME OF THE SETTLERS' RESOLUTIONS. 9th. That as neighbors they visit our firesides and welcome us to the privileges of public worship, and sympathize in our sorrows and afflictions; that they admire sturdy integ-

SOME OF THE SETTLERS' RESOLUTIONS. fail. Once he was regularly elected, and kept waiting on the steps of the Capitol, credentials in hand, until the door was shut in his face by the Republican majority. Again he was on the point of election, when some of the bolting Democrats joined with the Republicans, and gave the place to the present Senator, Merrimon, who, largely through the exertions of Vance, had been elected Governor in the famous campaign of 1872. Gov. Vance is by all odds the most effective popular speaker in the South, and has been idolized for years by the people of the Old North State. Before the outbreak of the war he was widely known as a pronounced Unionist, but took an active part in the secession movement. During the rebellion he was thoroughly enlisted in the Confederate cause, but distinguished himself by fighting against high-handed measures of the Jefferson Davis administration. He is well equipped for political debate, and will be heard from in the Senate.

THE FINEST AND MOST NATURAL. The finest, purest and best flavors for cakes, puddings, pastry, &c., are Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts. In this age of adulteration, it is gratifying to find one to stick by the old path of honesty, and consumers owe it to themselves to patronize such efforts.

JOSEPH BULLOCK'S APHORISMS.—Be merciful to all the dumb animals; no man can get to heaven on a sore backed horse. The grate fight is fast for bread, then batter on the bread, and then sugar on the butter. The grate secret of popularity is to make every one satisfied with himself first, and afterwards satisfied with you. The grate mistake people make is, that they think more of their cunning than they do of their honesty. The unhappiness of this life seems to consist, principally, in getting everything we can and wanting everything we ain't got.

THE COST OF AN ELECTRIC LIGHT.—A reporter of the World, interviewing Edison, states it as follows: "Give me your calculations on the light," said the reporter. "My eight-horse power engine will give 430 lights. I intend at first to have them fifteen-candle power each, but now I can have each equal to twenty candles, without extra cost. The engine will be running every hour in the twenty-four, but slowly when the lamps are not lighted—it's an automatic cut-off engine, you know—and then when one lamp after another is lighted, the old engine goes faster and faster, until, buzz! she's off at her highest rate of speed. And mark you, there is to be no waste of my current, for the engine is so arranged that it will supply just the amount of current called for by each lamp, and when the lamps are turned out the current stops of itself. Oh, it's all plain enough and as simple enough. Then each one of these lights is going to cost \$1.95 a year, and a gas-burner giving about the same light cost \$15 a year. That's what I'm working on now—the economy of the thing; for if the electric light isn't cheap it's of no value."

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Pleasant Paragraphs. Gamblers nor infidels haven't faith enough in their professions to teach it to their children.—Josh Billings. An old lady being asked to subscribe to a newspaper, declined on the ground that when she wanted news she manufactured it herself. When a man dies suddenly, without the aid of the physician, the coroner must be called in. If the man dies regularly, after being treated by a doctor, everybody knows why he died, and the coroner's inquest is not necessary.—New Orleans Picayune. Young swell: "I would like to have my monstache dyed." Police barber: "Certainly; did you bring it with you?" The best thing to go hunting with is a club. It doesn't fill your legs full of shot or kill any cows grazing in the next field. When an artist climbs over a fence to get a nearer view of a handsome building, he must take the chances of his sketching the dog or the dog's catching him. A young lady gazing on her portrait just finished by a rising young artist, remarked, "I look just like a canvas-back duck." He felt like eating her. The subjective order of your thought does not correspond with the objective order of the phenomena. This is the latest way of telling a person that he wanders from the straight path of truth. "Do eagles give milk, mother?" asked the boy. "No, my son; what made you think so?" "Because I have heard of the eagle's scream." The mother reached for her slipper, but the embryo paragrapher had vanished. When Benjamin Franklin arrived in Philadelphia, he calmly walked up the street with a loaf of bread under his arm. But he couldn't do it now-a-days. Somebody would steal it before he got half a block away from the river. A person was boasting that he was sprung from a high family in England. "Yes, said a bystander, I have seen some of the same families so high that their feet could not touch the ground." An exchange says: "Kind words are better than gold." Well, they may be for some purposes, but when you want to choke off a collector with a heavy underjaw, gold is the best. Such men don't run to sentiment much. "Speaking of razors," said the obsequious barber, as he tendered change for a quarter. "I believe Adam and Eve were the first razors, were they not?" The customer raised his chin, and demanded to know if he was able to make another joke like that. A little girl visiting a neighbor with her mother, was gazing curiously at the mistress' new bonnet, when the owner queried, "Do you like it, Laura?" The innocent replied, "Why, mother said it was a perfect fright, but it don't scare me." Laura's mother didn't stay long after that. The publisher of a weekly newspaper in Illinois prints in each number a chapter of the Bible, and is contented to be ridiculed for it by his contemporaries, remarks editorially: "We publish nothing but what is news to our readers." Little Freddie was talking to his grandma, who was something of a skeptic. "Grandma, do you belong to the Presbyterian Church?" "No." "To the Baptist?" "No." "To any church?" "No." "Well, grandma, don't you think it's about time to get in somewhere?" A little boy in Sunday School put a poser to his teacher. The lady was telling the class how God punished the Egyptians by causing the first-born of each household to be slain. The little boy listened attentively. At the proper time he mildly inquired: "What would God have done if there had been twins?" NOTHING TO BE DESIRED.—Every odor made by Dr. Price has the peculiar sweetness characteristic of the flower from which it is obtained, and as so chaste and delicate that their use really leaves nothing to be desired. Dr. Price's handkerchief perfumes delight all who use them.

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## THE GREAT TRIUMPH!!

VANCE ELECTED U. S. SENATOR.

Gov. Vance was elected United States Senator by the Legislature on last Tuesday, to serve six years, from the 4th of next March. He received 110 votes, the entire strength of the Democratic members, except two, who were detained at home by sickness. Eighty-six votes were necessary to a choice. Judge Barton was the Republican nominee, and received 51 votes. Turner voted for Judge Ashe, and two Republican members voted for Judge Merrimon. Gov. Vance will resign next week, and Lt. Gov. Jarvis will be installed in his stead.

## THE PERSONNEL OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Col. John D. Cameron, writes the Hillsboro Recorder the following among other things, in regard to some of the members of the Legislature:

Among the new members that have been most conspicuous, are C. M. Cooke, of Franklin, who was also a candidate for the Speakership. He is now Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, and is one of the most able men in the House. Lockhart, of Anson, is a pleasant and a strong speaker; Ford, of Surry, a man of culture, and decidedly a strong man; Davis, of Catawba, graceful, cultivated and well informed; Covington, of Union, Bernard, of Pitt, Amis, of Graulville, Atkinson, of Baucome, and others, illustrate very favorably the character of the body. Among the many useful men who do not speak a great deal, but do a great deal of work and have much influence, are Brown, of Mecklenburg, and York, of Wilkes, old members and men of sound judgment and practical useful qualities, but without pretension to oratory. These are all on the Democratic side.

On the Republican side Norment, of Robeson, is perhaps the most prominent. He is an old member of the House and also of the Senate, and was in the Constitutional Convention of 1868, a man of capacity, and when roused to his work, an opponent not to be despised; Clarke, of Craven, also an old member, active, earnest and liberal in his views, and a good talker; Blocker, a member of the Convention of 1875, a good, honest, earnest, somewhat fussy man, riding hobbies with loose rein, but meaning well, and incurring no enmities—these are the leading men on that side of the House.

The wit and genius of the House the able correspondent overlooks. Mr. Covington, of Union, is a wit of the first order. He is making a capital representative.— *Raleigh News.*

## Seeds and Chemicals.

LETTER FROM PROF. LEBOW.  
[Correspondence of THE ENQUIRER.]  
CHAPEL HILL, N. C., Jan 18, 1879.  
MESSRS. EDITORS: Permit me to urge your former readers to avail themselves of the advantages offered at the Experiment Station for the free testing of seeds of all kinds. Our State papers are beginning to contain numbers of advertisements of garden seeds &c. for sale. Let our farmers send a sample paper of their purchases this spring to the Station; they will be tested for them, and they will receive a certificate reporting the quality and germinating power, and also the percentage of weed seeds mixed with them. The only expense will be a three-cent stamp. Send samples of garden seeds, grass seeds, clover seed, &c., &c.

Also let me again call attention to the free testing of chemicals at the Station. Send for circulars and directions for sampling.

Yours sincerely,  
A. R. LEBOW.  
State papers please copy.

The 21st saw some gratifying work done in the election of Z. B. Vance, of North Carolina, and Daniel W. Voorhees, of Indiana, to the United States Senate. The Legislature of New York re-elected Conkling and that of Pennsylvania Don Cameron; and the Democrats of the New York Legislature cast their votes for Lieutenant-Governor Dursheimer, and those of Pennsylvania voted for Hon. Heister

## THE LEGISLATURE.

Senator Alexander offered a petition from Concord Presbytery, asking the Legislature to pass a law prohibiting the running of railroad trains on the Sabbath day.

By Mr. Graham, of Lincoln, a petition from citizens of Lincoln asking the passage of a no fence law.

A bill providing for the exemption of certain personal property from sale under execution. (This bill provides that the personal property hereinafter named belonging to any resident of this State, shall be exempt from any execution or other final process issued for the collection of any debt when the owner or any agent or attorney in his behalf, shall demand that the same or any part thereof, shall be exempted from sale, viz: The wearing apparel, arms for muster, one Bible and testament, one hymn book, one prayer book, ten bushels of corn or wheat, fifty pounds of bacon, beef or pork, or one barrel of fish, all necessary farming tools for one laborer, one bed, bedstead and covering, one cart or wagon, one work horse, the libraries of licensed attorneys at law, practicing physicians and ministers of the gospel, instruments of surgeons and dentists used in their profession, and the tools of mechanics; and in addition to the above articles, there shall be exempt in favor of every head of a family or house-keeper, when the owner, or any agent or attorney in his behalf, or in his absence, his wife, shall demand that the same, or any part thereof, shall be exempted from sale, the following, viz: One wheel and two pair of cards, one sewing machine, one loom, all necessary school books, one bed, bedstead and covering for every two members of the family, all necessary farming and mechanical tools, one yoke of oxen, one milch cow and calf, fifteen head of hogs, five hundred pounds of bacon or pork, fifty bushels of corn, twenty bushels of wheat or rice, and all necessary household or kitchen furniture, including one cooking stove and utensils, and such other property as may be necessary for the comfort and support of the family, not to exceed fifty dollars in value: Provided, however, that the entire exemption of personal property of the debtor, under Article 10 of the Constitution of the State, and all acts of the General Assembly, shall not exceed five hundred dollars in value: And provided further, that the value of said personal property exempted, shall be ascertained as provided for in Chapter 55 of Battle's Revised.)

This act shall be in force from its ratification.

Passed its several readings in the Senate.

Upon motion of Mr. Everett, the rules were suspended and the Senate resolution instructing the committee on State debt to make a report was considered. Mr. Everett advocated the immediate passage of the resolution. Mr. Leach, in a very eloquent and impressive speech, opposed the passage of the resolution. He said in the course of his remarks that he did not wish to be understood as being in favor of repudiation, but that proposition after proposition had been made to the creditors of the State, and they refused to accept them, and that they must now wait until we are able to pay. Mr. Leach said he proposed to let the creditors alone just as he would a hungry lion sleeping by the roadside he was traveling.

Upon motion of Mr. Dortch, the resolution was laid upon the table by a vote of 23 to 15.

By Mr. Everett, a bill to be entitled an act to allow legatees and distributees to sue administrators and executors.

By Mr. Henderson, a bill fully to legalize the election of Register of Deeds at the election in August last; also to fully legalize the November election of members of Congress.

By Mr. Graham, of Lincoln, a bill to simplify forms for indictment for murder.

By Mr. Henderson, a bill concerning the support of lunatics; that the Treasurer of the State shall not pay for the removal of lunatics to the Insane Asylum, unless in open court the Judge shall adjudge him dangerous.

Mr. Graham, of Lincoln, presented a memorial of 187 of the citizens of Lincoln and Gaston counties, asking for the enactment of a law to prevent the desecration of the Sabbath day by railroad companies.

In the House, Mr. Brown, of Mecklenburg, offered the following resolutions and petitions:

To amend the charter of the city of Charlotte.

To prevent the desecration of the Sabbath by trains.

From the Methodist Episcopal Church and N. C. Presbyterian Synod, in regard to stopping the running of Sunday trains. He gave notice of a

bill on the subject. Internal improvements.

By the same: From ladies of Charlotte and citizens of Steele Creek and Berryhill townships, Mecklenburg county; from Black Creek church, Henderson county; from city of Charlotte.

The petition from the trustees of Davidson College, presented by Mr. Brown, of Mecklenburg, prayed for the establishment of a Normal School at that place, and asking an appropriation of \$1,000 therefor.

By Mr. Ormond, a resolution in favor of the North Carolina soldiers who lost their eye sight while in the service of the Southern States. The resolution provides that they shall receive the sum of \$75.

By Mr. Davis, of Catawba, to allow Jonas Chae, late Sheriff, to collect arrears of taxes in Catawba.

By Mr. Bost, petition from citizens of Rowan, praying the passage of the stock law for said county.

By Mr. McCorkle, a bill to amend the charter of the town of Mooresville.

The following were announced: On Western N. C. R. R., Messrs. Berry and Cobb.

## Criminal Jurisdiction of Magistrates.

The following important bill passed the Senate Wednesday:

SECTION 1. Justices of the Peace shall have exclusive original jurisdiction to hear, try and determine the offences enumerated in sections 43, 46, 85, 120, 116, 117, 110, 120, and 139, of chapter 32, of Battle's Revised—as amended by chapter 176, of the Laws of 1873 and 1874—and the punishment in every such offence shall not exceed a fine of fifty dollars, or imprisonment for thirty days.

SEC. 2. Justices of the Peace shall also have exclusive original jurisdiction of all peace warrants, and proceed thereunder, and of all bastard proceedings, and issues arising thereunder, and take bonds from defendants in such proceedings with approved security, as heretofore required by law, to be taken in the Superior Courts of this State, and also of all assaults, assaults and batteries, and affrays, where no deadly weapon is used, and the punishment for the offences enumerated in this section shall not exceed a fine of fifty dollars or imprisonment for thirty days, and the allowance made to the woman in bastardy proceedings, when the issue of paternity has been found against a defendant, shall be such sums as have heretofore prevailed in the Superior Courts of this State.

SEC. 3. The party convicted before a Justice shall always be adjudged to pay the cost, and if the party charged shall be acquitted, the complainant shall be adjudged to pay the costs, and may be imprisoned for non-payment thereof.

SEC. 4. The words "imprisonment for one month," whenever used in any of the statute laws of this State shall be construed to mean "imprisonment for thirty days" by all the Judges and Courts of the State.

SEC. 5. Section 6, of chapter 176, of the Law of 1873 and 1874 is hereby repealed.

SEC. 6. Section III, chapter 32 of Battle's Revised, shall be amended to read as follows: In all cases of assault with or without intent to kill or injure, the person convicted shall be punished by fine or imprisonment or both, at the discretion of the court, provided that where no deadly weapons have been used and no serious damage done, the punishment shall not exceed a fine of fifty dollars or imprisonment for thirty days.

SEC. 7. Justice of the Peace shall have exclusive original jurisdiction of all criminal matters arising within their counties where the punishment now, or which shall hereafter be provided by law, shall not exceed a fine of fifty dollars, or imprisonment for thirty days.

SEC. 8. Section CXIX, chapter 33, of Battle's Revised is hereby repealed.

SEC. 9. This act shall be in force from its ratification.

## SAVED BY THE WARMTH OF A DOG.

A white man by the name of Cooper came near freezing to death a few nights since, about three miles from Covington. It appears that the young man was riding a horse and became so cold that he could not ride, turned his horse loose and laid down in the corner of the fence to await the coming of a party of hunters. He went to sleep and all his limbs were frozen. Even the flesh from his legs was ready to drop from the bones. But his faithful dog, lying close beside him, seemed to take in the horrible situation of his master, and making his bed upon the legs of the frozen man, warmed them to life again. It was by the heat of this dog that Mr. Cooper was enabled to get up and walk, otherwise he would have frozen to death.—*Covington (Ga.) Enterprise*

## The Public Schools.

SUPERINTENDENT SCARBOROUGH'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

In a series of articles the facts contained in Mr. Scarborough's report have been printed in the Observer. Annexed are his recommendations of changes in the existing laws, which will be of interest, especially to the legislative Committee on Education:

In compliance with section 36 of the school law, making it my duty to recommend such improvement in the law as may occur to me, I make the following recommendations:

I. That the appropriations for the State Normal Schools be continued, and that the law be so changed as to admit females with equal privileges with males. I presume that the wording of the law as it now reads was an oversight on the part of the originator of the measure, as also on the part of the Committee of the Legislature to which it was referred, and which recommended its passage.

It has been well said that there are too few women and too many men teaching in the public schools. This discrimination against females in the Normal School law, if allowed to remain, will make the disproportion still greater.

II. That the county school authorities be authorized and required to make provision for holding "County Teachers' Institutes," and that teachers of public school be encouraged to attend. That these institutes be under the supervision of the County Examiner of each county, or that some other suitable person selected by him or by the County Board of Education. I suggest that the Examiner ought to be County Superintendent of Schools, with proper compensation for his services.

III. That the school committees be appointed by the County Board of Education and the Board of Magistrates conjointly. The magistrates, living as they do, either within the limits of the school districts of their respective townships, or very near them, will know better than the five members of the Board of Education, who will make efficient school committees. Also that it may be made the duty of the County Board of Education to appoint one committeeman in each district to take the census and gather the school statistics of his district; that he be allowed proper compensation for his services, with a penalty imposed for failure to discharge his duties.

IV. That the School Committees be required to procure suitable sites for school houses in their respective districts, and to have erected upon such sites comfortable school houses, and that the law which now provides that only half the cost of erecting and furnishing school houses shall be paid out of the school fund, be repealed, and that the law be made to provide that the entire cost shall be paid out of the school fund. With proper safeguards to prevent extravagance, this will do much to remove serious evils attending the law as it now stands.

V. As the laws now, County Treasurers are required to report to this office on the first Monday in September. The Sheriffs or Tax Collectors are not required to pay the school fund to the County Treasurers until the first Monday in December. This necessitates delay on the part of the Treasurers in making their reports, or they can only report the amounts due on the tax list, and the consequent confusion by reason of insolvents allowed Sheriffs. Most of the public schools, also, are just beginning their sessions on the first Monday in September. This produces confusion and difficulty in giving proper school statistics. If the Legislature can remedy this, it would be a source of great relief to this office and of convenience to County Treasurers.

VI. That the appropriations for public schools be increased so as to have at least one public school in each school district, say of four miles square, for four months in each year. This is required by the Constitution, and I respectfully suggest that the Legislature meet this requirement, and repeal that part of the school law submitting it to a vote of the people of each county.

VII. That the Legislature enact, under proper safeguards, that the people of any school district may vote an additional tax upon themselves to supplement their apportionment from the State and county fund, for the maintenance of their district school for a longer time than four months. This, in many States, is called "the local option school law." Upon this principle the best school systems in the United States have been reared. Without it they would not continue with any degree of efficiency. They would, in fact, have only a precarious existence, and accomplish but little when compared with their present

results. If we would succeed, we must have this principle incorporated in our law.

I shall not present the arguments in this report to sustain my suggestions as made above. I reserve these for use before the proper committees of the Legislature. I believe the wisdom and patriotism of the members of the approaching Legislature will enable them to meet the issues involved in the question of public schools, and to decide them wisely and for the permanent good of North Carolina.

## The Coming Governor and the Vacancy.

It is little surprising says the Observer, to learn that Gov. Vance will resign his present office so early as next week. His term as United States Senator begins with the 4th of next March, and the Governor doubtless desires respite from his executive labors and from the responsibilities of State for a short period preceding his entrance upon his duties at Washington. Since his inauguration two years ago, Governor Vance has adhered steadily to his already high reputation as a man possessed of very remarkable executive abilities, and he can leave his present office with the consciousness that he has discharged his duties faithfully and well. He has done much to ameliorate the condition of the people in several respects and has set in motion forces which will be felt many years to come.

It is a pleasure to know, in reflecting upon Gov. Vance's promotion, that the gubernatorial mantle is to fall upon such worthy and capable shoulders. Lieut. Gov. Jarvis is one of the foremost men of the State. He is thoroughly familiar with the people and their wants; he is an astute politician, a man sound upon all the questions of the day. He possesses a well-balanced mind, and is endowed with all the necessary requisites of a wise, intelligent and conscientious Governor. Few men in the State would make a more capable executive and the people are to be congratulated that so worthy a gentleman is to step into Gov. Vance's shoes.

The retirement of Capt. Jarvis from the Lieutenant-Governorship, leaves a vacancy in that office which must be filled by the State Senate, since the Lieutenant Governor is *ex-officio* the president of the Senate, his duties as such comprising the sum total of his responsibilities. The Senate will therefore proceed next week to the election of a Lieutenant Governor, and this is one of the interesting events of the session. Upon whom the choice will fall it is rather too early yet to conjecture, since the matter has not probably been canvassed to any considerable extent; but if any one gentleman has been mentioned more prominently than another in connection with the vacancy now soon to occur, it is the distinguished Senator from Wayne, Hon. Wm. P. Dortch, an eminent lawyer, Confederate States Senator, and a gentleman who has occupied eminent positions of trust and discharged the duties of all with honor to himself and with acceptability to the public.

## Congress.

Both Houses of Congress are hampering away in the usual mode, but doing nothing definite except appointing investigation committees, making speeches, &c. The members who are disposed to work and dispose of the business and get home, are hindered by the professional speech-maker, who always has a "few remarks" to make or dilatory motions to offer. There are a great many important measures under consideration, but whether final action will be reached before the 4th of March is very doubtful.

The House adopted another resolution about the everlasting Presidential question—to investigate the charge that Samuel J. Tilden tried to bribe or buy one of the Florida Republican electors. Tilden's friends insisted on investigation.—*Democrat*

## Notice TO THE PUBLIC.

### SALE OF MORTGAGED LAND.

BY VIRTUE AND POWER OF A MORTGAGE made to me on the 21st day of April, A. D., 1875, and duly registered in book "A," pages 61, 62 and 63, in the office of Register of Deeds of Union County, N. C., and made to me by John Q. A. Little and his wife, Rowena Little, and to satisfy the debts therein specified, I will sell for cash, at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, at the dwelling house on the premises, on the 23rd day of February, 1879, all that tract of land conveyed by and described in the said mortgage, containing 418 acres, more or less, lying on the waters of Lane's Creek, in Union County, N. C., and adjoining the lands of Robert Phillips, Joel Outen and H. W. Brigham and others, and being the land upon which this said mortgage are now living W. S. OSBORNE, For RUFUS P. DAVIS, Attorney. Jan. 9th, 1879.

## DR. PRICE'S

CREAM BAKING POWDER



SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS

Eminent Chemists and Physicians certify that these goods are free from adulteration, richer, more effective, produce better results than any others, and that they use them in their own families.

DR. PRICE'S UNIQUE PERFUMES are the Gems of all Odors. TOILETTE. An agreeable, beautiful Liquid Dentifrice. LEMON SUGAR. A substitute for Lemons. EXTRACT JAMAICA GINGER. From the pure root. STEELE & PRICE'S LUPULIN YEAST CEMS. The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World. STEELE & PRICE, Manfrs., Chicago, St. Louis & Cincinnati.

A. F. STEVENS. W. H. PHIFER

## New Firm!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED THEMSELVES TOGETHER UNDER THE FIRM NAME OF

## STEVENS & PHIFER,

At the Old stand of A. F. Stevens & Co., MONROE, N. C.

ARE NOW RECEIVING A FULL LINE OF FALL & WINTER

## GOODS.

WHICH WERE BOUGHT AT HEADQUARTERS FOR CASH, AND WILL BE SOLD

Very Low for CASH!

M. LEE STEVENS. JNO. H. STEVENS. J. R. ENGLISH

## NEW FIRM

## NEW GOODS

## STEVENS BRO., & ENGLISH,

—AT THE OLD—

## STAND OF AUSTIN & CO.

ARE RECEIVING A LARGE STOCK OF

Entirely New Goods for the Fall and Winter Trade

CONSISTING OF ALL GOODS USUALLY KEPT BY DEALERS IN

## GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

All of which have just been bought LOW FOR CASH and will be sold at Correspondingly Low Prices. Give us a call. WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSTOOD!

## LIVER

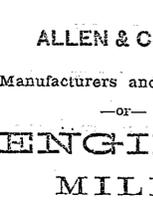
Price 25 Cents and \$1.00



Price 25 Cents and \$1.00

## LUNGS

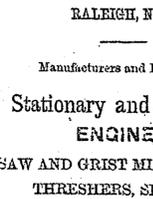
Price 25 Cents and \$1.00



Price 25 Cents and \$1.00

## BLOOD

Price 25 Cents and \$1.00



Price 25 Cents and \$1.00

For Sale by BICKETT & GRIFFIN.

## SPECIAL ATTENTION

Called to the fact that A. ROBINSON, WHO PRIDE HIMSELF ON KEEPING

## A FIRST-CLASS BARBER SHOP,

Is at 111 in Monroe, at his old stand on Shell's corner, always ready and anxious to attend to the wants of his customers. His shop has just been thoroughly renovated; he keeps good assistants, sharp razors and scissors, and all may rest assured of being promptly and properly waited on. Be sure to call at his shop whenever you want any barbering done. Monroe, N. C., mchs. 28, 1878

## Wm. Allen. Wm. Cram



Wm. Allen. Wm. Cram

## ALLEN & CRAM,

Manufacturers and Importers

—OR—

## ENGINE,

MILL,

AND

General Machinery.

PLOWS, &C., &C.,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

Manufacturers and Dealers In

Stationary and Portable

ENGINES,

SAW AND GRIST MILLS,

THRESHERS, SEPARATORS,

SHAFTING, PULLEYS,

AND BOXES,

—AND—

## OTHER MACHINERY

Repairing Promptly Attended to. mar. 1, 1878

## REMOVAL.

J. E. HINSON

HEREBY ANNOUNCES TO HIS FRIENDS

and customers that he has removed his Saw, Engine and Saddle Shop to the corner of the lot on which his residence is located, near Austin's buggy shop, and would be pleased to have them call when in want of any article in his line. Monroe, Oct. 25, 78; 204

MONROE ENQUIRER

Monroe, N. C., Saturday, Jan. 25, 1879

LOCAL

Hurrygraphs

Weather—fickle. Read the new advertisements in this issue.

A stuffed wild cat and ground squirrel in front of Stewart's grocery store attracts the attention of passers by.

Dr. J. W. Stephenson, Surgeon Dentist, has removed his office to Harkey's boarding house.

Several parties encamped in Ogburn's lot made things lively with their Bacchanalian revelry, last night.

A large lot of comic and sentimental Valentines just received at the Postoffice News Stand. Young folks, supply yourselves at once.

Corroborates for the week, 609 sales at 6 to 8 1/2 cents.

Died of pneumonia, in Lancaster County, S. C., on the 20th instant, Charlie R. Roberts, infant son of S. A. and M. R. Robertson, aged 18 months and 15 days.

Baby shows the fashion now put on as mothers continue to nurse their little ones with laudanum or other opiates, they cannot expect their babies to look bright.

A New Pastor.—The Episcopal congregation in this place has secured the services of Rev. L. Holmes as pastor. They will have services regularly every Sabbath morning and afternoon at their usual hours.

Dragg Auction.—A lot of 10 or 12 Northern buggies were auctioneered off in this place on last Saturday at prices ranging from \$40 to \$75. The sales were quite dull and the balance of the lot was shipped to Lincolnton to try the market there.

SCHOOL OPENING.—Rev. L. Holmes and Miss M. S. Harrison advertise by circular that they will open an English, Classical and Mathematical School in this place on the 27th instant (next Monday). We learn that the old Temperance Hall has been rented as a school room.

Nice Hog.—Mr. John Swate killed a nice hog a few days ago weighing 450 pounds. If proper attention was given by our farmers to improving their hog stock, Western bacon would soon be at a discount in the State. Why send West for your bacon when that which is much better can be so easily made here at home.

New Buggy Store.—Mr. S. R. McLehland advertises by hand bill that he is preparing to open new buggy shops on the lot formerly occupied as a residing place by Mr. E. A. Armfield, where he expects to make and repair buggies, wagons, &c. Sandy is a good workman, both at the bench and anvil (and paint shop too, if necessary) and will turn out good work. Sustain home enterprises, and don't send money out of the county when it can possibly be avoided, should be the motto of every citizen of Union county.

A Neat Paper.

The Monroe Enquirer is certainly one of the neatest papers that comes to this office.—Wilmington Star.

Thank you very kindly, Bro. Bernard, for your compliments, which are very much appreciated, coming, as they do, from one who is qualified to judge, and who, by the way, publishes a daily that stands in the first ranks of North Carolina newspapers. We spend neither time or pains to make the Enquirer not only a neat paper, but one of profit to our readers, and our subscription books show that our efforts are appreciated by our people, and that the Enquirer is the paper of Union county.

Auction Sales.

The stock of millinery and fancy goods of Mr. E. H. Hanford is advertised for sale at auction on the 30th inst., by virtue of a mortgage held by Messrs. Armstrong, Cator & Co. The dress and shawls of Mr. Hanford is unknown, as he left on the train last Saturday night without settling up his business here. Many surmise that he will not return, but we will be greatly deceived if he does not wind up his business in a straightforward, honest manner. We have no idea he intends defrauding any one out of a single dollar he owes. His failure here is but another evidence of the stringency of money matters. His goods were not among the "strictly necessities," and hence a great many could not afford to buy.

HORRIBLE DEATH.

A Man Cut Literally in Two and Terribly Mutilated by a Train of Cars Running Over Him.

On Monday night last, shortly after the Western bound train had left the depot, it was announced upon our streets that a man had been killed on the railroad track, near the water-tank just at the outskirts of town, he having been found struggling in the death throes only a few seconds after the train had passed over his body, by a negro, who identified him as Mr. J. Madison Harkey, the post-master at Stouts, and a respectable farmer of this county.

The precise manner in which he met with the accident that brought him to his untimely death is not known; and various are the surmises relating thereto: some asserting that he was seen to board the train at the depot, in an intoxicated state; others, that he was seen on the top of one of the coaches as the train was moving off, while others, still, say that he left the depot a few minutes ahead of the train, and was seen by two or three persons as he was crossing the trestle near the scene of the accident, which is, very likely, a correct version of the affair, the Conductor of the train expressing surprise and entire ignorance of the accident when approached the next morning with a warrant for his arrest, to testify before the Coroner's Jury; and had the deceased been on the train upon its departure, it is very probable he would have been noticed by the Conductor or his subordinates. It is therefore supposed that Mr. Harkey, miscalculating the speed of the train—which usually runs very slow at this point—made an effort to board, and in so doing, was thrown between the cars, and thus met with the terrible accident which cost him his life. His body was nearly severed in two in the region of the abdomen, and his right arm was a limp, jelly-like mass of flesh and bones. His left arm was also crushed in two or three places, and other parts of his body lacerated and disfigured.

He was brought to the residence of his uncle, Mr. J. F. Harkey, of this place, a few hours after the sad occurrence, and his family apprised of the casualty and their loss. They repaired to the side of his corpse about midnight; and the sorrow-stricken wails of the wife, as she gazed upon the mangled form of her husband, was indeed saddening.

Mr. Harkey was about 30 years of age, and leaves a wife and six children to mourn his sudden and untimely demise, and to them we extend our heartfelt sympathies in this their sad bereavement.

A Hearty Welcome to Honest Tollers.

We commend to the careful consideration of our brethren in the North, "Some Settler's Resolutions," which appear on the first page of this issue; and to those who contemplate a change of base, we know of no section of the Southern country which offers a better opening for the emigrant than Southern and Western Carolina, and especially that belt bordering on the South Carolina line, and extending east to the Pee Dee section. Union and counties contiguous thereto is capable of sustaining treble the present population, and is, indeed, a goodly land—with a generous and productive soil, and the most salubrious and health-giving climate on earth; and needs but the capital and energy of the North to develop her rich agricultural and vast and inexhaustible mining resources, to make ours the most prosperous land in the world. Water-power, too, is abundant, and to the manufacturer our country offers one of the most inviting fields for emigration and investment on the American Continent. Our lands, which abound in pasture-fields and meadows with luxuriant growths of herbage for stock grazing, are cheap, and conveniently located for transporting crops, and come as near producing everything needed by human being as any region under the sun—yielding abundantly of rich, golden cereals, the most luscious fruits, and that important staple of commerce—cotton.

To the toiling and toil-worn millions who are struggling in the sterile snow-clad regions of the North, we say come to this fertile and sunny land of ours, where labor receives its rich reward, and where a mild and genial climate, ever free from atmospheric impurities, restores the faded bloom to the cheeks of the invalid, and sends the life-blood dancing through the veins, renewed and purified. To the capitalist, the manufacturer, the merchant, the miner, the mechanic, the laborer—to all—we say come, and you will be received with a hearty welcome by our veterans of the "late unpleasantness," who are willing to "grasp hands across the bloody chasm," and whose hospitalities will ever be open to you.

Monroe Produce Market.

(Reported Weekly by A. H. Crowell & Son, Dealers in General Merchandise and Country Produce.)

January 24, 1879.—Flour from wagons, \$2.75 to \$2.90. Corn in demand at 50 to 52 cts. Meal in demand at 50 to 57 cts. Peas in demand at 50 to 55 cts. Oats in demand at 35 to 40 cts. Irish Potatoes dull at 40 cts. Sweet Potatoes in demand at 25 to 30 cts. Western Bacon from stores 5 1/2 to 6 cts. Lard from stores 10 to 12 1/2 cts. Fresh Beef from wagons 8 to 4 cts, by the quarter. Fresh pork from wagons 4 to 5 cts, by the hog. Butter for table use 10 to 15 cts. Chickens 10 to 12 1/2 cts. Eggs 10 to 12 1/2 cts, in demand. Bees Wax in demand at 20 to 22 cts. Tallow dull at 6 1/2 cts. Feathers, live Geese, prime, 30 to 35 cts. Dried Apples peeled, 2 1/2 to 3 cts. Dried Peaches, 3 1/2 to 4 cts. Dry Hides, 9 cts. Green Hides 4 1/2 cts. Wool, tub washed, 30 cts. Wool, unwashed, 20 cts.

Hosts of People are Martyrs

To sick headache, that insidious symptom of a disordered stomach, liver and bowels, may suffer from it as many as twice or four times a week. They do so needlessly, for Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, by toning the digestive organs and regulating the bowels and liver, removes the cause and dispels the painful symptoms. The intimate sympathy between the brain and the abdominal region, causes the slightest disorder affecting the latter to be reflected, as it were, in the organ of thought. The reform instituted by the Bitters when the digestive secretory and excretory functions are in a state of chaos, viz: the complete nutrition of the whole physical organism, the restoration of appetite and repose, and an increase in the power of the system to resist diseases of a malarial type.

Quarterly Meeting Appointments

CHARLOTTE DISTRICT—1st ROUND QUARTERLY MEETINGS. Pleasant Grove Circuit, at Pleasant Grove, December 21, 22; Charlotte, Calvary Mission, Dec. 28, 29; Charlotte, Tyron street, January 4, 5; Monroe Station, Jan. 11, 12; Monroe Circuit, at Center, Jan. 18, 19; South Charlotte Circuit, at Bethel, 25, 26; Wadesboro Circuit, at Bethel, February 1, 2; Wadesboro Station, Feb. 2, 3; Lilesville Circuit, Olivet, Feb. 8, 9; Ansonville Circuit, Concord, Feb. 15, 16; Concord Circuit, St. Matthews, 22, 23; Concord Station, Feb. 23, 24; Pineville Circuit, at Marvin, March 1, 2; Albemarle Circuit, at Albemarle, 8, 9; Staunley Circuit, at Bethesda, March 15, 16; Mt. Pleasant Circuit, at Mt. Pleasant, March 22, 23. The District Stewards will please meet in the Methodist Church, at Monroe, Friday morning, January 10th, 1879, at 10 o'clock. W. H. BOBBITT, P. E.

Glass Ball Shooting.

Editor Monroe Enquirer: Having seen a statement in your last issue that I was beaten at shooting glass balls by Mr. R. V. Houston, I will state that I only shot one time with Mr. Houston, when we both used a rifle;—the score then stood as follows: Houston broke 2 out of 20 shots, South broke 25 out of 50 shots.

Also, below is the score made by both parties on the day Mr. Houston achieved such a victory—both parties shooting at 100 yds., &c.: Houston broke 1 out of 20 shots, South 25 out of 50 shots. Houston broke 5 out of 25 shots, South 30 out of 50 shots. Houston broke 2 out of 20 shots, South 25 out of 50 shots. P. M. Houston broke 5 out of 10 shots, South 4 out of 10 shots.

The above was taken direct from the score kept on the ground during the day. Respectfully, HORACE SMITH.

Well Pardon.

Louis Well, convicted at Spring term, 1877, of Union Superior Court, of manslaughter, and sentenced to the Penitentiary for ten years, has been pardoned by the Governor. We copy the Governor's indorsement in full as it is alike creditable to his consideration, and the Jewish people: "Recommended by Judge McKoy, Solicitor Peaberton and a large number of the citizens of Wilmington Richmond and Union. The case was one of manslaughter not aggravated, and I take pleasure in saying that I sign the pardon in part recognition of the good and law-abiding character of our Jewish citizens, this being the first serious case ever brought to my notice, on the part of that people.—Rad. Observer 24th inst.

NEW YORK BUSINESS.—Obstacles to transportation in northern and middle latitudes continue to impede regular trade. An additional fall of snow again obstructs the movement of trains on the railroads in this State, and floods and floating ice in the rivers of Virginia and Tennessee have done much damage. With nothing in the general situation to stimulate business, there has been no considerable progress in the opening of the "spring season." Speculation in leading staples is also less active than for some time past.—N. Y. Chronicle.

PENSEE.

To Editor of Monroe Enquirer:

In the stillness of night, when all is hushed into silence, and the pale embers of night is bathing in her soft silver light, spire, roof and tree, and the stars are looking down from their places in heaven, some with sparkling lustre, some with gentle radiance, and some with intelligence, like eyes of angel watchers of the habitations below, a thought is suggested to my mind.

If you will not criticize me, I will unfold this thought to you, my female readers.

It is this: Are we, as women, doing anything for the advancement of the age in which we live?

Are we, the women of the nineteenth century, superior or inferior to those of the past ages?

We are either superior or inferior, for there is no such thing as a state of abstract listlessness; but we are either advancing or retrograding, and I fear the latter.

Are we filling the missions for which we were created, or are we mere drones to society?

The design of an all-wise God, in speaking us from the dust of the ground, is not frustrate.

We were made intelligent beings for a purpose, a wise one, too.

Oh, when will we, as women, burst the iron fetters which fashion and worldliness bind about us, and prove ourselves worthy the noble work for which we were brought into existence.

What is the extent of our mission? This is a question easier, by far, asked than answered. I think every woman can best answer it for herself, for we do not all have the same scope; still there are some duties obligatory upon us all alike.

We are not allowed to enter the political arena, but we are permitted to hold up the hands of those who are pushing forward it ranks. It is a general opinion that women do not have so wide a field for the development of intellect as men. I endorse no such opinion.

I deem this a very erroneous and, alas! a very injurious notion, for it is calculated to keep some from their full duty.

While we are not admitted into the political arena, entrance into the literary world is granted us. We may climb the dizzy heights of science, explore the deep mazes of philosophy and handle the implements of art.

Why do we fold our hands and sit in idleness? There is so much to be done, and by our own hands. It is our work, and nobody can do it for us.

Are we doing our duty as mothers, wives, daughters and sisters? I think not. If each one of us should answer from the dictates of our conscience, I am inclined to think there would be very many ways and very few years.

If our duty were perfectly done, there would not be so many hearts of the other sex laid on the altars of Mammon, nor would feet so often wander in the slough of dissipation.

It is our duty to rear to amencence, by our pious example and encouraging words, our fathers, husbands, sons and brothers.

It is far from our duty to lead them to the shrine of false gods by our slipperiness.

When a woman thinks she is created for the sole purpose of sitting in the world by adorning her person, she is far from the right course. A great many of us would do well to observe that dress does not make the woman, but mind, and upon this observation strive to shine as pious and literary women, and not as well dressed ladies.

Do not, kind reader, understand me to say I am opposed to dress and the adornment of the person. I am not. I consider it well to a certain extent, and deem it painful only when carried to an extreme, or when made the aim of life.

With these considerations— "Let us be up and doing." Yours truly, MOLLIE SHERRILL.

OLIN, N. C.

Florida Election Cases.—Jacksonville Jan. 22.—The jury in the case of the Brevard county canvassing board, for making false returns of the congressional election, brought in a verdict of guilty with a recommendation of mercy in the case of the sheriff and justice of the peace. The county canvassing board and two inspectors of the late election from Alachua county were arrested to-day on the charge of violation of election laws.

The Raleigh Observer has been awarded the State printing by the Legislature. The price of printing has been reduced nearly one half, and it is claimed, will save the State about \$10,000 a year.

STATE AND GENERAL NEWS.

EMBODYING A UNITED STATES MARSHAL.—The case of Smith & Forbes, in this city, is getting to be decidedly interesting. Last week Constable McLure, acting under legal advice, broke open the window of the store, carried several hundred dollars worth of shoes and stored them in the auction house of Maxwell & Harrison. The other side then procured an order from the Federal Court and the United States Marshal recaptured the goods. Constable McLure got them again, and Wednesday evening when the Marshal entered the store, Constable McLure summoned a posse and put him out by force. This occurrence created considerable excitement on the streets, and the end is not yet! All of the creditors are Northern men and are personally known here, and the Charlotte people look on it as a "family fight."—Southern Home.

The powers of endurance exhibited by Mrs. Anderson, the English woman—and we use the term woman in its best sense—is something wonderful in this age. Just think of it! A frail creature like her walking a quarter of a mile in every quarter hour of twenty-four days, without once stopping for rest more than ten minutes at a time! The last quarter hour she made in the shortest time on record, 2.40 amid a scene of the wildest excitement; and then after resting a few minutes addressed the immense audience present and retired. She said it had always been her desire to do something that would make her famous, and she has probably accomplished it. As she was poor, and had failed in many enterprises, we congratulate her upon the fact that the substantial result of her great feat was the handsome sum, clear of all expenses to herself, of \$7,000.—Richmond State.

PRINCETON STUDENTS IN TROUBLE.—Trenton, N. J., January 19.—Twenty-four students from Princeton college were arrested in this city about midnight last night on a charge of disorderly conduct in the streets. They came here in two large sleighs last evening, and by their noise and hilarious conduct greatly disturbed the peace in driving from street to street. The police finally mustered in force, and surrounding the sleighs, captured the disorderly occupants. They were each fined \$3.80 and discharged. The scene at the police office was amusing and exciting.

The Raleigh News says: "In the Senate there are 81 farmers, 11 lawyers, 1 mechanic, 2 doctors, 3 merchants and 2 ministers. Among the farmers are some of the most intelligent and active members of the Senate. Their ascendancy in both branches of the General Assembly makes them responsible for the legislation of the Session."

The members of the present General Assembly of the State have favorably impressed us. Most of them are high-minded, honest, intelligent men, more concerned for the prosperity of the State than they are for promotion or re-election. About a hundred bills, nearly all of them designed for the improvement and well-being of our people, have been introduced, and some of them have passed two of the three readings necessary to completion. Reform and retrenchment seem to be the aim and object of the body. We regard the legislature as a decided improvement.

Gov. Hampton is about to make a visit to Florida. The trip will be made in an elegant car, tendered by the railroad authorities, one section of which will be furnished as a bed room and another as a reception or sitting-room. No change will be required between Columbia and Jacksonville. At the latter place Gov. Hampton and several friends who will accompany him take a steamer up the St. John's to Indian river, where several days will be spent in fishing and shooting.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, UNION COUNTY.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

L. M. Little, Administrator T. G. Curlee, vs. C. N. Curlee et al.—Order of Publication.

IT APPEARING TO THE SATISFACTION of the Court that the Defendant, Matilda Staten, is a non-resident of this State, and is a necessary party to this proceeding, It is ordered, that publication of the Summons and of this Order be made in the Monroe Enquirer, a weekly newspaper published in the Town of Monroe, N. C., for five successive weeks, notifying and commanding the said Defendant, Matilda Staten, heir-at-law of T. G. Curlee, deceased, to be and appear before the Clerk of the Superior Court of Union County at his office in Monroe, N. C., within twenty days after the publication of this order, and plead, answer or demur to the petition filed in this cause, or the petition will be heard ex parte and judgment pro confesso be rendered as to her.

Given under my hand on this 25th day of January, 1879.

JAMES C. HUEY, Clerk.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. H. Crowell & Son, DEALERS IN—

General Merchandise,

Depot Street, MONROE, N. C.

A Full Stock on hand all times, and the Lowest Prices Guaranteed!

ONION SETTS.

TEN BUSHELS ONION SETTS for sale at only 5 cts. a quart.

B. D. HEATH & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Arranging the stock of GROCERIES, and maintaining a large stock of FLOURS, &c.

"Rock Bottom"

PRICES ARE AGENTS FOR ZELL'S PHOSPHATES, CHLORIDE OF LIME, AND AMMONIUM SULFATE. All these brands are

PURELY FIRST-CLASS.

All of which will be sold on time, (option option) Will sell 500 lbs. of

Long's Prepared Chemicals

For \$100 or 200 pounds of Lint Cotton, payable next November, which, by adding 50 bushels of cotton seed, according to directions, will make a ton of fertilizer equal to any on the market, at one-half the cost. See certificates in circular from farmers that have used them last season.

W. H. YORK.

MORTGAGE SALE!

By virtue of a mortgage to me executed by C. D. Higgins, on the 21st day of April, 1876, and duly registered, I will sell at the Court-house door in Monroe, N. C., on

Monday, 3rd day March,

next, Two Hundred and Eighteen Acres of Land lying in Union county, and adjoining the lands of Elias Markens, James A. Fisher and George, Thomas Cash.

Jan. 25 1879.

JOSEPH McLAUGHLIN.

NOTICE!

THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Monroe High School Corporation at 10 o'clock A. M. FEB. 25th, 1879, held at the Court House in Monroe, to take such action in reference to the building and the indebtedness of the Corporation as they may deem proper. By order of the Board of Trustees.

Jan. 25, 1879.

E. A. ARMFIELD, Secretary.

FROM DR. S. W. HUNTER, BALTIMORE, MD.

Having become familiar with Golden Leaf, I take pleasure in recommending it as an excellent preparation, combining as it does Food and Tonic in a reasonable way, making good blood, and increasing strength. Sold by all Druggists. Sold by all Druggists.

GEO. C. WARE,

Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in PURE APPLE CIDER, Cider Vinegar,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer of E. R. Condit's Table Sauce,

287 to 295 W. Third St., Cincinnati, O.

OILS SASSAFRAS AND PENNYROYL.

Of prime quality bought in any quantity, for cash on delivery, free of brokerage, commission, or storage expense by

DODGE & OLCOFF,

IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS OF ESSENTIAL OILS, DRUGS, &c.

88 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

\$7 A DAY to Agents canvassing for the FINEST MIXED CARDS, Snowflakes, Damask, &c., no 2 alike, with pens, 10 cts. W. J. Munkler & Co., Nassau, N. Y.

40 MIXED CARDS with name, 10 cts. W. J. Munkler & Co., Nassau, N. Y.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—Send for our Select List of Local Newspapers. Sent free on application.—Address GEO. F. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

THE OVAL CAKE

COLGATE & CO'S NEW SOAP SAVES WASTE.

FOR LAUNDRY USE.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WE WILL SELL, AT THE COURT-HOUSE in Monroe, Union County, N. C., on the second Monday of February next, at auction to the highest bidder, 194 acres of Land, formerly belonging to Stevens & Curleton, lying in said county, on the waters of Waxlaw Creek. Said land was formerly the Homestead of Mrs. Julia T. Curleton, bounded by lands of David Hood Mrs. Jane Hood and others. Terms made known on day of sale.

R. M. MILLER, T. G. CURETON.

31sts Assignees of Stevens & Curleton.

\$15.00 REWARD!

I WILL PAY A REWARD OF \$15.00 FOR the apprehension of a negro who goes by the name of Eli Johnson, Balden Coykin, and other aliases. He is about 21 years old, weighs about 150 pounds; is slender built, "glazer color." He says he was raised in Anson county, and claims to be a brick mason. He has previously entered my dwelling house on the 7th inst., and took therefrom a double-barreled shot gun, two pair boots one silver lever watch, two pocket books, \$2 in money, and various articles of clothing. I would be glad if the public would be on the look out for this, that he may be detected and punished. Too much stealing is going on now-a-days, and it is every honest man's duty to do what he can in suppressing it.

Jan 31, 1879.

R. S. HUNTLEY.

SMOK T DURHAM TOBACCO

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

I WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in Monroe, for each on the

3d Day of March Next,

the following tracts of land, lying in Union County. Sold to satisfy taxes and costs due for the years 1875, 1876, 1877 and 1878:

SANDY RIDGE TOWNSHIP.

Name. Acre. Year. Tax.

T. N. Lewis, 100 1877 5.91

C. D. Higgins, 191 1877 13.70

A. G. Stancill, 21 1877 1.45

Matilda Craig, 21 1877 1.45

J. T. Hunter, 395 1875 1.99

C. D. Higgins, 218 1877 1.45

W. T. Starnes, 148 1877 1.18

Myron Chapman, 100 1878 5.40

Julia McMurray, 650 1877 30.88

James Moore, 452 1877 20.34

W. D. Payne, 188 1877 1.18

R. B. Washington, 507 1877 26.09

J. M. Lisle, 250 1876 11.78

T. N. Lewis, 100 1877 5.91

Wesley Taylor, 28 1877 1.45

W. H. Crump, 308 1877 17.85

GOOSE CREEK TOWNSHIP.

Isaac A. Garland, 83 1875 9.25

Hugh Downing's land 50 1875 3.08

W. F. Griffin, 70 1875 4.98

The Fence Question.

If a farmer will sit down and make his own calculation of the annual expense of keeping up his inside fencing...

1. The cost of material and labor of making the rails, hauling and repairing the fences.

2. The cost of labor in keeping the fence rows clear of obnoxious weeds, briars, &c., and which, if allowed to go to seed...

3. The loss of ground taken up by the fences, and which on many places will amount to several acres.

4. The damage done the soil and grass by the continual tramping of the stock.

5. The loss sustained from having the young grass had 'dove' eaten off by stock, but which, if allowed to grow...

6. The loss of manure by having the droppings of the cattle scattered over the hard, compact surface...

On the other hand, among the advantages of keeping your stock up and rolling them are:

1. The doing away with cross fencing entirely.

2. The amount of valuable land brought into cultivation which would otherwise be occupied by the fences.

3. The large amount of manure accumulated in the barnyard during the summer months, which would otherwise be lost.

4. The ability to keep a much larger amount of stock on the same number of acres...

5. The advantage of having your stock near at hand, instead of having to lose much time in driving them to and from distant pastures.

We are aware that the soiling system requires some little additional labor, but at the same time we claim that the cost of making and keeping in repair these cross lines of fencing and other items of expense attending the pasturing system...

45 Years Before the Public.

THE GENUINE DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

FOR THE CURE OF Hepatitis, or Liver Complaint, DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver. PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increases on pressure...

AGUE AND FEVER. DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, IN CASES OF AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. The genuine are never sugar coated. Every box has a red wax seal on the lid, with the impression DR. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

ASPHALT DOORS, BLINDS, ORNAMENTAL WOODWORK.

Every Description. GOODS ARE ALL MADE IN OUR FACTORY on this place, and under our own supervision.

NOTICE TO FARMERS AND STOCK OWNERS! I WOULD REMIND THE PEOPLE OF this Union and surrounding counties that I am fully prepared to treat ANY DISEASE OF HORSES, MULES OR CATTLE.

FEEL NO HESITANCY IN TAKING ANY CASE! I make, and keep for sale, at my house and in the Drug Stores in Monroe, and the country...

WE ARE STATE AGENTS FOR HORWACE WATER'S & SONS' Celebrated Pianos and Organs.

Best Instruments in the World FOR THE MONEY. FULLY WARRANTED FOR SIX YEARS. Three Dollars over the Lowest!

SHEET MUSIC. We have a Full Stock. NEW MUSIC RECEIVED AS SOON AS PUBLISHED.

REMALES. Dr. March's Catarrh Remedy. A beautiful work of 100 pages, one Colored Flower Plate, and 1000 Illustrations.

LATE ARRIVALS!!

BICKETT & GRIFFIN'S ONE GROSS AXLE GREASE—good and cheap. 300 lbs. YEL LOW OCHRE—dry.

Memorandum Books. In quantity from 5 cents up. Anything that belongs to the drug trade—CHEAP FOR CASH.

CORNER DRUG STORE. Our Stock comprises a General Assortment of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, BOOTS AND SHOES, NOTIONS, CROCKERY, &c.

Wier's Pleasant Cathartic. THE "LITTLE CATHARTIC." No one taking the true medicine, however small a quantity, escapes its beneficial effects.

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THE LATEST STYLES OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

T. D. Winchester & Co's WHICH HAVE JUST BEEN BOUGHT from first hands and at prices that will enable us to sell EXTREMELY LOW TO CASH BUYERS.

"ROCK BOTTOM" PRICES. Our Stock comprises a General Assortment of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, BOOTS AND SHOES, NOTIONS, CROCKERY, &c.

THE LADIES will find our Stock of DRESS GOODS and TRIMMED HATS to be very attractive.

OLD, TRIED, AND TRUE. People are getting wiser—and those who are not ought to be—with the wonderful merits of this great American remedy, the

MEXICAN Mustang Liniment, FOR MAN AND BEAST. This liniment was originally prepared in America, where Nature provided its medicinal herbs...

AWARDED THE HIGHEST MEDAL AT VIENNA AND PARIS 1876. E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO., 191 Broadway, New York.

DAWSON & CO., Carolina Real Estate Agency, CHARLOTTE, N. C. WE BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF REAL ESTATE on Commission.

PIANOS AND ORGANS. WE ARE STATE AGENTS FOR HORWACE WATER'S & SONS' Celebrated Pianos and Organs.

THE RHIND PATENT LAMP. WE KNOW BY EXPERIENCE THAT this Lamp is all that is claimed for it.

MARRIED OR BUTTS. No. 12 N. Eighth St. St. Louis, Mo. Who has had greater experience in the treatment of the sexual troubles of both men and women...

SMOKE DURHAM TOBACCO. DR. W. C. RAMSAY. Has an office in my store, and will give all necessary instruction to the "selection and management of prescriptions."

B. D. HEATH & CO., General Merchants.

General Merchants AND COTTON BUYERS. New Winter Goods! WE ARE NOW RECEIVING, & HAVE IN STORE, a tremendous stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

J. E. STACE, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, NOTIONS, BOOTS AND SHOES, GROCERIES AND HARDWARE.

State of North Carolina, UNION COUNTY, SUPERIOR COURT. J. O. Griffin, Administrator of C. Deese, deceased.

IT APPEARS TO THE SATISFACTION of the Court that the Defendants, Edward Deese, a resident of the State of Arkansas, and J. M. Deese, residents of the State of Tennessee, are all non-residents of this State.

NEW STOCK. Fresh Drugs, Medicines, Pure and Fresh Goods.

EVERYBODY TO KNOW THAT H. B. SHUTE is not dead, but that he is now receiving his FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF Goods.

STOP AT RIDDLE'S HOTEL, Lancaster C. H., N. C. THIS HOUSE IS SITUATED ON MAIN Street, in the center of the business portion of the town.

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GREAT REDUCTIONS.

COOK STOVES. J. H. RUDGE, MONROE, N. C. HAS just received a new lot of Cook Stoves of various kinds and sizes, which will be sold at greatly reduced prices.

TIN WARE. Remember that he makes all his ware himself, and that it is much better than Northern made ware.

A GREAT OFFER FOR HOLIDAYS!! We will during the HOLIDAYS, dispose of 100 Pianos and Organs at Extraordinary Low Prices for Cash.

EMINENT DR. R. WALTON, Annapolis, Md. Write: Golden's Liver and Liquid Extract of Beef, is a most excellent preparation. It is per excellence, Superior to Cod Liver Oil or anything I have ever used in weak or impaired constitutions.

OILS SASSAFRAS AND PENNYROYL. Of prime quality bought in any quantity, for cash on delivery, free of brokerage, on commissions, or storage expense by DODGE & OLCOTT.

GEO. C. WARE, Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in PURE APPLE CIDER, Cider Vinegar, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer of E. R. Condit's Table Sauce.

NAVY CHEWING TOBACCO. \$7 A DAY TO AGENTS. A GENTS WANTED. A fastest selling Victrola Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent.

WASHINGTON, D. C. HAS A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL AT \$2.50 per day. Tremont House. NO LIQUORS SOLD.

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Carolina Central R'y Co.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE. PASSENGER, MAIL & EXPRESS: Leave Wilmington at 6:00 A. M. Arrive at Monroe at 6:45 P. M.

FAST THROUGH FREIGHT. Leave Wilmington at 5:45 P. M. Arrive at Charlotte at 10:10 A. M. Leave Charlotte at 6:25 P. M. Arrive at Wilmington at 11:45 A. M.

LOCAL FREIGHT. Leave Wilmington Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 7:30 A. M. Arrive at Monroe, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 2:40 P. M.

THE WELLS TEA CO. Pure China & Japan Teas. Supply 1 lbs to Stockholders, in original packages, at lowest import prices.

GOLD. Great chance to make money. If you can't get gold you can get greenbacks. We need a person in every town to take subscriptions for the largest, cheapest and best illustrated family publication in the world.

R. M. ROBINSON, Fashionable Tailor, MONROE, N. C. All work cut and made warranted to fit. Cleaning and repairing done at short notice.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE. RALEIGH & GASTON R. ROAD. On and after Monday, May 20, 1878, trains on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad will run daily.

WASHINGTON, D. C. HAS A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL AT \$2.50 per day. Tremont House. NO LIQUORS SOLD.

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