

Monroe Enquirer.

Monroe, N. C. Saturday, Sept. 20, 1879.

W. M. C. WOLFE.
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

FALL GOODS.—Mrs. J. W. Rudge is now receiving her Fall Stock of Millinery Goods for the fall trade. All the latest styles in hats, bonnets and trimmings.

DIED, in Goose Creek Township, on 10th Sept., infant daughter of M. and V. Williams. Aged about 5 months. But Jesus said, "Suffer little children and forbid them not to come unto me; for of such is the kingdom of heaven."

FATAL ACCIDENT.—We learn that on Friday the 12th, inst., Mr. Marshall Staton, who lived near Polkton, fell from a scaffold, a distance of 15 or 20 feet, striking head first on the ground and receiving such internal injuries as to produce his death on the following Tuesday.

STILL, SOME SAY "IT DOES NO GOOD."—The universal good order, and very small amount of drinking to be observed on last Thursday, while our streets were crowded all day long, is sufficient proof that Prohibition is doing a good work. Suppose that eight or ten grog dens had been open in our midst? Then you would have seen at least ten times as much drunkenness, and no telling how many rows and fights.

—The Postmaster General has ordered that an actual daily count be made in all the postoffices of the U. S. from the 1st to the 7th of Nov., of all letters, packages, postal cards, &c., deposited for transmission in the U. S. mails. Publishers of newspapers are requested to furnish postmasters with the number of papers mailed by them within the limits of time specified.

TALL COTTON.—We have a sample talk of cotton from the farm of Mr. Sheppard Edwards, who lives near Polkton, which measures nine feet in height. Mr. J. M. Liles, who brought this specimen in, says that Mr. E. has about half an acre that will average 8½ feet in height. It is growing on second year's hill land, without any fertilizer. This, we think, will certainly take the lead so far as height is concerned.

TO OUR BUSINESS MEN.—We just received a fine lot of papers suitable for Bill Heads, Letter and Note Heads, and Cotton Invoices, which have been purchased at bottom figures for cash, and which we are prepared to print up in first-class style at lowest prices to be secured anywhere. We have also in stock a fine lot of Envelopes, Business Cards, and Visiting Cards. Call and see sample of work and hear prices before ordering from elsewhere, as we guarantee satisfaction in quality of stock, work and prices.

TO OWNERS OF SEWING MACHINES.—Messrs. S. M. Pearson & Co., are stopping at the Williams House, in this place, for a few days. While here they will give their attention to the repairing of sewing machines, in which they are thoroughly experienced, and will guarantee satisfaction. Parties having sewing machines out of repair will find it to their interest to take advantage of this opportunity. For further particulars apply to them at the Williams House. They will take pleasure in examining machines. Parties in other places where they have been, speak in high terms of their work.

JUST WHAT WE HAVE NEEDED FOR MANY DAYS.—A first-class Music House; and the McSmith Music House fills the bill to a dot. What is better, they sell at astonishing low figures and easy terms. One half cash and balance next "crop time." Don't forget it—they are exclusive agents for the "Mason & Hamlin" and Pelouet & Pelton organs. Just think—a five dollar top, 6 octave, 5 stops including sub-bass and octave coupler for \$55.00 stool and book included. Their Pianos are first-class—none better. Read their advertisement in our columns and remember this is "Happy Me's" Toast: "May your Homes be filled with Music and cares that infest the day, fold up their tents like the Arabs, and silently steal away." We know every true Carolinian will say "Amen."

The father of that monstrosity, the child-frog, speaks of making an exhibition tour with this Fall. It is stated by the father, a negro living some ten or twelve miles south of this place, that this prodigious *lusus naturæ* is an almost exact counterpart of the frog—with hands, feet, and in form of body, very nearly similar to that of this amphibious animal, and in habits almost the same. It exhibits a decided preference for the watery element; and at night when the croaking, guttural notes of the numberless "Neptunian obolus" are re-echoed and reverberated through the woodland marshes, this would-be aquatic peals forth its strange, unnatural song, which the father avers is almost the same in intonation and sound, as that produced by the pond frog, only on a coarser and louder scale, keeping it up until about the hour of midnight when he, she or it lulls him, her or itself into quietness and sleep. It has been on exhibition in this place for the past two days.

—It is an easy matter to "kick up a dust" in our town. Need a sprinkler.

THE REUNION.

A Glorious Day for Old Union—Four Hundred and Fifty "Good Old Rebels" in Ranks Again—And Gaily Stepping to the Top of the Drum—A Crowd of 2,500—Stirring, Eloquent Speeches by Fowle, Steele and Bennett—Old-time Scenes and Barbecue!

Thursday was a gala day in Monroe. On the night before, the town began to fill up with wagons and people, anxious to be present at an early hour on the following day. By "an hour by sun," on Thursday morning, the people were fairly pouring into the town; and long before the formation of the Companies on the Court-house square, the streets were filled with horses and vehicles, and the sidewalks crowded with people. At 10 o'clock, by the command of J. R. Winchester—the only surviving Adjutant of the soldiers from the county—the drum beat for roll-call and the formation of the Companies into a battalion. Parts of the following Companies were present: Co. B, of 15th Reg't, commanded by Lieutenant F. L. Rogers—the highest officer present; Co. B, 26th N. C. Reg't, in command of its first Captain, J. J. C. Steele; Co. F, 48th N. C. Reg't, in command of Capt. B. F. Richardson; Co. E, 48th N. C. Reg't, commanded by Capt. E. A. Jerome; Co. C and D, of 10th N. C. Artillery, commanded by Lieut. S. S. McCauley;—these Co.'s having been originally one when they left the county. Co. B, 43rd N. C. Reg't, under command of Serg't H. S. Presson; Co. F, 35th N. C. Reg't, under command of Serg't T. A. Davis in command; Co. D, 37th N. C. Reg't, Lieut. J. E. Griffin in command; Co. A, 39th N. C. Reg't, Serg't A. J. Price in command; Co. A, 48th N. C. Reg't, under command of Lieut. M. Stitt; Co. I, 48th N. C. Reg't, Capt. W. A. Austin in command; Co. F, 2nd Reg't, N. C. Reserves, Capt. B. H. Benton; Co. I, Senior Reserves, commanded by Capt. L. K. Rone. The battalion was then turned over by the Adjutant to Capt. L. A. Turner, he being the highest ranking officer present, excepting Capt. C. M. McCauley, who was unable to take the command because of an injured leg. Thus formed, with the Rockingham cornet band at its head, the battalion marched out to Tantrough Spring, a mile South of town,—the place of the barbecue and speaking.

It was a sight worth seeing, as those old battle-scarred veterans, at the word of command, "Forward March," moved off with steady step to the sound of martial music. As they filed by us, we fancied we could see their eyes glitter and sparkle with their old-time fire and spirit, as they remembered the grand times and glorious scenes of the past; and then, again, sadder, as they thought on their fallen comrades and dead hopes. They seemed to dwell on the past—its pleasures and its sad memories filled their souls, and in its solemn and enchanted realms they for this day lived. We noticed many still in the prime and vigor of life, the lines upon whose faces showed quiet, sober, industrious fighting in the more peaceful struggle of life—striving to make an honest living;—some we noticed, old and bowed with age and infirmities—while the thump of the wooden-leg fell often and painfully upon the ear, from the ranks; and the numerous empty sleeves told most eloquently how Union's true sons fought. No Union county man could look upon that scene without having his heart stirred to its depths with the strongest emotions, and without turning from it prouder than ever before of his native county and her people.

Arriving on the grounds, the battalion filed around and encircled the speakers' stand and the seats provided for the ladies. The crowd present was supposed by some to number 4,000, but the "most experienced hands" put it at 2,000 or 2,500. Hon. D. C. Fowle, of Raleigh, was the first speaker, and was appropriately introduced by Capt. C. M. McCauley. It is impossible for us to give our readers this very able and eloquent address, because the speaker had no manuscript of it, and we can only give a very short and imperfect outline of it, because of our short space. The speaker commenced by showing how great the principle, and how much it is to be admired;—the love of country;—that this has ever been peculiarly strong with the Anglo-Saxon race. That the people of the United States are the greatest people in the world,—because by the mixture of races—excepting the Southern, the Yankee soldier was the bravest ever brought on the field. Besides not being complimentary to our own brave dead, it is false to say they were cowardly—for cowards with even three or four times our number, could have never conquered the glorious heroes that followed Jackson and Lee. He took up the history of our State, and discussed it at length, showing that she was the last of the Southern States to secede, and the very last to surrender; that she seceded only when she was forced to take one side or the other—when she was forced to secede or take up arms against her own people, and that she surrendered only when to have continued longer was utter folly, and that more N. C. soldiers surrendered at Appomattox than all the soldiers from the other States combined, and her noble dead lie scattered on every battle field from the Susquehanna to the Rio Grande, and it cannot be treason to the government to cherish the memory of these men. That Carolina never disliked or objected to the Constitution, but to the way in which it was administered,—that the Constitution of the United States is the grandest conception that ever entered the head of man,—born of profound wisdom and truest patriotism,—the government founded upon it, was the grandest model that history shows, or Philosophy ever dreamed of. That it is properly administered, accord-

ing to the true spirit of the Constitution, we are destined to become unconquerably great;—that if we administer it according to the ideas and principles of Washington and Jefferson, we will far surpass any nation—ancient or modern—in greatness and power. We look to the soldier element, and influence of the soldiers of both sections, North and South, to do this.—The fighting men in time of war, are the easiest reconciled in time of peace, and must come together as one man, and exert their influence to restore harmony and good will, and to build up our common country, and bring about our wanted prosperity. That this meeting is a sign of the return of that good feeling, because every soldier, under whatever flag he fought, was cordially invited to join and participate in the meeting. There is a better feeling now existing between the sections than ever—evidence of it is found in case of yellow fever last year. That the prosperity and good of the whole country depended upon that fraternal feeling. The country needs quiet and rest from sectional strife and ill-feeling. The orator closed by an earnest appeal for "more true State pride"—showing that every other country and State—even the poorest had monuments and memorials of her heroes;—North Carolina had but one—erected by her noble women.—Let us cherish and try to perpetuate the memory of our heroes, as we are trying to do to-day.

We know we fail to do justice to the eloquent speaker in this very imperfect sketch, and those of our readers who were present, and heard him, may feel that we do him a positive wrong in this trying to give the bare outlines of the speech to the people, without the spirit, charm, grace, and eloquence of its delivery, which was as fine and as grand as we ever heard with one bare exception; but we do this for the benefit of our readers who were so unfortunate as not to be present to hear him, and who would wish to know the course of thought pursued by the speaker. The speech was a very eloquent, stirring appeal, full of pathos and feeling—prudent and conservative. It was listened to through the entire delivery, with the greatest pleasure and interest, by the vast audience, and by it, Judge Fowle made a deep impression on our people as a most brilliant and finished orator, and as a prudent, discreet adviser!

When the band had given us a little touch of "Dixie," just to stir us a little, as in the days of "Auld Lang Syne," Col. Walter L. Steele of Rockingham, in a neat speech by David A. Covington, was introduced, and delivered a most forcible and appropriate address, which we will present to our readers in full next week, not having space in this issue.

Capt. James R. Payne next with a graceful introduction presented that Prince Rupert, with the sword and the tongue, Col. R. T. Bennett, who, with his burning eloquence and thrilling utterance, moved his vast audience to tears or laughter, as he chose. His utterances were the overflowing of a full heart, and met responsive floods. To appreciate, in any full sense his speech, one must have been present and caught it as it came forth, fresh and glowing from his lips, throbbing, soldier-heart. Part of his speech we obtained, and present it below, but the best—some of the spontaneous outbursts of emotion and eloquence—we failed to catch at the moment, and they were lost on the occasion. His tribute to some of the brave dead of our county, by name, was peculiarly touching, and great tears welled up in the eyes of a hundred stern old veterans, and trickled down rough and wrinkled cheeks that perhaps had not been wet thus for many a year.

Ladies and Gentlemen, Fellow-Soldiers and Fellow-Troopers:

I am here as the representative of one of the ragged regiments that stacked arms on the disastrous day at Appomattox, when the most complete man of modern times, Robert Edmund Lee, as his eyes filled with tears and the iron entered his soul, said "human courage should be equal to human misfortune."

I am here to mingle with the survivors of those gallant men who followed the leadership of Stonewall Jackson—upon the crest of ridge, amid the splendid agony of battle, "God of our Fathers, who sent the Destroying Angel into the Assyrian hosts and put to flight the enemies of Israel, inspire us to-day with the love of Liberty and grant us by thy presence while we pay the tribute of gratitude to the glorious men who died amid the angry shouting of Captains."

There was a moral grandeur in the conduct of the true Confederate which Thermopylae nor the martyrdom of all the saints surpasses. There is an unpretending marble slab erected in one of the Northwest-ern States to the memory of a school-boy, who, at the early age of twelve, died under the lash rather than tell an untruth. There is Divinity in such an example. But that Confederate soldier who received one night while bivouacking on the frozen hill of Kappanock a letter from his wife, telling him that the night before she had been roused from sleep by the crying of his two little girls for bread—that there was then no food in the house, and asking him to get a furlough and come home—surpasses in the heroic elements, the experiences of all the ages. You remember, my countrymen, that poor soldier's efforts to get leave of absence. Failing in all this, he resolved to go at the risk of being shot. He went, bearing with him the burden of his open defiance of all military law. As he entered his home, his wife, observing the sadness of his face, and suspecting that all was not right, implored him to return at once if he was absent without leave. He

told her all; and as soon as he collected a little food to support the life of his dear wife and children, returned to his command. His arrest followed immediately; and his case was given to a court-martial. Charges of desertion were read to him, and he was asked to say whether he was guilty, or not guilty. He told, with true courage and Southern candor, how he came to violate his allegiance to the Confederacy. That when word came that his two little children were dying of hunger, he would have been less than man if he had failed to go;—that if all the artillery in Gen. Lee's army had been turned upon him, he would have made the attempt. He was convicted and sentenced to be shot. The papers were reviewed by Gen'l Lee, of blessed memory, who made the following endorsement: "Finding and sentence of the court-martial approved. Private—will return to his command." In June, 1864, at Cold Harbor, when Grant, with his triple lines, swept his tempestuous war up to and around the Confederate entrenchments;—when the roar of artillery rivalled the ordinance which Satan equipped from the foundry of Hell, Brigadier-General Battle, who was president of the court-martial which sentenced that poor private to die, saw a solitary soldier standing by his gun. "Twas he who bore the sins of others"—twas the man who had been condemned to the extreme penalty. Recognizing his former judge, that poor fellow—the last of a chosen cohort—called to him, and said:—"Here is the man who braved all for his wife and blessed children,—here goes the last shot for my country." There at his post, with no storied urn to carry his name down the long vista of coming years, inspired by the Great God in whose presence the clouds are astonished, and the birds stop still in their flight—trusting, yes believing, that He who tempers the wind to the shorn lamb on the bleak hill-side, would protect his children—that soldier, whose name is worth all the money ever spent in the missionary cause—that Angel of Courage, his duty done—DIED. Let him rest until the Great Roll Call shall wake us all—until the risen hosts that have shaken the world, shall touch elbows, and march in review before Jehovah.

I never pass a crippled soldier without raising my hat. I love to dwell upon the patient endurance of the common soldier, who marched under the Southern cross, and made possible the immortality of history, which, like a glorious aureole, shines around his head, and perpetuates the memory of his leaders, and his own valiant deeds.

It is a ravishing pleasure to me to revert to the days of victory. I hunger for the return of that fresh access of unspeakable tenderness that led the soul captive, when Jackson, looking the incarnation of war, swept into the wild glare of battle. I saw him at Chancellorsville, as he rose the fire-girt hill. Great God! I thought he was a proud man. Millions I would give to have that sight greet these eyes again. He taught us how to live—and oh, too high the price of knowledge, he taught us how to die.

"Liberty in its last analysis is the blood of the brave." In the great struggle from '61 to '65, fortune betrayed our courage, but we made the most Herculean efforts of the past two centuries. The genius of the Southron shone in every department. Jackson's foot cavalry made the first great marches. Stewart, who died at Yellow Tavern in the prime of manhood—before the slow touch of disgrace had soiled his name—Stewart, the illustrious Captain—the Prince Rupert of the West—made the first great ride. Admiral Buchanan put the first iron-clad afloat; and with supreme courage, attacked the entire Federal fleet of Hampton Roads, and made the waters of the grand old commonwealth as immortal as the hills of Augusta.

Verily, my countrymen and fellow-traitors, we inherit a goodly legacy from these deeds of daring. Benedek, the commander of the Austrian army, at Sadova, when he saw his choicest battalions go to pieces, and lose all order, before the Needle gun of Prussia, exclaimed:—"All is lost but my life; would to God I had lost that, too."

We can't say, with Addison's Cato, we are but little the worse for having been part of a civil war.

Shall I linger to tell how Southern energy has built up the waste places,—extended cities. Gathered from the broad fields and savannas, crops of cotton which exceed by hundreds of thousands the bales the utmost production of any day. And yet, there is something wanting. Our neighbor boys are dead,—our grown men are slaughtered,—our kinsmen were murdered. We have the fame of our chieftains which is felt in the dark, and succors those who never saw them.

But like Rachel of old, in the mourning land of the East, we will not be comforted, because our dear dead Hope is lost.

Suicide.—Information was brought to this place last Thursday morning, that Miss Mary Ann Webb, who was living with the family of her brother, Mr. E. Webb, near Beaver Dam, had committed suicide in the woods near home by hanging. We gather the following from Mr. H. W. Simpson, a neighbor who assisted in the search for her: On rising from the breakfast table Wednesday morning, the deceased declared her intention of visiting another brother family, who lived perhaps 2 miles away. She was seen to cross the fence a few moments afterward, going in the direction of her brother, and the natural conclusion was, that she had gone there. Late in the afternoon it became known that she was not at her brother, and had not been there during the day and that a rope was missing from the yard. The family becoming uneasy, at once, with the help of neighbors, instituted search for her in the woods, which was kept up through the night and until about 9 o'clock next morning, when her body was found and suspended to a limb of a tree which stood in 300 yards of the house. The limb was only 4½ feet from the ground, hence the body did not swing clear,—the heels resting on the ground. She had used a very small rope that had been used about the yard to tie the calf. No definite cause can be assigned for the rash act. At times her mind was somewhat deranged and it is supposed that one of these spells was upon her at the time, though the family had noticed nothing wrong with her for the previous few days. The verdict of the Coroner's jury was in accordance with the above facts: that she had been taken her own life by hanging.

A Black Tartar on the Rampage.

George Buchanan was, until recently, domesticated at the Stewart House, and occupied a position in the apartments set apart for preparing lath—in other words, belonged to that class of professionals known as calumny artists. Or, he plainer still, was employed by our clever friend and host, Brown, as a cook, in which capacity he was thrown constantly in the society of an acknowledged Vice in the form of a *femme de chambre* of inky blackness; but as the sequel to this will show, their constant association was not marked with any decidedly interesting or even demonstrative results until the "outing" of their companionship, on Sunday morning last.—and the denouement, contrary to the usual course of such things, was not a pleasant one to these susceptible souls, as might reasonably be expected, but, on the other hand, decidedly repugnant and offensive, at least, to the refined feelings of the unexpected and ill-used nymph, whom the irascible George had formed an idea, was the source of his discharge from Mr. Brown's employ; and accordingly resolved upon venting his spleen upon the public at large by getting drunk and cursing promiscuously at everybody and everything that came in his path; and, unfortunately for Miss Buchanan, she appeared upon the streets in her best Sunday clothes just as the Modoc, George, was chasing a frightened individual up a flight of steps, who succeeded in reaching a place of safety and locking himself in at the inopportune moment when the wild African was making empty grasps at his coat tails. Returning to the sidewalk, he spied approaching the real object of his wrath and waited silently for her approach. She sauntered leisurely along with an evident satisfaction at the display she was making of her second-hand toggery—and then, that graceful mien—her open, pleasing countenance—everything betokened a peaceful, harmonious soul, and an evident inward satisfaction of herself and good will for all human kind—in fact, "no thoughts save thoughts of happiness" marched through her mind serene—"according to all outward appearances. She did not dream that a cyclone was hovering about her, ready to destroy the effects of her morning's toilet and placid smile, and "trail her in the dust," until she was given "the grand bounce" by the ferocious and intrepid George who, with the initiatory blow sent her careening across the walk, but contrived to get in another cuff before she fell, and straightened her up again—leaving this up until he belabored her into an almost senseless condition. Her numerous yells drew out a large number of witnesses, and among the number a colored individual, Ohas, Featherman, who, upon remonstrating with the pugilistic George, the woman was released and her champion given a "round." He commenced the battle with Charles unarmed and with fist and claws, but finding him an equal match, he whipped out a huge knife and would probably have given some serious wounds had not some of the bystanders interfered, one of them closing the knife upon his little finger which was cut nearly to the bone, and caused him to release the weapon instantly. At about this period policeman Myers appeared upon the scene, and the undaunted George bidding defiance to the authority in him vested, received a reminder in the form of a "hefty tap" over the head which brought him to a realization of the fact that the odds were against him—and after finishing his string of cuss words and threats against several respectable citizens present—he simmered down, and is now in duress vile where he will probably remain until the convening of our Superior Court.

Monroe Produce Market.
(Reported Weekly by A. H. Crockett & Son, dealers in General Merchandise and Country Produce.)
Sept. 20, 1879.—Flour from wagons markets at \$3.25a\$2.90 Corn firm at 85; Meal at 90a95 cents; Western Bacon from stores, at 6a7 cts; Country Bacon from wagons, at 6½ cts; Lard from stores at 10 cts; Fresh Beef from wagons 3a4 cts, by the quarter; Butter, in demand at 15 cts; Spring Geese in demand at 20a25 cts; Spring Chickens, in demand at 8a10 cts; Beeswax, at 18 cts; Yallow 61 cts; Feathers, live Geese prime, at 35 cts; Dry Hides, 9c; Green Hides 41 cts; Wool, wet-washed, 23a30 cts; Wool, unwashed, 20 cts; Eggs, 10 cts. Oct 35a37 cts. Wheat at 90a91.00.

OBITUARY.

Died of whooping cough in this place on the 13th inst., Core Benton, infant daughter of Capt. R. A. and Mrs. Elizabeth Carter. On Monday morning with sad hearts these mourning parents followed the body of their sweet little babe to the churchyard, where they left it to await the summons of Him who shall come to bid her immortal spirit come to put it on afresh. From the newly raised mound, beneath the rest of the form of her who had just begun to return the courses of fond affection—the bereaved parents hastened back to watch by the bed side of Oler Estelle a sweet little girl of four summers who was slowly but surely going down the banks of the dark river with the same disease. After three days of great suffering she too went to join her little sister in the land of the angels;—there they together pass through the sweet groves of bliss, and wait and watch for the coming of their now bereaved and disconsolate parents. Side by side we laid them in the church-yard and left them to that rest which neither the air of business nor the voice of mirth can disturb. May be who "Temper the wind to the shorn lamb" speak to the hearts of these sorrowing parents as he speaks to his troubled disciples saying, "Let not your hearts be troubled ye believe in God believe also in me." So that as they behold with disappointed hope the little vacant seats about the fire and listen in vain for the little ringing voices—they may be able to look up through their flowing tears to that bright clime where their withered flowers shall bloom with immortal vigor.

J. H. GUINN.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

O. & P. T. B. D. O.

M. H. Q. F. T. S.

P. O. T. C.

P. L. & I. C. F.

M. S. M. H.

GOOD FOR EVERYBODY, WOMAN MAN

OR BIRDS.

THREE TIMES A DAY

SURE CURE FOR A MAN THAT PARTS

HIS HAIR IN THE MIDDLE.

sept 17

—Cotton sales for the past week:

371 bales; largest day's sales was on Friday, 188 bales being sold that day. Prices range from 10½ to 11c, closing yesterday at 10½.

Local Chips.

—Monroe High School has now enrolled 105 students.

—We notice several wagon loads of Stanly county flour in market this week.

—The first number of "The Young American," a neatly printed little sheet for the young people, Edited and published by Frank M. Gale, at Polkton N. C., is before us. We wish it success.

—That excellent article on our first page this week headed, "Why the times are Hard," should have been credited to the Raleigh Observer. It gives a very good explanation as to why "times are hard."

—We were pleased to meet Mr. Cowan, the gentlemanly reporter for the Raleigh Observer, in town on last Thursday. That paper will contain a report of our Reunion.

—Next Sunday is equinox, when the day and night will be of the same number of hours in length. After that the days will begin to grow perceptibly shorter until 21st Dec.

—The State Fair opens at Raleigh Oct. 13th, and continues until the 18th. We presume reduced rates of fare will be announced by the Rail Roads in due time.

—Engineer Baskerville's Local Freight train consisted of 42 heavily loaded freight cars when it reached Wilmington on last Wednesday. Pretty long train that.

—We call attention to the advertisement of Miss Maggie S. Love and sister, dress makers, to be found in this issue. They come well recommended as to the quality of their work and neatness of style and are in every way worthy of the patronage of our citizens.

—We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement in this issue beginning O. & P. T. B. D. O. We shall have more to say of this next week. Don't forget it. No family can be happy without it. "This peace to the soul and rest to the weary."

—The new two-cent postal card has made its appearance. It has two stamps—one at each end—and space for two messages. The sender occupies one of these, and the return corresponds to the other. One stamp is cancelled at the office from which it is sent, and the other from which it is returned. The cards will soon be in general circulation.

—We regret to learn that Mr. M. J. Myers recently a salesman in the employ of Messrs. Lichtenstein & Levy has severed his connection with that house, and will remove from Monroe. Mr. Myers is a very popular young man of good qualities, and his many friends here will join us in our regrets at his departure.

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OR BIRDS.

THREE TIMES A DAY

SURE CURE FOR A MAN THAT PARTS

HIS HAIR IN THE MIDDLE.

sept 17

—Cotton sales for the past week:

371 bales; largest day's sales was on Friday, 188 bales being sold that day. Prices range from 10½ to 11c, closing yesterday at 10½.

DRESS MAKING!!

MISS MAGGIE S. LOVE AND SISTER, GIVE NOTICE that they have located in Monroe, for the purpose of presenting their professional dress making in the latest style and best finish. A. T. Latta, where they will be ready to receive the patronage of the ladies of the town and vicinity the 1st of October. Orders received at once. Sept. 20 1879.

TUTT'S PILLS!

INTRODUCED, 1865.

A TORPID LIVER

is the fruitful source of many diseases, prominent among which are:
DYSPEPSIA, SICK-HEADACHE, COSTIVENESS, DYSENTERY, BILIOUS FEVER, AGUE AND FEVER, JAUNDICE, PILES, RHEUMATISM, KIDNEY COMPLAINT, COLIC, &c.

SYMPTOMS OF A

TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite and Nausea, the bowels are constipated, but sometimes alternate with looseness. Pain in the Head, accompanied with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain in the right side and under the shoulder blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, General weakness, Dizziness, Flushing at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache generally over the right eye, Restlessness at night with fitful dreams, highly colored Urine. IF THESE SYMPTOMS ARE UNREMOVED, SERIOUS DISEASE WILL SOON BE DEVELOPED.

TUTT'S PILLS

are especially adapted to such cases, a single dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

TUTT'S PILLS

are compounded from substances that are free from any properties that can induce the most delicate organization. They cleanse, cleanse, Purify, and invigorate the entire system. By relieving the congested Liver, they cleanse the blood from poisonous humors, and thus impart health and vitality to the body, causing the bowels to act naturally, without which no one can feel well.

A Noted Divine says:

Dr. TUTT—Dear Sir: For ten years I have been a sufferer from Dyspepsia, Constipation, and a Torpid Liver. Your Pills have been recommended to me; I have taken them with little effect. But I have now had good appetite, digestion perfect, and no more gas. I have gained weight and feel much better. They are worth their weight in gold. Wm. H. Loomis, N.Y.

TUTT'S PILLS.

Their first effect is to increase the Appetite, and cause the body to take on flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced.

DR. J. F. HAYWOOD,

OF NEW YORK, SAYS:—

Lime in Agriculture.

The *Farmer's Scientific Manual*, prepared under the direction of Hon. Thos. P. James, Commissioner of Agriculture for the State of Georgia, mentions lime as a most important chemical agent in preparing the soil to a suitable condition for agricultural purposes. Its chemical action on the soil, says this most reliable work, is varied and important. Its first and most important effect is in neutralizing acids in the soil, by forming chemical combinations with them, and in this way is said to sweeten the soil.

The effect is particularly noticeable when it is applied to soil containing injurious acids, resulting from the decomposition of vegetable matter in the presence of an excess of water. With some of these acids it unites, forming insoluble compounds, but with most of them soluble compounds are formed, from which plants derive important nutritive constituents.

A deficiency of lime is indicated by the presence of certain acid plants, such as the sorrel, for instance, which contain oxalic acid, which is poisonous to the most of our cultivated plants. Lime combines with this acid, forming oxalate of lime, a compound which is insoluble in water, but exists in a dissolved condition in growing plants. In cases where sorrel (*Rumex*) is seen growing, we may safely come to the conclusion that the soil lacks lime in sufficient quantities to neutralize their poisonous acids.

Lime decomposes mineral compounds, preventing the injurious effect of some while it liberates others, and places them at the disposal of the plants. The decomposition of organic matter also is hastened by the presence of lime in the soil, and compounds important to vegetation are formed with the result of such decomposition. Vegetable acids thus formed are neutralized by the lime, and nitrogen contained in the organic matter is rapidly liberated and converted into ammonia nitrate of lime, or nitric acid—forms from which plants appropriate this necessary element.

Since lime is dissolved by water charged with carbonic acid, the presence of decomposing vegetable matter, one of the results of which is the evolution of this gas, facilitates the decomposition of the lime, renders it soluble, and hence increases its distribution through the soil. Caustic lime, that is, lime unslacked, is freely soluble in water, and is not readily distributed through the soil, but rapidly carried down beyond the reach of vegetation. But caustic lime is soon converted into carbonate in the soil, and then its chemical effects differ but little from that of chalk or marl, but, being more finely divided, is more active and available.

Lime acts mechanically upon stiff soils by loosening them, rendering more friable, and hence facilitates the penetration of the roots of plants. It also stiffens light soils by pulverizing the coarse particles, and thus rendering them more compact.

Suggestion for Farmers.

Fertilizer for Wheat.—Every year's experience proves the value of superphosphate of lime as a special fertilizer for wheat. An experienced wheat grower informs us that he used 500 pounds to the acre, and that the crop this year has paid handsomely for the outlay. Where a smaller quantity was used the yield was unsatisfactory.

A frequent mistake is made in supposing that if a certain quantity of fertilizer will have a certain effect, this effect will be doubled by doubling the quantity of the fertilizer. This has led to much waste and loss. The greatest possible effect is produced with a certain quantity, varying according to circumstances; and each one must discover for himself what this quantity is. In the case above quoted, 500 pounds per acre is the most useful quantity. Others have found it best to use 600 pounds, and others again use only 300 pounds. As a rule, the largest application may be most safely made on soils well filled with barnyard manure, or vegetable matter.

The use of Lime.—An application of lime will be found useful upon any kind of soil, at least once in five or six years. It is generally used at this season, with Fall grain crops. But where lime is employed, it will be less to apply superphosphate, as this combines with the lime, and becomes simple phosphate of lime, which is insoluble. Many farmers who have applied superphosphate without effect, may find the explanation in the fact that their soils were filled with lime, which rendered it inert.

Smut and Rust.—These troublesome diseases of wheat and rye may be prevented by pickling the seed. The pickle may be made of strong brine, or of a solution of 4 ounces sulphate of copper, in one gallon of water. Sprinkle the seed grain, stir thoroughly to wet every kernel, and spread to dry. Either of these will destroy the spores, which are the seeds of the parasitic fungi, known by the above names.

Smut in Corn.—Smut is poisonous, or at least very injurious, and care should be taken to prevent it from being eaten with fodder. It is becoming very common in corn. It might be well to pass through the corn-fields with a sharp knife and basket and cut off all the bunches of smut and smutty ears, and carry them out where they may be burned. As 1 square inch of surface may contain 4,000,000 spores of smut and every spore is capable of producing a smutty plant, it is important to carefully destroy every ball of smut.

THE GENUINE DR. C. McLANE'S WORM SPECIFIC OR VERMIFUGE.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull; the pupils dilate; an acute semicircular run along the lower eyelid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; slimy or furred tongue; breath very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a gnawing sensation of the stomach, at others, entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy; not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hiccup; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c.

Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist, DR. C. McLANE'S VERMIFUGE will certainly effect a cure.

IT DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY in any form; it is an innocent preparation, not capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant.

The genuine DR. C. McLANE'S VERMIFUGE bears the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrapper.

DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS

are not recommended as a remedy "for all the ills that flesh is heir to," but in affections of the liver, and in all Bilious Complaints, Dyspepsia and Sick Headache, or diseases of that character, they stand without a rival.

AGUE AND FEVER.

No better cathartic can be used preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. As a simple purgative they are unequalled.

Beware of Imitations. The genuine are never sugar coated. Each box has a red wax seal on the lid with the impression DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS. Each wrapper bears the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS.

Insist upon having the genuine DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name McLane, spelled differently but same pronunciation.

CHARLOTTE INSTITUTE.

THE next session begins September 10th, 1879, and ends June 8th 1880. No Institute has ever made more rapid progress in securing the confidence and esteem of its patrons than this one during the past session. Before the end of the school year the number of its pupils, attracted by the well-earned reputation of the school, increased to 118, exclusive of the adult ladies who availed themselves of the superior advantages here given in the departments of Music, Art, and Modern Languages. In no respect is this Institute inferior to any other first-class boarding-school in the Southern or Middle States. Such testimonials as will satisfy any one as to the high standard and thoroughness of the instruction here are published in the catalogue. These testimonials are peculiarly trustworthy, inasmuch as they are given by gentlemen engaged in teaching in well known schools and colleges of the highest grade and who are therefore qualified to express an opinion in regard to educational institutions.

The total expense for the half session or term will be \$125. This includes board, with washing, fuel, lights, furnished room, and servants' attendance, tuition in all the English branches, Latin, with either French or German, Calculations, text-books and stationery for school purposes. Pupils are not permitted to incur additional expense without permission of their parents. Parents are thus assured that their bills will not be greater than they expected.

Special arrangements and special terms for young ladies who wish to take only Music, Painting and Drawing, and Modern Languages, severally or collectively.

For further information address the Principal, Rev. WM. R. ATKINSON, Charlotte, N. C.

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Charlotte, N. C. J. NO. WILKES, Prop'r.

STEAM ENGINES; PORTABLE & STATIONARY BOILERS.

Hall's Self-Feeding COTTON GINS. Centennial Power COTTON PRESSES.

SAW MILLS, Screw and Ratchet HEAD BLOCKS, Wheat and Corn

MILLS, Turbine WATER WHEELS, SAWS OF ALL SIZES, WITH SAW MANDRILLS.

Gearing and Castings of all Kinds. CANE MILLS.

OLEG'S PAT' EVAPORATORS.

PRESCRIPTION FREE! For the speedy cure of Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, and all other painful affections, Dr. W. A. GALE'S "GOUT EXPELLER" is the only remedy that will cure them. Price 25 cents. Sent by mail on receipt of 25 cents. Dr. W. A. GALE, 120 W. 4th St., New York, N. Y.

OLD AND RELIABLE. THE MONROE HIGH SCHOOL.

MALE AND FEMALE. W. J. SCROGGS, A. M., PRINCIPAL. MISS LELIA WALKER, Female. MISS H. W. HOUSTON, Dep't. MISS IRENA PEARSON, Instructor in Music.

SEVENTH SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL will open on the 11th of August, and continue twenty weeks.

The successful discipline and high grade of scholarship which have heretofore characterized the school, will be fully maintained. The instructors are active and earnest in their calling, and are teachers of experience. The advantages offered are such as are rarely attainable in any other institution of like grade, and the Trustees heartily commend the school to the public. Monroe presents few temptations to vice or immorality. The sale of spirituous liquors within the township is prohibited by law. The health of the community is scarcely equaled, and Railroad, Mail, Sabbath School, and Church advantages are all that the most thoughtful parent could desire. Tuition has been greatly reduced, and the school is much cheaper than any other affording equal facilities. Terms in English branches \$1.00 to \$3.00 per month. Latin extra. Students charged from time of entrance. Deduction made only on account of protracted sickness. Music will be taught as usual. Music lessons given on both sides of the Board for \$3.00 per month. Some students rent rooms and board themselves at less cost. For circulars or other information, address the Principal or either of the undersigned.

E. A. ARMFIELD, T. D. WINCHESTER, B. F. HOUSTON, A. A. LANEY, A. F. STEVENS, J. H. CROWELL, J. D. STEWART, TRUSTEES.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR. T. W. SANFORD, M.D., 122 BROADWAY, N. Y. DR. SANFORD WILL SEND YOU HIS CIRCULAR.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR The Liver is the seat of malarial diseases. The Liver Invigorator purifies the system from malarial influences. It purifies the Blood, regulates the Bowels, assists Digestion, and strengthens the System.

TALBOTT & SONS, RICHMOND, VA. Manufacturers of Portable and Stationary Engines, and Boilers, Saw Mills, Corn and Wheat Mills, Sifting Machines and Millers, Turbine Water Wheels, Tobacco Factory Machinery, Wrought Iron Work, Brass and Iron Castings, Machinery of Every Description.

Shockoe Machine Works, RICHMOND, VA. Manufacturers of Portable and Stationary Engines, and Boilers, Saw Mills, Corn and Wheat Mills, Sifting Machines and Millers, Turbine Water Wheels, Tobacco Factory Machinery, Wrought Iron Work, Brass and Iron Castings, Machinery of Every Description.

Ginning and Threshing Machines A SPECIALTY. REPAIRING PROMPTLY AND CAREFULLY DONE.

TALBOTT'S Patent Spark Arrester. THE INVENTION OF THE AGE.

ITS PROMINENT FEATURES ARE:—It does not destroy the draft. It does not interfere with cleaning the tubes. It will not choke up, and requires no cleaning.

It requires no direct dampers to be opened when raising steam, dampers being objectionable, as they may be left open, and allow sparks to escape.

It requires no water to extinguish the sparks which, by condensation, destroy the draft. Besides, when water is used, if neglected, the efficiency is destroyed by evaporation of the water, and the boiler is kept in a filthy condition.

It is simple and durable, and can be relied upon. It can be attached to any boiler. No planter should be without one of them. Insurance will be paid for one, and one barbed wire where the Talbott Engines and Spark Arresters are used at same rate as charged for water or horse power.

Send for illustrated circulars and price list.

BRANCH HOUSE, CHARLOTTE, NO. CA. 6,47,6m W. C. MORGAN, Transmtr.

Now Arriving! A NICE ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' SUITS, from \$2 to \$8. Children's Suits from \$1.25 to \$1.

DRESS LINENS, GRASS CLOTHS, IRISH LINENS, PIQUES, CROSS-BARRED, STRIPED AND PLAIN MUSLINS and nainsook, Swiss and Jaconet.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF **SPRING PRINTS** EMBROIDERIES, Ladies' COLLARS and CUFFS. Dr. Warner's

HEALTH CORSETS LINEN and SILK FLOSS, KNITTING COTTONS. A large assortment of EDGINGS, INSERTINGS—all the new patterns.

SILK & LACE SCARFS and FANCY TIES. ALEXANDER BLACK and COLORED KID GLOVES. ALPACA BRAIDS, COAT BINDING—best qualities.

Cotton & Linen Diaper. RUBBER BIBS, And EUREKA DIAPERS, CORSET LACES and STAYS.

ALL SHDES OF TARLETON. PARASOLS and UMBRELLAS from 25 cts. to \$5.00. Large lot of

Ladies' Misses' and Children's SHOES. A nice assortment of FINE SHOES. A nice assortment of FINE SHOES. A nice assortment of FINE SHOES.

Mr. W. W. WALSH has charge of the Dry Goods department and will be pleased to wait upon his friends and the public generally.

STEVENS BRO. & ENGLISH

THE MONROE HIGH SCHOOL. Yellow Fever-Black Vomit.

It is too soon to forget the ravages of this terrible disease, which will no doubt return in a more malignant and virulent form in the fall months of 1879.

MERRELL'S HEPATINE, a Remedy discovered in Southern Arabia and used with such wonderful results in South America where the most aggravated cases of fever are found, causes from one to two ounces of bile to be filtered or strained from the blood each time it passes through the Liver, as long as an excess of bile exists. By its wonderful action on the Liver and Stomach the HEPATINE, not only prevents, but to a certainty cures Yellow and Black Vomit; but also cures Headache, Constipation of the Bowels, Dyspepsia and Malarial diseases.

No one need fear a Yellow Fever who will expect the Malarial Poison, and consequent bile from the blood by using MERRELL'S HEPATINE, which is sold by all Druggists in 25 cent and \$1.00 bottles, or will be sent by express by the Proprietors.

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DR. PEMBERTON'S STILLINGIA—OR—**QUEENS DELIGHT.**

The reports of wonderful cures of Rheumatism, Sciatica, Salt Rheum, Cancers, Ulcers and Sores, that come from parts of the country, are not only remarkable but so miraculous as to be doubted as it is not for the abundance of proof.

REMARKABLE CURE OF SCROFULA, &c. CASE OF COL. J. C. BRANSON.

Knows & Co., Sept. 16, 1879. GENTS:—For a number of years I have been a great sufferer from Scrofula in its most distressing forms. I have been confined to my room and bed for fifteen years with excruciating pains. The most approved remedies for such cases had been used, but no success. In March, following, I procured a bottle of Dr. Pemberton's Stillingsia, and used it according to the directions. I abandoned all other remedies, and continued the use of your Extract of Stillingsia, until I was cured of all my ailments. I am now well, and able to perform my usual duties. I attribute my recovery, with the blessing of God, to the use of your valuable medicine.

With gratitude, I am, yours truly, J. C. BRANSON, Atty. at Law.

A MIRACLE. West Point, Ga., Sept. 16, 1879. GENTS:—The above certificate of Mr. W. B. Branson, who was cured of his Scrofula, is a most remarkable and wonderful cure. I have known him for many years, and he is now well, and able to perform his usual duties. I attribute my recovery, with the blessing of God, to the use of your valuable medicine.

With gratitude, I am, yours truly, J. C. BRANSON, Atty. at Law.

DR. PEMBERTON'S STILLINGIA is prepared by A. F. MERRELL & CO., Phila., Pa.

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Sent for Book—"Curious Story"—free to all. Medicines sent to poor people payable in installments.

H. C. ASHCRAFT, DEALER IN DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS, AND FANCY GOODS.

WESTS No. 1 Kerosene is the Best Oil Sold. 50 Gallons Best Tanners' Oil, 50 Gallons Best Machine Oil, A BIG LOT OF LINED OIL, VARNISHES & DRYERS

White Lead and a big lot of Colored Paints, BLACKWELL'S GENUINE

DURHAM TOBACCO, Maltine with Cod Liver Oil and Iodine of Iron, Maltine with Hypophosphites, SCOTT'S EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES.

CHURCH'S BI-CARB SODA, SOAPS, PERFUMERY, BRUSHES AND FANCY GOODS. ONE GROSS SHIRTS, INDIAN VERMIFUGE.

Price's Lemon Sugar; Also, BEST CIGARS IN TOWN, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, BUIST'S NEW CROP TURNIP SEED, And everything usually kept in a first-class Drug Store. All cheap as the cheapest for Cash.

Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded. July 12, 1879.

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The Largest, most modern and best furnished first-class Hotel in the city. \$4, \$5, and \$5.50 per day, according to location, and size of rooms. Special arrangements for board by the month from \$40 upward according to accommodation required.

Lines of city and country cars pass the doors. T. W. COLEMAN, Manager. July 5, 1879.

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W. R. RIDDLE, Prop'r. Lancaster, S. C., Dec. 7th.

OUR NEW GOODS—FOR THE—**SPRING TRADE**

ARE NOW BEING RECEIVED, AND WE invite the attention of CASH BUYERS who wish Good at

LOW PRICES. To examine our Stock before buying elsewhere. We buy from FIRST HANDS only and are thereby enabled to sell at very low prices. We continue to keep a full stock of GENERAL MERCHANDISE, and can therefore fill the wants of almost any customer. Our

Lady Customers Will always find a very select stock of DRESS GOODS, FANCY TRIMMINGS, HATS and LADIES WEAR GENERALLY.

At our store. Our farming friends can always find goods suited to their wants. We can always make it to the interest of CASH BUYERS to call and see our stock. Address: mel221f T. D. WINCHESTER & CO.

Raleigh & Augusta Air Line. SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE. Raleigh, N. C., Mar. 11, 1878. On and after Monday, May 20, 1878, trains on this road will run as follows (Sundays excepted):

PASSENGER TRAIN. Leave Raleigh at 7:00 a.m. Arrive at Raleigh at 2:15 a.m. Leave Raleigh at 2:15 a.m. Arrive at Raleigh at 9:45 a.m.

This train makes close connections at Raleigh with the Carolina Central Railroad, and with the Virginia, Chesapeake and Annapolis, and all points in Western North Carolina, and all points South and Southwest.

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I WOULD REMIND THE PEOPLE OF Union and surrounding counties that I am fully prepared to treat

ANY DISEASE—OF—**HORSES, MULES OR CATTLE,** or to perform any SURGICAL OPERATION required.

Having devoted a great deal of time in the study of these diseases, I

FEEL NO HESITANCY—IN—**TAKING ANY CASE!**

I make, and keep for sale, at my house and in the Drug Stores in Monroe, and the country stores, THREE DIFFERENT KINDS OF LINIMENT,

which I recommend to be excellent for the cure of such diseases as are prepared for. First, is a LINIMENT EXCLUSIVELY FOR STOCK; and it will

Certainly Cure Spavin, Ringbone, Splint, Fistula, Hardened Tumors, ENLARGEMENT OF THE GLANDS OF THE NECK, STIFF JOINTS, WOUNDS, BRUISES, SORES, RHEUMATISM, AND SWEENEY.

Second, is a LINIMENT EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE EYE OF STOCK, being a great remedy for all eye troubles. Third, is a LINIMENT that is good for Man or Beast, for the cure of Wounds, Sores, Cuts, Sprains, and Rheumatism. It is also an excellent remedy for Burns, Scalds, and Sore Throat.

I can produce satisfactory proof to the efficacy of any of these Remedies. Try them, and you will buy again.

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Latest and Neatest Styles. LADIES' and CHILDREN'S HATS, BONNETS, RIBBONS and FLOWERS, &c., &c., all of which will be sold at

Lowest Prices for CASH!! Be sure to call and see Stock before buying elsewhere. mel20f

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Who has had greater experience in the treatment of the various diseases of the female system than any physician in the West, gives the results of his practice in a new and complete book, published by Dr. Butts, and entitled "The Physiology of Marriage." It is a book of 100 pages, and contains valuable information for both married and single persons, and is a book of 100 pages, and contains valuable information for both married and single persons, and is a book of 100 pages, and contains valuable information for both married and single persons.

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